





Important notice

This device, like any wireless device, operates using radio signals which cannot guarantee the transmission and reception of data in all conditions. While the delay or loss of signal is rare, you should not rely solely on any wireless device for emergency communications or otherwise use the device in situations where the interruption of data connectivity could lead to death, personal injury, property damage, data loss, or other loss. NetComm Wireless and Vodafone accept no responsibility for any loss or damage resulting from errors or delays in transmission or reception, or the failure of the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite to transmit or receive such data.

Safety and hazards



Warning - Do not connect or disconnect cables or devices to or from the USB port, SIM card tray, Ethernet port or the terminals of the Molex power connector in hazardous locations such as those in which flammable gases or vapours may be present, but normally are confined within closed systems; are prevented from accumulating by adequate ventilation; or the location is adjacent to a location from which ignitable concentrations might occasionally be communicated.

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Save our environment

When this equipment has reached the end of its useful life, it must be taken to a recycling centre and processed separately from domestic waste.

The cardboard box, the plastic contained in the packaging, and the parts that make up this device can be recycled in accordance with regionally established regulations. Never dispose of this electronic equipment along with domestic waste. You may be subject to penalties or sanctions under the law. Instead, ask for disposal instructions from your municipal government.

Please be responsible and protect our environment.

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Document history

This guide covers the following products:

Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite

| Ver. | Document Description | Date | | |
|------|--|-----------------|--|--|
| v1.0 | First document release | 25 October 2018 | | |
| v1.1 | Updated <i>Installing the router</i> section with new images | 2 November 2018 | | |
| v1.2 | Added Appendix F: Serial Port Wiring details and cross-referenced the Data Stream Manager section to it. | 15 April 2019 | | |
| v1.3 | Updated Data stream manager descriptions | 4 June 2019 | | |
| v1.4 | Added notice regarding availability of VPN features on units sold in Russia. | 15 July 2019 | | |
| v1.5 | Deleted reference to factory password in QSG 6 | | | |
| v1.6 | Added PADD mode description | | | |
| v1.7 | Added new features: Data connection settings supports IPv4v6 PDP Type IPS Firewall Serial data status Site and location settings | 18 January 2021 | | |
| v1.8 | Updated band options under Operator settings to include the NTC-227 | | | |
| v1.9 | Modernized some terminology | | | |
| v2.0 | Updated Open Source Disclaimer statement | 2 December 2021 | | |

Table i. - Document Revision History



Note – Before performing the instructions in this guide, please ensure that you have the latest firmware version installed on your router. Visit http://vodafone.netcommwireless.com to download the latest firmware.



Note – Some functions described in this document require that the router is assigned with a publicly routable IP address.

Please ensure that your mobile carrier has provided you with a publicly routable IP address before performing the instructions in this document.

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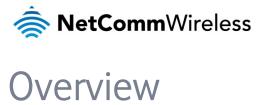


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Introduction

This document provides you all the information you need to set up, configure and use the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router.

Target audience

This document is intended for system integrators or experienced hardware installers who understand telecommunications terminology and concepts.

Prerequisites

Before continuing with the installation of your Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite, please confirm that you have an electronic computing device with a working Ethernet network adapter and a web browser such as Mozilla Firefox® or Google Chrome™.

Notation

The following symbols are used in this document:



Note – The following note provides useful information.



Important – The following note requires attention.



Warning – The following note provides a warning.

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Product introduction

Product overview

- Ruggedized industrial cellular router supporting 4G LTE Cat 1 with failover to 3G/2G.
- An Ethernet port, a configurable RS232/RS422/RS485 Serial port and three multi-purpose I/O ports for flexible local connectivity.
- Integrated GPS support with an active GPS Antenna via an external SMA connector.
- Industrial features, including a rugged enclosure, a wide operating temperature range, a wide input voltage range and multiple wall mounting options.
- Intelligent, Tri-Colour LED display for clear, easy to read modem status information
- Ignition sensing port for graceful shutdown and startup in vehicle applications.
- Configurable power save mode with minimum current draw when not operational.
- VPN support for establishing a secure connection over public cellular network using OpenVPN.
- Embedded Linux based OS with a 1GHz processor and 512MB of flash memory storage allowing for the installation of custom, edge processing applications. Software Development Kit (SDK) is available.
- Web interface for easy centralized configuration and management from any PC and full feature management via secure SMS
- Support for firmware upgrades over the air
- Extensive device fleet management capabilities with support for TR-069, SNMP, LWM2M
- Integration with Vodafone GDSP back end
- Roaming algorithm with prioritisation for cost effective, flawless network connection across the globe

Product features

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite is a feature-packed Industrial IoT device designed to provide real-time wireless connectivity even in harsh environments at an affordable price. Compatible with Vodafone networks worldwide, MachineLink 4G Lite is managed by Vodafone's global IoT platform enabling remote management and out-of-the-box connectivity wherever you are. The Software Development Kit (SDK) allows you to develop your own software applications for large scale compatibility and an easy path to large deployments across a broad range of industries. The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite meets the global demand for a reliable and cost-effective Industrial IoT device that successfully caters to mass deployment across businesses.

Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite

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Package contents

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router package consists of:

- 1 x Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite Router
- 2 x Cellular antennas
- 1 x 1.5m Yellow Ethernet cable
- 1 x DIN rail mounting bracket
- 1 x Quick start guide

If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your Vodafone sales representative or the support team.





Physical dimensions and indicators

Physical dimensions

Below is a list of the physical dimensions of the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router.



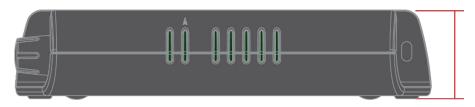


Figure 1 – Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router dimensions

| Dimensions 1 | | |
|--------------|-----------|--|
| Length | 140 mm | |
| Depth | 103 mm | |
| Height | 30 mm | |
| Weight | 210 grams | |

Table 1 - Device Dimensions

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¹ Measurements are approximate and do not include external antennas, antenna socket caps, the terminal block connector or the DIN rail mounting bracket.





LED indicators

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router uses eight LEDs to display the current system and connection status.

| LED icon | Name | Colour | State | Description |
|----------|-----------------|--------|---------------|--|
| | | | Off | Power off |
| | | 黨 | Double flash | Powering up |
| (h) | Power | | On | Power on |
| | | | On | Power on in recovery mode |
| | | 黨 | Slow flashing | Hardware error, such as SIM not inserted. |
| | | | On | Connected via WWAN |
| | | 黨 | Blinking 2 | Traffic via WWAN |
| | Network | 祟 | Slow flashing | Connecting PDP/Waiting for demand. |
| 613 | | | On | Registered network |
| (A) | | 黨 | Slow flashing | Registering network |
| | | 祟 | Slow flashing | SIM PIN locked |
| | | 黨 | Fast flashing | SIM PUK locked |
| | | | On | Can't connect or device is in Configuration mode, see the Initialisation section for more information. |
| | | | On | LTE |
| 11 | Signal strength | | On | WCDMA signal |
| | | | On | GSM/GPRS signal |

Table 2 – LED Indicators

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² The term "blinking" means that the LED may pulse, with the intervals that the LED is on and off not being equal. The term "flashing" means that the LED turns on and off at equal intervals.





Signal strength LEDs

The following tables list the signal strength range corresponding with the number of lit signal strength LEDs.

LTE signal mapping (Green)

| Number of lit LEDs | Signal Strength |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| All LEDs unlit | <-120 dBm |
| 1 | −119 dBm to −100dBm |
| 2 | −99 dBm to −90 dBm |
| 3 | -89 dBm to -80 dBm |
| 4 | −79 dBm to −70 dBm |
| 5 | ≥-69 dBm |

Table 3 – Signal strength LED descriptions

WCDMA signal mapping (Amber)

| Number of lit LEDs | Signal Strength |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| All LEDs unlit | <-109 dBm |
| 1 | −109 dBm to −102dBm |
| 2 | −101 dBm to −92 dBm |
| 3 | −91 dBm to −86 dBm |
| 4 | -85 dBm to -78 dBm |
| 5 | ≥ -77 dBm |

Table 4 – Signal strength LED descriptions

GSM/GPRS signal mapping (Red)

| Number of lit LEDs | Signal Strength |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| All LEDs unlit | <-109 dBm |
| 1 | −109 dBm to −102dBm |
| 2 | −101 dBm to −92 dBm |
| 3 | −91 dBm to −86 dBm |
| 4 | −85 dBm to −78 dBm |
| 5 | ≥-77 dBm |

Table 5 – Signal strength LED descriptions

LED update interval

The signal strength LEDs update within a few seconds with a rolling average signal strength reading. When selecting a location for the router or connected or positioning an external antenna, please allow up to 20 seconds for the signal strength LEDs to update before repositioning.

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Ethernet port LED indicators

Each of the Ethernet ports of the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router have two LED indicators on them. The table below describes the statuses of each light and their meanings.

| LED | Status | Description | | |
|---------|----------|---|--|--|
| On | | There is a valid network link. | | |
| Green | Blinking | There is activity on the network link. | | |
| | Off | No valid network link detected. | | |
| Amber | On | The Ethernet port is operating at a speed of 100 Mbps. | | |
| , unber | Off | The Ethernet port is operating at a speed of 10 Mbps or no Ethernet cable is connected. | | |

Table 6 – Ethernet port LED indicators description

Interfaces

| No. | Item | Description |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|
| 1 | GPS antenna connector | SMA connector for GPS antenna (not included in package). |
| 2 | SIM card slot | Insert SIM card here. |
| 3 | Reset button | Press and hold for less than 5 seconds to reboot to normal mode. The LEDs are green and extinguish in sequence to indicate that the router will reboot normally if the button is released during this period. Press and hold for 5 to 15 seconds to reboot to recovery mode. The LEDs are amber and extinguish in sequence to indicate that the router will reboot to recovery mode if the button is released during this period. Press and hold for 15 to 20 seconds to reset the router to factory default settings. The LEDs are red and extinguish in sequence to indicate that the router will reset to factory default settings if the button is released during this period. |
| 4 | Micro USB 2.0 OTG port | Provides connectivity for optional external storage or a USB Ethernet dongle. Supplies up to 0.5A to connected device. |
| 5 | SIM tray eject button | Press to eject the SIM tray |
| 6 | Cellular AUX antenna connector | SMA connector for auxiliary cellular antenna. |
| 7 | LAN port | LAN port for wired Ethernet clients. |
| 8 | Six-way terminal block connector | Connect the provided power supply here. The six-way terminal block connector provides: Power (+) Ground (-) Ignition input detection terminal. 3 x Auxiliary input/output |
| 9 | Cellular Main antenna connector | SMA connector for main cellular antenna. |

Table 7 – Interfaces

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Placement of the router

The external high-performance antennas supplied with the router are designed to provide optimum cellular a signal strength in a wide range of environments. If you find the signal strength is weak, try adjusting the orientation of the antennas. If you are unable to get an acceptable signal, try moving the router to a different place or mounting it differently.



Note – When selecting a location for the router, allow at least 20 seconds for the signal strength LEDs to update before trying a different

Mounting options

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router can be quickly and easily mounted in a variety of locations.

Mounted flat against the wall

When mounted flat against the wall, the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router has a slimline form factor. Use appropriately sized screws in the mounting holes provided on the base of the unit.



Figure 2 – Wall mount – Flat against the wall

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Perpendicular to the wall

If a large surface area is not available, there is the option of mounting the router perpendicular to the wall. This gives the router a small wall footprint while remaining securely attached. Use appropriately sized screws in the mounting holes provided on the back of the unit.

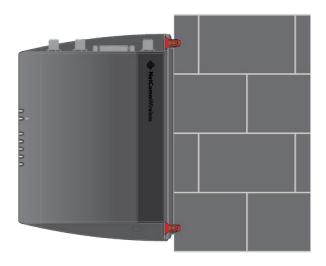


Figure 3 – Wall mount – Perpendicular to the wall

C Section DIN Rail mount

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router easily slides onto a C Section DIN rail so that it is horizontally mounted. The DIN Rail mounting bracket is not required for C Section DIN rail mounting.

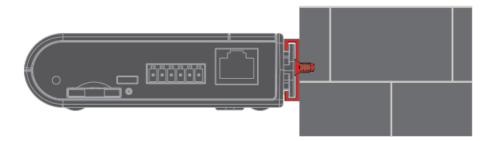


Figure 4 – C Section DIN rail mount

To mount the unit on a C-Section DIN rail, slide it on as illustrated below:



Figure 5 - Mounting the unit on a DIN rail

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Mounting bracket

The provided mounting bracket provides additional methods of mounting the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router.

To attach the mounting bracket, slide it onto the rear of the router as shown in the diagram below:



Figure 6 – Sliding on the mounting bracket

To remove the bracket, press the PUSH button and slide the router off the bracket:



Figure 7 – Removing the mounting bracket

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Using the mounting bracket for wall mounting

By first attaching the DIN rail bracket to the wall, the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router can be easily attached and removed from the bracket.

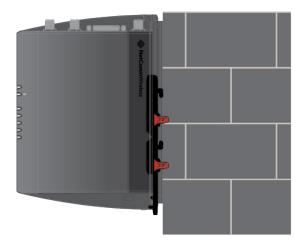


Figure 8 – Wall mount – Mounted via DIN rail bracket

Using the mounting bracket for Top hat DIN rail mounting

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router may be vertically mounted to the wall with the bracket by sliding the bracket onto a top hat DIN rail

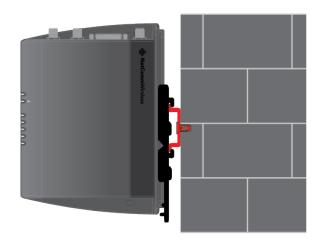


Figure 9 – Top hat DIN rail mount

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Alternatively, you can attach it to the DIN Rail by using the V bend in the bracket as illustrated below:

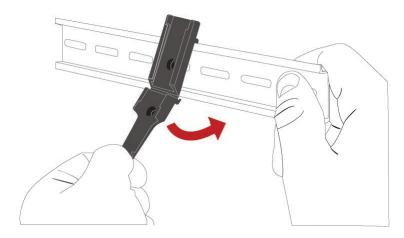


Figure 10 – Attaching the mounting bracket to the DIN rail using the V bend

Desk mount

 $In situations where wall mounts and DIN \ rails \ are \ not \ required, you \ can \ simply \ place \ the \ Voda fone \ Machine Link \ 4G \ Lite \ router \ on \ a \ desk$ using its rubber feet to prevent it from slipping.

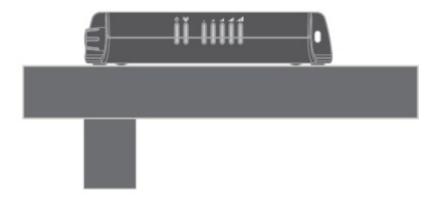


Figure 11 – Desk mount

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Installation and configuration of the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router

Powering the router

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router can be powered in one of two ways:

- 2 DC power input via 4-pin connector (8-40V DC)
- 3 DC power input via field terminated power source (8-40V DC)

The green power LED on the router lights up when a power source is connected. Nominal power input is (12V DC/1.5A).

DC power via 6-pin connector

The positive and ground terminals on the 6-pin connector can accept power from a separately sold DC power supply. Both a standard temperature range DC power supply and an extended temperature range DC power supply are available to purchase as accessories.

If you have purchased an optional DC power supply, first remove the terminal block from the connector. The terminal block connector uses rising cage clamps to secure the wires and ships with the cages lowered and ready for wire insertion. Inspect the cage clamps and use a flathead screwdriver to lower the cage clamps if they have moved during transportation. Insert the wires into the terminal block as shown below, noting the polarity of the wires, then use a flathead screwdriver to raise the cage clamp to secure the wires in the terminal block. Insert the wired terminal block into the terminal block connector of the router and then connect the adapter to a wall socket.

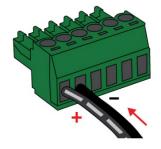


Figure 12 – Terminal block wiring diagram

DC power via field terminated power source

If an existing 8-40V DC power supply is available, you can insert the wires into the supplied terminal block to power your router. Use a flathead screwdriver to tighten the terminal block screws and secure the power wires, making sure the polarity of the wires is correctly matched, as illustrated below. You should avoid using DC cables greater than 2 metres in length.

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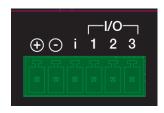


Figure 13 – Locking Power Terminal Block pinout

| Terminal | Description |
|----------|---|
| + | Positive wire for power. |
| - | Ground wire. |
| i | Dedicated terminal for ignition detection. |
| 1/01,2,3 | Used for general purpose input/output (refer to the IO configuration section for more information). |

Table 8 – Locking power block pin outs

Power consumption

To assist with power consumption planning, the following table summarises average power consumption during the various states of the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router under normal usage conditions. It is important to note that this table serves as an indication only as the power consumed by the device is affected by many variables including signal strength, network type, and network activity.

Average power consumption figures

| Power input | State | Power consumption |
|-------------|---|-------------------|
| 12V | Powered on, all functions disabled | 1.38 W |
| 12V | Powered on, connected to LTE and idle | 1.92 W |
| 12V | Powered on, connected to packet data with heavy traffic | 4.86 W |
| 12V | Peak power draw at maximum 4G module transmission power | 5.88 W |

Table 9 – Average power consumption figures

Viewing power source information

You can view the current power input mode in the Advanced status section of the device's web user interface. This is useful for remotely monitoring the device. You can also use the Software Development Kit to access this information for advanced purposes (e.g. configuring SMS alerts to inform you of the power status of the router).

To view the router's power source information, log in to the router and expand the Advanced status box on the status page. See the Status section of this manual for more information on the status page.

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Installing the router

After you have mounted the router and connected a power source, follow these steps to complete the installation process.

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router comes equipped with an internal soldered-down GDSP SIM which is ready for use. If you have an additional SIM card that you would like to use, you can insert it in the SIM card tray. To eject the SIM card tray, use the end of a paper clip to press the SIM Eject button. Place the SIM card in the tray and then insert the loaded tray into the SIM slot with the gold side facing up, as shown below.

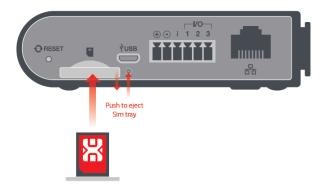


Figure 14 – Inserting the SIM card

2 The MachineLink 4G Lite router is shipped with caps on the Main, Auxiliary and GPS antenna sockets. To attach the supplied antennas, antenna sockets by turning them in an anti-clockwise direction.



Figure 15 – Antenna socket – Cap removal and antenna connection

Then screw the antennas onto the sockets, turning them by the collar in a clockwise direction. When the collar has been sufficiently tightened, turn the antenna in a clockwise direction until it has reached the desired orientation.

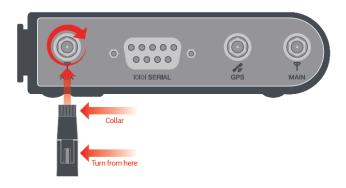


Figure 16 – Tightening the antenna

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Ensure the external power source is switched on and wait 2 minutes for your Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite to start up and connect to the mobile network. Your router arrives with preconfigured settings that should suit most customers. Your router is now connected. To check the status of your router, compare the LED indicators on the device with those listed in the LED indicators table.

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Advanced configuration

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router comes with pre-configured settings that should suit most customers. For advanced configuration, open the web-based user interface of the router.

To access the web-based user interface, open a web browser (e.g. Mozilla Firefox or Google Chrome), type https://192.168.1.1 into the address bar and press Enter. The router's web user interface is displayed.



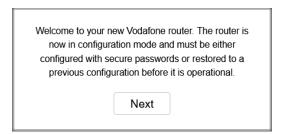
Note – The HTTP protocol is disabled by default, secure HTTP (HTTPS) is the default protocol. HTTP access is available but must be manually

Initialisation

The first time the device is booted (or booted after it is factory reset), the device enters "Configuration mode". In Configuration mode, the router runs a setup wizard which must be completed before it will boot into "Live mode". This is a security feature which enables you to set strong passwords for web root, web user, and Telnet/SSH access or restore a previous configuration from a file.

To complete the setup:

Click the Next button on the first dialogue box.



Enter the factory default password which is printed on the device label then click the Next button. 2



3 Select whether to configure the router as a new device or to restore a previous configuration backup.

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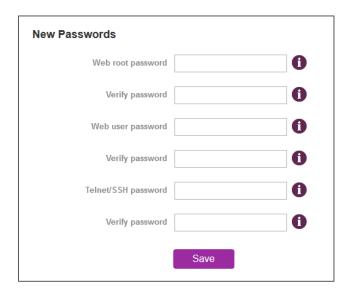


Configure as a new device

Select "I want to configure this as a new device" then click the OK button.



- In the New Passwords section, enter a strong password in each field. You may configure the same password for all three accounts, but it must meet the security criteria set out below:
- The password must be a minimum of eight characters and no more than 128 characters in length.
- The password must contain at least one upper case, one lower case character and one number.
- The password must contain at least one special character, such as: $^{'}(@#$%^&*()- =+[{]}\|;:'",<>/?$
- Additionally, the password must also satisfy an algorithm which analyses the characters as you type them, searching for С commonly used patterns, passwords, names and surnames according to US census data, popular English words from Wikipedia and US television and movies and other common patterns such as dates, repeated characters (aaa), sequences (abcd), keyboard patterns (gwertyuiop) and substitution of numbers for letters.



When you have completed all password fields, press the Save button. If the passwords meet the security criteria, they are saved and the router reboots to Live mode automatically. See below for further instructions on logging in.

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Restore configuration from a previous backup file

Select "I want to restore my configuration from a previous backup" then click the OK button.



Click the Choose a file button and locate the backup file on your computer. If the backup file is encrypted, enter the password, then click the Submit button.

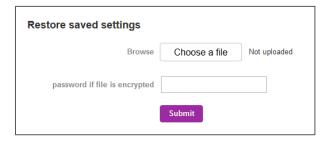


Figure 17 – Configuration mode landing page

The router restores the previous configuration and then reboots.

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Logging in

To log in to the router, select the login username (root or user) and the password that you configured during the initialisation process.

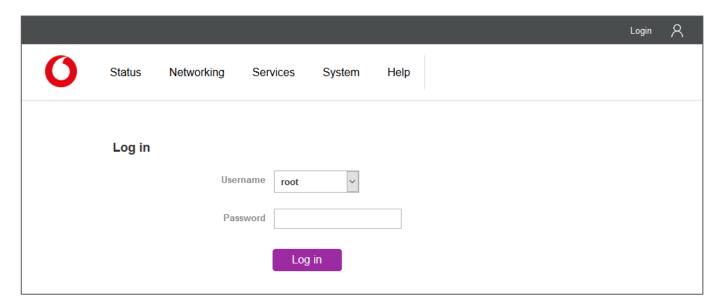


Figure 18 – Log in prompt for the web-based user interface

1

Note – The user account allows you to manage all settings of the router except functions such as firmware upgrade, device configuration backup and restore and reset to factory default settings, which are privileged only to the root manager account.

The Status page is displayed.





^

Status

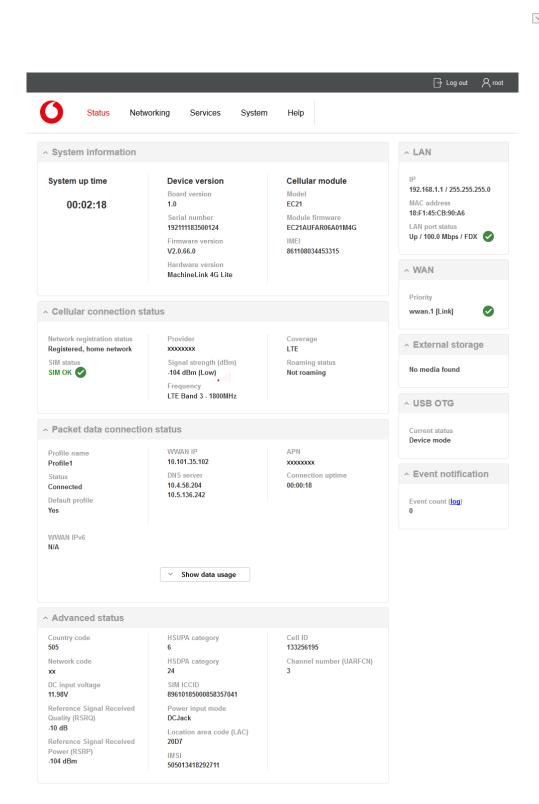


Figure 19 – Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite status page

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| ltem | Definition |
|-------------------------------|---|
| System information | |
| System up time | The current uptime of the router. |
| Board version | The hardware version of the router. |
| Serial number | The serial number of the router. |
| Firmware version | The firmware version of the router |
| Hardware version | The commercial product name which helps to identify the available features of the router. |
| Model | The type of phone module and the firmware version of the module. |
| Module firmware | The firmware revision of the phone module. |
| IMEI | The International Mobile Station Equipment Identity number used to uniquely identify a mobile device. |
| LAN | <u> </u> |
| IP | The IP address and subnet mask of the router. |
| MAC address | The MAC address of the router. |
| LAN Port Status | Displays the current status of the LAN port and its operating speed. |
| WAN | |
| WAN/LAN port status | Displays the current status of the WAN/LAN port and its operating speed. |
| Priority | Displays the priority of the available WAN connections with the interface at the top having the highest priority. |
| External Storage | Lists the type and size of external storage (onboard/USB), if connected. |
| USB-OTG | |
| Current status | Displays the current status of the USB-OTG port (Device or host mode) |
| Event notification | |
| Event count | Displays the number of notifications sent using the Event notification feature. |
| Cellular connection status | |
| Network registration status | The status of the router's registration for the current network. |
| SIM Status | Displays the activation status of the SIM in the router. |
| Provider | The current operator network in use. |
| Signal strength (dBm) | The current signal strength measured in dBm |
| Frequency | Displays the band and frequency currently in use. |
| Coverage | The type of mobile coverage being received by the router. |
| Roaming status | The roaming status of the router. |
| Packet data connection status | |
| Profile name | The name of the active profile. |
| Status | The connection status of the active profile. |
| Default profile | Indicates whether the current profile in use is the default profile. |
| WWAN IP | The IP address assigned by the mobile broadband carrier network. |
| DNS server | The primary and secondary DNS servers for the WWAN connection. |
| APN | The Access Point Name currently in use. |
| Connection uptime | The length of time of the current mobile connection session. |
| | 1 |

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| Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| Ethernet WAN connection status | |
| No. | The index number of the WAN interface. |
| Name | The device name as it is known on the system. |
| Status | Displays whether the interface is up or down. |
| IP address | The IP address assigned to the Ethernet interface. |
| Netmask | The Netmask address assigned to the Ethernet interface. |
| Gateway | The Gateway address assigned to the Ethernet interface. |
| Advanced status | |
| Country code | The Mobile Country Code (MCC) of the router. |
| Network code | The Mobile Network Code (MNC) of the router. |
| DC input voltage | Displays the current voltage of the power input source provided via the DC Input jack |
| Reference Signal Received Quality (RSRQ) | RSRQ calculates signal quality taking into consideration the RSSI. It is calculated by N x RSRP / RSSI where N is the number of Physical Resources Blocks (PRBs) over which the RSSI is measured. |
| Reference Signal Received Power (RSRP) | A cell-specific reference signal used to determine RSRP. |
| HSUPA category | Displays the HSUPA category which is category 6 for the Vodafone MachineLink 4G. This allows uplink speeds of up to 5.76Mbps. |
| HSDPA category | Displays the HSDPA category which is category 24 for the Vodafone MachineLink 4G. This allows downlink speeds of up to 42Mbps. |
| SIM ICCID | The Integrated Circuit Card Identifier of the SIM card used with the router, a unique number up to 19 digits in length. |
| Power input mode | Displays the power source being used. |
| Location area code (LAC) | The ID of the cell tower grouping the current signal is broadcasting from. |
| IMSI | The International mobile subscriber identity is a unique identifier of the user of a cellular network. |
| Cell ID | A unique code that identifies the base station from within the location area of the current mobile network signal. |
| Channel number (UARFCN) | The channel number of the current cellular connection. |
| Module PRIID Revision | Module version used for customization. |
| Module PRIID PRI part number | The part number of the Module PRIID. |
| PRI carrier | The carrier network. |
| PRI config | Configuration file for the current carrier network. |

Table 10 - Status page item details

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The Networking section provides configuration options for Wireless WAN, Ethernet WAN/LAN interface assignment, PPPoE, WAN failover priorities, Routing and VPN connectivity.

Wireless WAN

Data connection

The data connection page allows you to configure and enable/disable connection profiles. To access this page, click on the Networking menu, and under the Wireless WAN menu, select the Data connection item.

Each profile refers to a set of configuration items which are used by the router to activate a Packet Data (PDP) context. Under normal scenarios, you may have a single profile enabled. Multiple profiles can be used for simple fast-switching of PDP settings such as APN, or for advanced networking configuration where multiple simultaneous PDP contexts may be required.

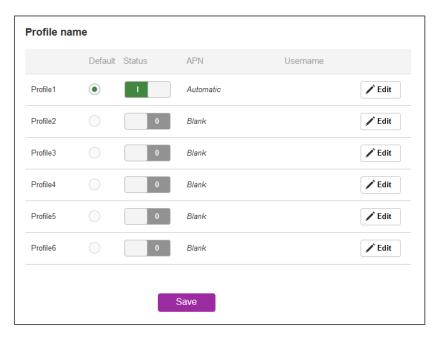


Figure 20 - Data connection settings

| Item | Definition |
|--------------|---|
| Profile name | |
| Default | Sets the corresponding profile to be the default gateway for all outbound traffic except traffic for which there are configured static route rules or profile routing settings. |
| Status | Toggles the corresponding profile on and off. Only one profile may be turned on at any time. |
| APN | The APN configured for the corresponding profile. |
| Username | The username used to log on to the corresponding APN. |

Table 11 – Data connection item details

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Connecting to the mobile broadband network

The router supports the configuration of up to six APN profiles; these profiles allow you to configure the settings that the router will use to connect to the 4G/3G network and switch easily between different connection settings.

For advanced networking purposes, you may activate a maximum of two profiles simultaneously (dependent on network support). When activating two connection profiles, you should avoid selecting two profiles with the same APN as this can cause only one profile to connect. Similarly, activating two profiles which are both configured to automatically determine an APN can cause a conflict and result in neither profile establishing a connection. We recommend that the two active connection profiles have differing, manually configured APNs to avoid connection issues and ensure smooth operation.

Using a Vodafone Global SIM

When using a Vodafone Global SIM, the router is pre-configured with the APN field blank. A blank APN setting allows the network to determine the correct APN.

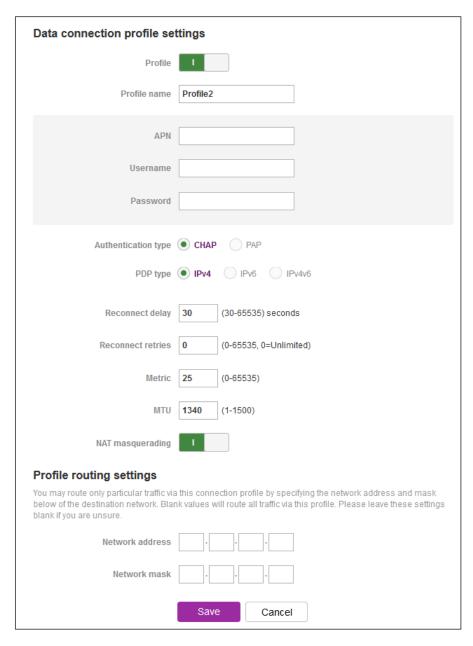


Figure 21 – Data connection profile settings – Vodafone Global SIM

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Using a non-Vodafone Global SIM

When using a non-Vodafone Global SIM, the MachineLink 4G Lite router gives you the option of turning Automatic APN selection on or off. By default, Profile 1 is configured with Profile1 and Automatic APN set to ON.

When Automatic APN selection is turned on, the router selects an appropriate APN from an internal database of known APNs. If the SIM you have inserted into the router is not of a known carrier, you may need to manually enter an APN to obtain a network connection. See manually configuring a connection profile for details on entering an APN manually.

To see the automatically selected APN, view the Status page.

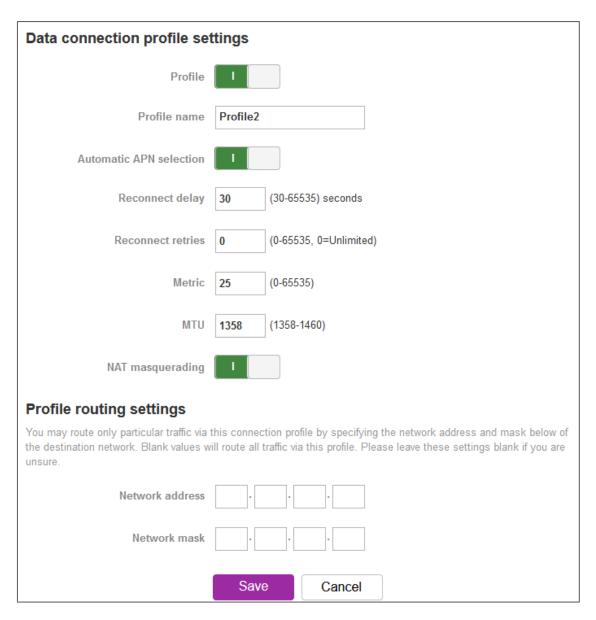


Figure 22 – Data connection profile settings –Non-Vodafone Global SIM – Automatic APN settings

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Manually configuring a connection profile

To manually configure a connection profile:

1 Click the Edit button corresponding to the Profile that you wish to modify. The data connection profile settings page is displayed.



Figure 23 - Data connection profile settings

2 Click the Profile toggle key to turn the profile on.

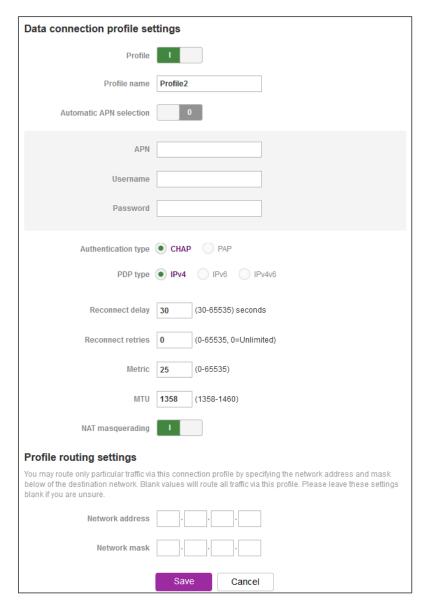


Figure 24 - Data connection settings - Profile turned on

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Note - The Automatic APN toggle key is not available when using a Vodafone Global SIM.

- 3 In the Profile name field, enter a name for the profile. This name is only used to identify the profile on the router.
- 4 When using a SIM other than a Vodafone Global SIM, ensure that the Automatic APN selection toggle key is set to off. If it is not, click it to toggle it to the off position.
- 5 In the APN field, enter the APN Name (Access Point Name) and if required, use the Username and Password fields to enter your login credentials (if required).
- 6 Next to Authentication type, select the either CHAP or PAP depending on the type of authentication used by your provider.
- 7 Select the PDP type:
 - IPv4 Sets a single stack IPv4 connection through which the router receives only IPv4 network and DNS addresses. This is the default PDP type.
 - IPv6 Sets a single stack IPv6 connection through which the router receives only IPv6 network and DNS addresses.
 - IPv4v6 Sets a dual stack connection allowing simultaneous IPV4 and IPV6 network connectivity. The router receives both IPv4 and IPV6 network and DNS addresses.



Note – Before selecting IPV6, check with your carrier to confirm that single stack IPV6 connectivity is supported.

- 8 The Reconnect delay field specifies the number of seconds to wait between connection attempts. The default setting of 30 seconds is sufficient in most cases but you may modify it to wait up to 65535 seconds if you wish.
- 9 The Reconnect retries field specifies the number of times to attempt to connect to the network if the router fails to establish a connection. It is set to 0 by default which causes the router to attempt to reconnect indefinitely.
- 10 The Metric value is used by router to prioritise routes (if multiple are available) and is set to 25 by default. This value is sufficient in most cases but you may modify it if you are aware of the effect your changes will have on the service.
- Use the NAT masquerading toggle key to turn NAT Masquerading on or off. NAT masquerading, also known simply as NAT is a 11 common routing feature which allows multiple LAN devices to appear as a single WAN IP via network address translation. In this mode, the router modifies network traffic sent and received to inform remote computers on the internet that packets originating from a machine behind the router actually originated from the WAN IP address of the router's internal NAT IP address. This may be disabled if a framed route configuration is required and local devices require WAN IP addresses.
- For advanced networking such as using dual simultaneous PDP contexts, you may wish to configure a particular profile to route only certain traffic via that profile by configuring a custom address and mask of traffic to send via that profile. To do this, in the Profile routing settings section, enter the Network address and Network mask of the remote network. If you do not enter any profile routing settings, the profile will be active but no traffic will be routed through it. For more information on configuring Profile routing settings, see the Setting a default gateway with two active connection profiles example.
- Click the Save button when you have finished entering the profile details.

Confirming a successful connection

After configuring the packet data session, and ensuring that it is enabled, click on the Status menu item at the top of the page to return to the Status page. When there is a mobile broadband connection, the Packet data connection status section is expanded showing the details of the connection and the Status field displays Connected. To see details on the connected session, you can click the Show data usage button.

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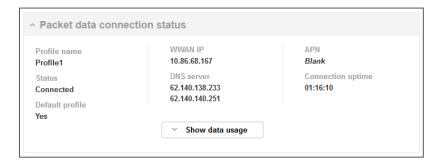


Figure 25 – Packet data connection status section

Checking data usage

On the Status page, each packet data connection profile has a Show data usage button which displays the amount of data received, sent and a total data usage figure.

To show the data use for a connected profile, click the Show data usage button. The data usage for the last 10 sessions is displayed in addition to the current session.

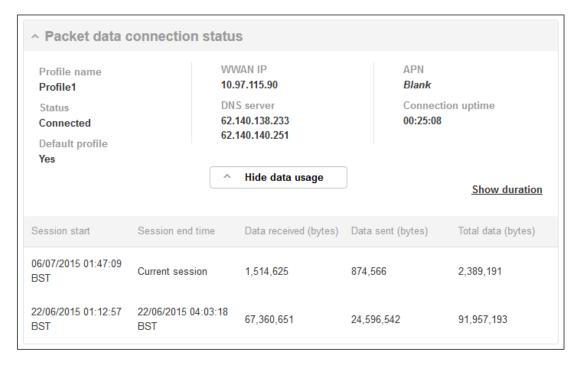


Figure 26 – Data usage

Click the Show duration link to toggle the display to show the duration of each session rather than the start and end times.

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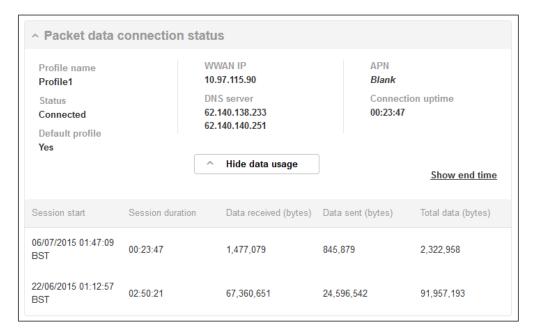


Figure 27 – Data usage with connection duration

Operator settings

The Operator settings page enables you to select which frequency band you will use for your connection and enables you to scan for available network operators in your area.

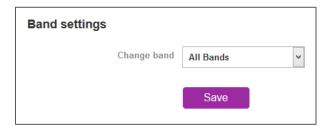


Figure 28 – Band settings

You may want to do this if you're using the router in a country with multiple frequency networks that may not all support LTE. You can select the router to only connect on the network frequencies that suit your requirements.

Use the Change band drop down list to select the band you wish to use.

The following band settings options are available:





| NWL-221 | NWL-222 | NWL-224 | NTC-227 |
|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| LTE FDD Bands: | LTE FDD Bands: | LTE FDD Bands: | LTE FDD Bands: |
| • Band 1 (2100 MHz) | • Band 1 (2100 MHz) | • Band 2 (1900 MHz) | • Band 1 (2100 MHz) |
| • Band 2 (1900 MHz) | • Band 3 (1800 MHz) | • Band 4 (1700 MHz) | • Band 2 (1900 MHz) |
| • Band 3 (1800 MHz) | • Band 5 (850 MHz) | • Band 12 (700 MHz) | • Band 3 (1800 MHz) |
| • Band 4 (1700 MHz) | • Band 7 (2600 MHz) | WCDMA Bands: | • Band 4 (1700 MHz) |
| • Band 5 (850 MHz) | • Band 8 (900 MHz) | • Band 2 (1900 MHz) | • Band 5 (850 MHz) |
| • Band 7 (2600 MHz) | • Band 20 (800 MHz) | • Band 4 (1700 MHz) | • Band 7 (2600 MHz) |
| • Band 8 (900 MHz) | WCDMA Bands: | • Band 5 (850 MHz) | • Band 8 (900 MHz) |
| • Band 28 (700 MHz) | • Band 1 (2100 MHz) | | • Band 12 (700 MHz) |
| LTE TDD Bands: | • Band 5 (850 MHz) | | • Band 13 (700 MHz) |
| • Band 40 (2300 MHz) | • Band 8 (900 MHz) | | • Band 18 (850 MHz) |
| WCDMA Bands: | GSM Bands: | | • Band 19 (850 MHz) |
| • Band 1 (2100 MHz) | • Band 3 (1800 MHz) | | • Band 20 (800 MHz) |
| • Band 2 (1900 MHz) | • Band 8 (900 MHz) | | • Band 25 (1900 MHz) |
| • Band 5 (850 MHz) | | | • Band 26 (850 MHz) |
| • Band 8 (900 MHz) | | | • Band 28 (700 MHz) |
| GSM Bands: | | | LTE TDD Bands: |
| • Band 2 (1900 MHz) | | | • Band 38 (2600 MHz) |
| • Band 3 (1800 MHz) | | | • Band 39 (1900 MHz) |
| • Band 5 (850 MHz) | | | • Band 40 (2300 MHz) |
| • Band 8 (900 MHz | | | • Band 41 (2500 MHz) |
| | | | WDMA Bands: |
| | | | • Band 1 (2100 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 2 (1900 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 4 (1700 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 5 (850 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 6 (800 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 8 (900 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 19 (800 MHz) |
| | | | GSM Bands: |
| | | | • Band 2 (1900 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 3 (1800 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 5 (850 MHz) |
| | | | • Band 8 (900 MHz) |

Figure 29 – Available bands

It is not necessary to change the default setting of All bands in most cases. In fact, locking to a particular band can cause connection difficulties if the device is moved to a location where the forced band selection is no longer available.

 $When All\ bands\ is\ selected, the\ router\ attempts\ to\ find\ the\ most\ suitable\ band\ based\ on\ the\ available\ networks\ for\ the\ inserted\ SIM\ card.$

The "GSM all", "WCDMA all" and "LTE all" options allow you to force the device to lock to those particular network technologies only. Click the Save button to save and apply your selection.





Operator settings

The operator settings feature allows you to select whether to allow the router to automatically select a network or to manually scan for a network to which the router is locked.

Using a Vodafone GDSP SIM

When a GDSP SIM is inserted and the operator mode is set to Automatic, you are provided with further options to configure cost effective mode and network access technology preference. When Cost effective mode is turned on, the router selects the best carrier's LTE network (according to the PLMN list) and if that fails, it selects the 3G network of the same carrier, if that fails, it selects the 2G network of that carrier. If connection to that all networks of that carrier fails, the router then attempts to connect to the next best carrier's LTE network and so on. Both cost effective mode and network access technology preference require that Advanced Vodafone network (PLMN) selection is set to ON. See the Roaming settings section for details.

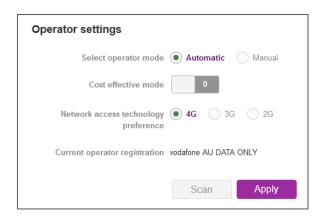


Figure 30 – Operator settings (using Vodafone GDSP SIM)

Using a non-Vodafone GDSP SIM

When a non-Vodafone GDSP SIM is inserted and operator mode is set to Automatic, the router attempts to connect to the best network (4G/3G/2G) of the carrier that provided the SIM

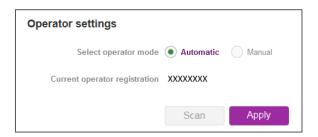


Figure 31 – Operator settings (using non-Vodafone GDSP SIM)

To scan for available networks, set the Select operator mode from Automatic to Manual then click the scan button. This operation can take a few minutes and requires that the packet data session be disconnected prior to scanning.

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A list of the detected service carriers in your area is displayed.

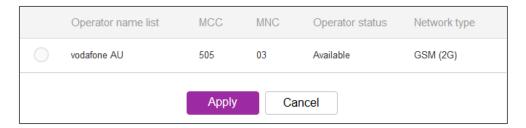


Figure 32 – Detected operator list

Select the most appropriate service from the list shown and click Apply.

When Select operator mode is set to Automatic, the router selects the most appropriate operator based on the inserted SIM card. This is the default option and is sufficient for most users.

Roaming settings

When the Allow data roaming toggle key is set to ON, the router will allow local devices to access the Wireless WAN network when it is roaming onto a foreign network. When set to OFF, the router will deny network access to data services when roaming onto a foreign network. This setting is ON by default when the router is used with a Vodafone GDSP SIM.

Roaming settings (Vodafone GDSP SIMs only)

The roaming settings page provides the ability to configure the Advanced Vodafone network (PLMN) selection feature. This feature provides a specialized algorithm which the router uses to select the best network to connect to from a prioritized list of networks which are stored on the router. For example, in Australia, the network priority sequence is:

Vodafone 4G > Optus 4G > Telstra 4G > Vodafone 3G > Optus 3G > Telstra 3G

If registration to all networks in the sequence fails, first the router waits for a period of 30 seconds then reboots the module and attempts network registration again. If registration continues to fail, the router repeats this process at gradually increasing intervals, first waiting for 1 minute, then 2 minutes, 4 minutes, 8 minutes, 16 minutes and finally 20 minutes. If registration still continues to fail, the router repeats the process at 20 minute intervals indefinitely.

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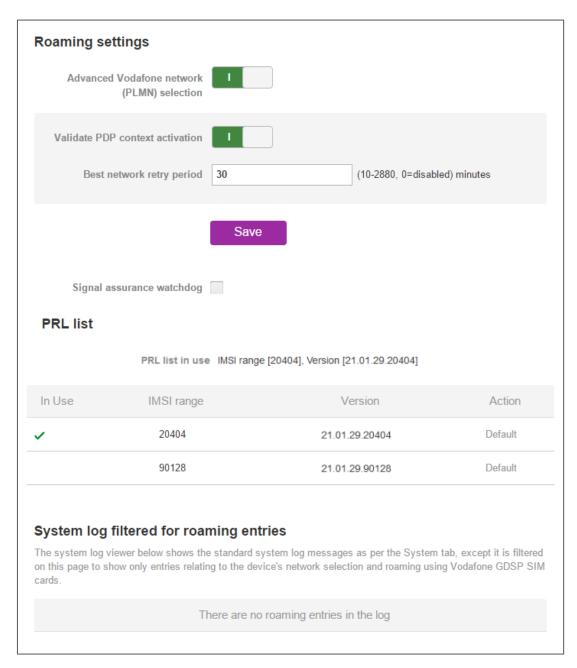


Figure 33 – Roaming settings

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| Item | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| Advanced | Switches the advanced network selection on or off. When on, the router will follow the advanced network selection algorithm designed by |
| Vodafone network | Vodafone to connect to the best network according to a priority ranked list stored on the router. If this is switched off, the router will revert to |
| (PLMN) selection | a standard connection methodology following the PLMN list stored on the SIM Card. It is recommended to leave advanced network selection enabled, unless there is a particular reason to disable it. |
| Validate PDP | When this is turned on, the router verifies the default profile's username and password entered on the Profile settings page by activating a |
| context activation | PDP context with each scanned network during advanced network selection process. This helps the router to avoid connecting to networks |
| | that are inaccessible by only allowing registration to a network if a PDP context was able to be established successfully. When this option is |
| | turned off, the router does not perform any validation of the PDP context activation and will register to a network even if it then cannot |
| | establish a PDP context. |
| Best network retry | Sets the period for which the router will attempt to establish a connection to the best network listed in the preferred roaming list. This only |
| period | takes place if the router is not already connected to the best network. By default this is set to 30 minutes. The best network retry period must |
| | be a value in minutes between 10 and 2880. Setting this option to 0 disables the router from retrying a connection to the best network. |

Table 12 – Roaming settings options

The PRL list displays the Preferred Roaming Lists that are loaded on the router. The PRL lists are labelled according to the first 5 digits of the range of IMSI numbers that they cover. The list also indicates which list is in use, the version number of the list and an option to delete custom lists.



Note - Vodafone in The Netherlands uses IMSI range 20404, therefore regular Vodafone (non-GDSP) SIMs issued by Vodafone Netherlands may be detected as Vodafone GDSP SIMs. If using a Vodafone Netherlands issued SIM, please disable the Advanced Vodafone network (PLMN) selection option to avoid any problems.

When the Signal assurance watchdog option is selected, you are presented with the ability to customise the RSSI, RSCP and RSRP thresholds.

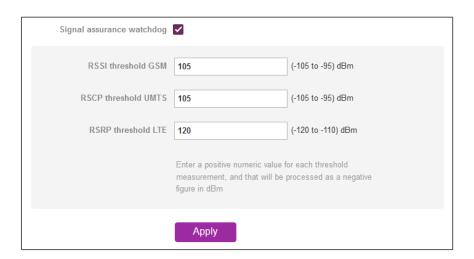


Figure 34 – Advanced roaming settings

The Received Signal Strength Indicator (RSSI) threshold specifies the value in decibel-milliwatts that the signal strength must fall below for a total of 15 seconds without any traffic passing through before the router attempts to connect to the next network in the PRL list. RSSI values on cellular networks typically range between -113dBm (weak) and -51dBm (strong). As the RSSI approaches 0, the signal strength becomes stronger. The value that you enter into this field should be expressed as a positive integer but the router will process it as a negative value. The default RSSI threshold is -105dBm.

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The Received Signal Code Power (RSCP) threshold refers to the power measured by the radio on a particular physical channel. It is generally used as a measure of the signal strength for the downlink in a UMTS communication system.

The Reference Signal Receive Power (RSRP) is the linear average of reference signal power (in Watts) across the specified bandwidth. This is the most important item used to measure for cell selection, reselection and handover. The RSRP is a measurement of the strength of the desired signal but it does not provide any information about the quality of that signal.



Warning – Adjusting the RSSI, RSCP or RSRP roaming thresholds incorrectly or without proper testing and validation may adversely affect network acquisition. Establishing a value different from the default will eliminate network registration attempts with any network observed to have a signal lower than the established threshold. Selecting a higher threshold may also eliminate available low cost networks resulting in higher data costs. It is recommended to consult your Vodafone technical contact prior to adjusting this parameter.

When you have made the desired change, click the Apply button. The router displays the above warning message. If you are sure you wish to proceed, select the "I have read and understand the risk" checkbox then click the OK button. The new signal threshold is applied immediately.

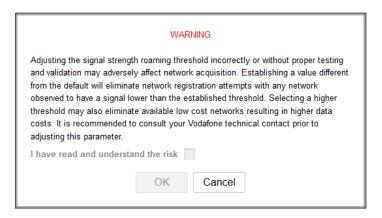


Figure 35 - RSSI threshold warning

The System log filtered for roaming entries section displays system log messages as per the System tab, except they are filtered to show only the entries related to the device's network selection and roaming using Vodafone GDSP SIM cards. You may use the Download button to download a filtered log file containing only messages related to the advanced network selection algorithm. The Clear button removes all System log records, including those records unrelated to the advanced network selection.

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SIM management



Note: SIM management pages are not available in Saudi Arabia (NWL-227-02).

The SIM management page allows you to specify the primary SIM to use in the case where you have a soldered down SIM card and a SIM inserted into the SIM tray. To change the preference of the SIMs, use the Primary SIM drop down menu to select either the Removable SIM or the Internal SIM, then click the Save button.

To automatically switch over to the internal SIM if the external one is removed, click the Switch to internal SIM if external SIM removed toggle key so that it is in the ON position. Note that this option overrides any of the failover based on network and usage factors listed below.

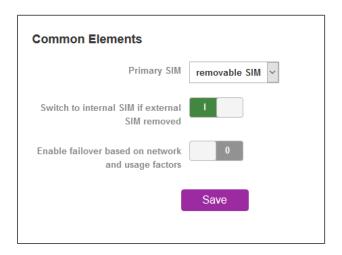


Figure 36 - SIM Management - Common elements

Configuring failover based on network and usage factors

To configure failover between SIMs based on network and usage factors, click the Enable failover based on network and usage factors toggle key so that it is in the ON position. A list of conditions appears. Multiple conditions may be enabled simultaneously, and the router will evaluate whether it should switch between SIMs based on the settings provided.

Weighting of conditions

Each condition includes a drop-down menu containing a weighting value from 1 (weak) to 5 (critical). As the conditions occur, the router evaluates the weight of the conditions on the active SIM compared to those of the inactive one. If the active SIM has a higher fault weight, the router switches over to the inactive one, if it is lower then it does not. If the weight is the same, the router switches to (or remains with) the Primary SIM.

For example, the router might be configured to switch to the secondary SIM when a maximum permitted number of SMS messages has been sent on the primary SIM, but then switch back when the secondary SIM has poor signal strength. In this case, Switch from Internal SIM on SMS limit reached would be configured to have a condition weight lower than that of Switch from External SIM on weak signal.



Note: The "Recheck condition after (minutes)" option appears on all conditions except those related to data and SMS limits. Some care should be taken when selecting a recheck interval since the check requires the router to switch to the appropriate SIM to perform the check. This means the phone module must be restarted each time the SIM is changed. To reduce the number of phone module restarts, select the interval carefully based on what you are checking, e.g. when checking for roaming, a longer interval may be acceptable but when checking for poor signal, a shorter interval might be more appropriate.

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Switch from External SIM on no network

When enabled, the router switches from the external SIM to the internal SIM when there is no network detected.

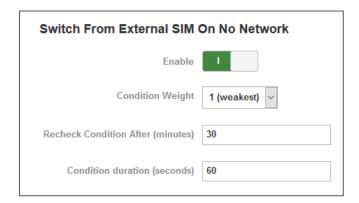


Figure 37 – Switch from External SIM on no network

| Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will check that there is a valid network connection on the External SIM. |
| Condition duration (seconds) | The duration for which the network must be down on the External SIM before the router switches to the Internal SIM. |

Table 13 – Switch from External SIM on no network

Switch from External SIM on network denied

When enabled, the router switches from the External SIM to the Internal SIM when network registration is denied on the External SIM.



Figure 38 – Switch from External SIM on network denied

| ltem | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will check that the network connection is registered on the External SIM. |

Table 14 – Switch from External SIM on network denied

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Switch from External SIM on roaming

When enabled, the router switches from the External SIM to the Internal SIM when the External SIM connects to a roaming network.

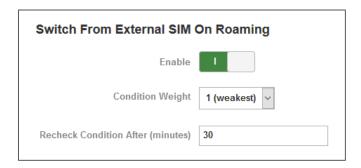


Figure 39 – Switch from External SIM on roaming

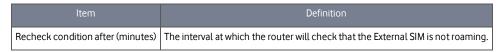


Table 15 – Switch from External SIM on roaming

Switch from External SIM on weak signal

When enabled, the router switches from the External SIM to the Internal SIM when the External SIM provides a signal below the specified threshold.

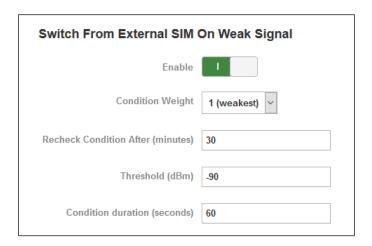


Figure 40 – Switch from External SIM on weak signal

| Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will check the signal strength of the External SIM. |
| Threshold (dBm) | The threshold in dBm that the signal strength must be above so that the router does not switch SIM cards. |
| Condition duration (seconds) | The duration for which the network must be down on the External SIM before the router switches to the Internal SIM. |

Table 16 – Switch from External SIM on weak signal

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Switch from External SIM on data connection fail

When enabled, the router switches from the External SIM to the Internal SIM when the External SIM's network connection is deemed unreliable based on a set of ping requests to a specified host address.

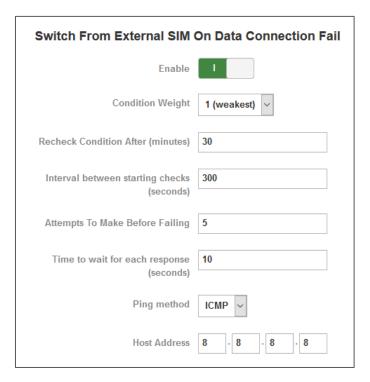


Figure 41 – Switch from External SIM on data connection fail

| Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will test the network connection of the External SIM. |
| Interval between starting checks (seconds) | The interval in seconds between the time at which the router begins the ping test. |
| Attempts to make before failing | The number of ping attempts the router will make before considering the network test a failure. |
| Time to wait for each response (seconds) | The number of seconds to wait for a ping response before the individual ping request is deemed a failure. |
| Ping method | The ping method to use. |
| Host address | The host IP address to use for the ping test. |

Table 17 – Switch from External SIM on data connection fail

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Switch from External SIM on SMS limit reached

When enabled, the router switches from the External SIM to the Internal SIM when a specified number of SMS messages have been sent via the External SIM.

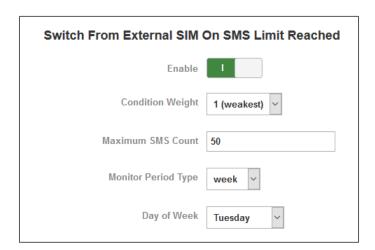


Figure 42 – Switch from External SIM on SMS limit reached

| ltem | Definition |
|--|---|
| Maximum SMS count | The maximum number of SMS messages permitted to be sent by the External SIM card. |
| Monitor period type | The period that the maximum SMS count value should remain valid. You can select "month", "week" or "day". |
| Day of month (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Month") | The day of the month to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Month", and Day of month to "1st", the router monitors the condition from the first day of the month and resets the maximum SMS count at 00:00hr on the last day of the month. To avoid complexity, a month is specified as 28 days. |
| Day of week (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Week"). | The day of the week to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Week", and Day of week to "Monday", the router monitors the condition from the 00:00hr on Monday and resets the maximum SMS count at 00:00hr on the following Monday. |
| Hour of day (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Day"). | The hour of the day to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Day", and Hour of day to "13:00", the router monitors the condition from the 13:00hr each day and resets the maximum SMS count at 13:00hr every day. |

Table 18 – Switch from External SIM on SMS limit reached

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Switch from External SIM on data usage limit reached

When enabled, the router switches from the External SIM to the Internal SIM when a specified amount of data has been sent and received via the External SIM.

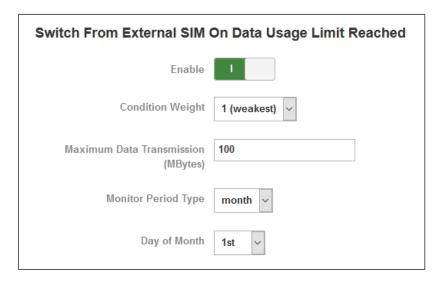


Figure 43 – Switch from External SIM on data usage limit reached

| Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| Maximum data transmission (MBytes) | The maximum amount of data in megabytes permitted to be sent by the External SIM card. |
| Monitor period type | The period that the maximum data transmission value should remain valid. You can select "month", "week" or "day". |
| Day of month (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Month") | The day of the month to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Month", and Day of month to "1st", the router monitors the condition from the first day of the month and resets the Maximum data transmission value at 00:00hr on the last day of the month. To avoid complexity, a month is specified as 28 days. |
| Day of week (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Week"). | The day of the week to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Week", and Day of week to "Monday", the router monitors the condition from the 00:00hr on Monday and resets the Maximum data transmission value at 00:00hr on the following Monday. |
| Hour of day (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Day"). | The hour of the day to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Day", and Hour of day to "13:00", the router monitors the condition from the 13:00hr each day and resets the Maximum data transmission value at 13:00hr every day. |

Table 19 – Switch from External SIM on data usage limit reached

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Switch from Internal SIM on no network

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when there is no network detected.

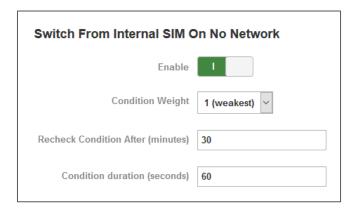


Figure 44 – Switch from Internal SIM on no network

| ltem | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will check that there is a valid network connection on the Internal SIM. |
| Condition duration (seconds) | The duration for which the network must be down on the Internal SIM before the router switches to the External SIM. |

Table 20 – Switch from Internal SIM on no network

Switch from Internal SIM on network denied

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when network registration is denied on the Internal SIM.

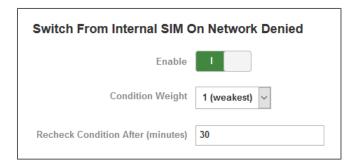


Figure 45 – Switch from Internal SIM on network denied

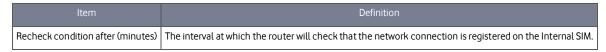


Table 21 – Switch from Internal SIM on network denied

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Switch from Internal SIM on roaming

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when the Internal SIM connects to a roaming network.

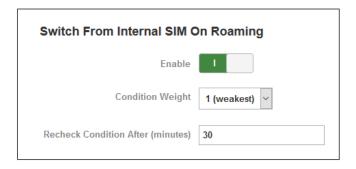


Figure 46 – Switch from Internal SIM on roaming

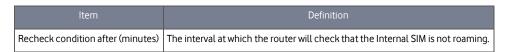


Table 22 – Switch from Internal SIM on roaming

Switch from Internal SIM on weak signal

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when the Internal SIM provides a signal below the specified threshold.

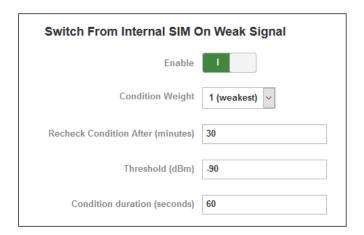


Figure 47 – Switch from Internal SIM on weak signal

| ltem | Definition |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will check the signal strength of the Internal SIM. |
| Threshold (dBm) | The threshold in dBm that the signal strength must be above so that the router does not switch SIM cards. |
| Condition duration (seconds) | The duration for which the network must be down on the Internal SIM before the router switches to the External SIM. |

Table 23 – Switch from External SIM on weak signal

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Switch from Internal SIM on data connection fail

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when the Internal SIM's network connection is deemed unreliable based on a set of ping requests to a specified host address.

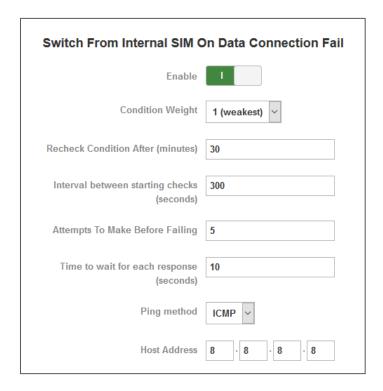


Figure 48 – Switch from Internal SIM on data connection fail

| Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| Recheck condition after (minutes) | The interval at which the router will test the network connection of the Internal SIM. |
| Interval between starting checks (seconds) | The interval in seconds between the time at which the router begins the ping test. |
| Attempts to make before failing | The number of ping attempts the router will make before considering the network test a failure. |
| Time to wait for each response (seconds) | The number of seconds to wait for a ping response before the individual ping request is deemed a failure. |
| Ping method | The ping method to use. |
| Host address | The host IP address to use for the ping test. |

Table 24 – Switch from Internal SIM on data connection fail

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Switch from Internal SIM on SMS limit reached

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when a specified amount of data has been sent and received via the Internal SIM.

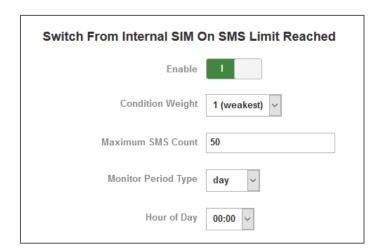


Figure 49 – Switch from Internal SIM on SMS limit reached

| Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| Maximum SMS count | The maximum number of SMS messages permitted to be sent by the Internal SIM card. |
| Monitor period type | The period that the maximum SMS count value should remain valid. You can select "month", "week" or "day". |
| Day of month (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Month") | The day of the month to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Month", and Day of month to "1st", the router monitors the condition from the first day of the month and resets the maximum SMS count at 00:00hr on the last day of the month. To avoid complexity, a month is specified as 28 days. |
| Day of week (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Week"). | The day of the week to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Week", and Day of week to "Monday", the router monitors the condition from the 00:00hr on Monday and resets the maximum SMS count at 00:00hr on the following Monday. |
| Hour of day (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Day"). | The hour of the day to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Day", and Hour of day to "13:00", the router monitors the condition from the 13:00hr each day and resets the maximum SMS count at 13:00hr every day. |

Table 25 – Switch from Internal SIM on SMS limit reached

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Switch from Internal SIM on data usage limit reached

When enabled, the router switches from the Internal SIM to the External SIM when a specified amount of data has been sent and received via the Internal SIM.

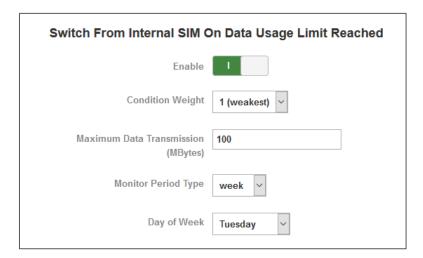


Figure 50 – Switch from Internal SIM on data usage limit reached

| Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| Maximum data transmission (MBytes) | The maximum amount of data in megabytes permitted to be sent by the Internal SIM card. |
| Monitor period type | The period that the maximum data transmission value should remain valid. You can select "month", "week" or "day". |
| Day of month (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Month") | The day of the month to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Month", and Day of month to "1st", the router monitors the condition from the first day of the month and resets the Maximum data transmission value at 00:00hr on the last day of the month. To avoid complexity, a month is specified as 28 days. |
| Day of week (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Week"). | The day of the week to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Week", and Day of week to "Monday", the router monitors the condition from the 00:00hr on Monday and resets the Maximum data transmission value at 00:00hr on the following Monday. |
| Hour of day (Only displayed when Monitor period type is set to "Day"). | The hour of the day to start the monitoring period. For example, if you set the Monitor period type to "Day", and Hour of day to "13:00", the router monitors the condition from the 13:00hr each day and resets the Maximum data transmission value at 13:00hr every day. |

Table 26 – Switch from Internal SIM on data usage limit reached

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SIM security settings

The SIM security settings page can be used for authenticating SIM cards that have been configured with a security PIN.

Unlocking a PIN locked SIM

If the SIM card is locked, you will receive a notice when you access the Status page after which you will be directed to the PIN settings page to enter the PIN. The PIN settings page lists the status of the SIM at the top of the page.

If you are not redirected to the PIN settings page, to unlock the SIM:

Click on the Networking menu from the top menu bar, and then click SIM security settings.

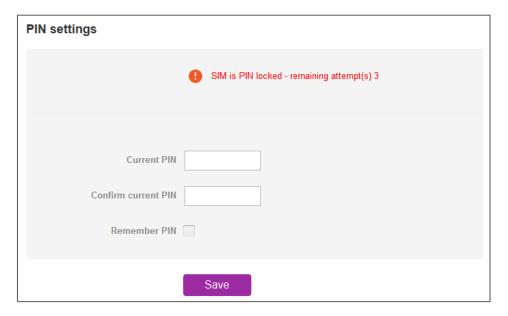


Figure 51 - SIM security settings - SIM PIN locked

- Enter the PIN in the Current PIN field (enter numbers only) and then enter it again in the Confirm current PIN field to confirm the 2 PIN.
- If you are placing the router in a remote, unattended location, you may wish to check the Remember PIN option. This feature allows the router to automatically send the PIN to the SIM each time the SIM asks for it (usually at power up). This enables the SIM to be PIN locked (to prevent unauthorised re-use of the SIM elsewhere), while still allowing the router to connect to the cellular service.

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When this feature is enabled, the PIN you enter when setting the Remember PIN feature is encrypted and stored locally on the router. The next time the SIM asks the router for the PIN, the router decrypts the PIN and automatically sends it to the SIM without user intervention.

When this feature is disabled and the SIM is PIN locked, the PIN must be manually entered via the router's configuration interface. In situations where the router will be unattended, this is not desirable.



Note – Select Remember PIN if you do not want to enter the PIN code each time the SIM is inserted.

Click the Save button. If successful, the router displays the following screen:

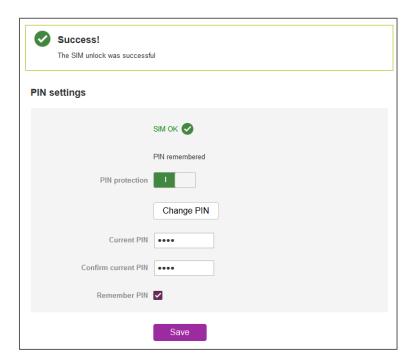


Figure 52 - SIM security settings - SIM unlock successful

Enabling/Disabling SIM PIN protection

The security PIN protection can be turned on or off using the PIN protection toggle key.



Figure 53 – PIN protection toggle key

Changing the SIM PIN code

If you would like to change the PIN, click the Change PIN button and enter the current PIN into the Current PIN and Confirm current PIN fields, then enter the desired PIN into the New PIN and Confirm new PIN fields and click the Save button.

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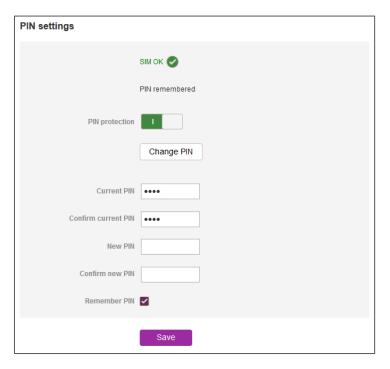


Figure 54 – PIN settings – Change PIN

When the PIN has been changed successfully, the following screen is displayed:

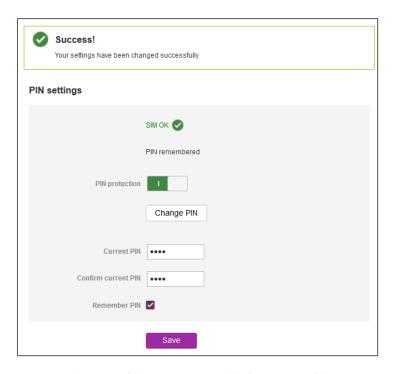


Figure 55 – SIM security settings – PIN change successful

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Unlocking a PUK locked SIM

After three incorrect attempts at entering the PIN, the SIM card becomes PUK (Personal Unblocking Key) locked and you are requested to enter a PUK code to unlock it.



Note – To obtain the PUK unlock code, you must contact your service provider.

You will be issued a PUK to enable you to unlock the SIM and enter a new PIN. Enter the new PIN and PUK codes.

Click the Save button when you have finished entering the new PIN and PUK codes.

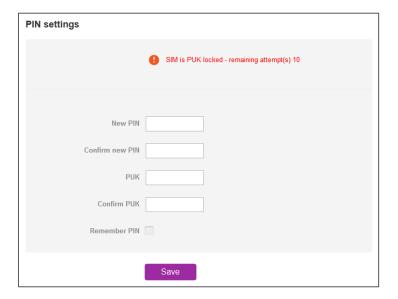


Figure 56 - SIM security - SIM PUK locked

Connect on demand

The connect on demand feature keeps the Packet Data Protocol (PDP) context deactivated by default while making it appear to locally connected devices that the router has a permanent connection to the mobile broadband network. When a packet of interest arrives or an SMS wake-up command is received, the router attempts to establish a mobile broadband data connection. When the data connection is established, the router monitors traffic and terminates the link when it is idle.



Note – When interesting packets arrive, the recovery time for the wireless WAN connection is approximately 20-30 seconds.

Configuring Connect on demand

To configure Connect on demand:

- Click the Networking menu item from the top menu bar.
- 2 On the Connect on demand page, click the Connect on demand toggle key so that it is ON. Extra options appear. Note that the selected profile drop-down list is greyed out and is used to display the currently selected default profile for which the Connect on demand configuration will apply. See the following sub-sections for further instructions.

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Connect on demand The connect on demand feature keeps the PDP context deactivated by default while making it appear that the router has permanent connection to WWAN and locally connected devices. When interesting packets arrive or an SMS wake-up command is received, the router will attempt to establish a WWAN data connection. The router will monitor traffic once the data connection is established and will terminate it when the link is idle. Connect on demand Selected profile Profile 1

Figure 57 – Connect on demand configuration options

Setting the router to dial a connection when traffic is detected on specific ports

In some situations, you may wish to have the internet connection disabled except at times when outbound traffic to a particular external host's port or group of ports is sent to the router. To use this feature, click Enable dial port filter and enter the port number or list of port numbers separated by commas. When you select this option, all outbound TCP/UDP packets to any remote host on the specified port(s) will trigger the connection to dial. Note that when this feature is enabled, the options to ignore specific packet types are not available.

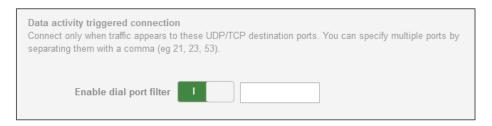


Figure 58 – Connect on demand – Data activity triggered connection

You can allow Microsoft network awareness (NCSI) traffic through but if you prefer that they do not trigger the connection, click the Ignore Microsoft network awareness (NCSI) traffic toggle key to set it to ON.



Figure 59 - Connect on demand - Ignore NCSI traffic

Excluding certain packet types from triggering the connection to dial

Depending on your environment, you might prefer to exclude certain types of traffic passing through the router from triggering the data connection. You can tell the router to ignore outbound TCP, UDP or ICMP packets. When any of these options are checked the router will not dial a connection when that type of outbound destined data packet reaches the router from a locally connected device.

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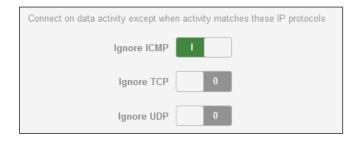


Figure 60 – Connect on demand – Excluding IP protocols

Excluding certain application types from triggering the connection to dial

Some devices may generate general traffic as a part of normal operation which you may not want to trigger the data connection. You can set the router to ignore Domain Name System (DNS), Network Time Protocol (NTP) or Microsoft network awareness (NCSI) traffic from devices behind the router. When you check the box for these options, it tells the router to ignore the request from that application type and will not dial a connection when this data type is received. Note that enabling Ignore Microsoft network awareness (NCSI) traffic also enables Ignore DNS and Ignore NTP.

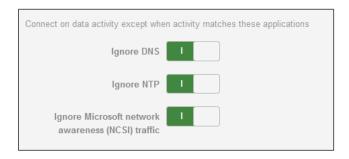


Figure 61 – Connect on demand – Excluding application types

Setting timers for connection and disconnection

The router has several timer settings which let you determine when a connection is dialled and when it is disconnected.

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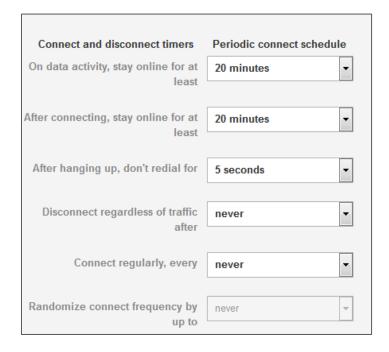


Figure 62 – Connect on demand – Connect and disconnect timers

| Option | Description |
|---|--|
| On data activity, stay online for at least | When traffic as per the configured settings above appear, the router will either continue to stay online, or dial a connection and will not disconnect it for the specified time period (min. 1 minute, max. 1 hour). This timer is continuously reset throughout the duration of a dial-up session, whenever data activity is detected matching the rules above. |
| After connecting, stay online for at least | This timer configures the router to not hang-up the connection for the specified time period after initially dialling the connection. This setting cannot be less than the keep online period above. This timer affects the connection only once per dial up session, at the beginning of the session. |
| After hanging up, don't redial for | After a connection has been disconnected, you can tell the router to rest for a period of time before re-dialling. |
| Disconnect regardless of traffic after | Forces the router to disconnect the connection regardless of the traffic passing through it. The default setting is never. |
| Connect regularly, every / Randomise connect frequency by up to | If you want to have the router dial a connection at regular intervals, use Connect regularly, every to specify the interval between dials. Setting this to never effectively disables this option. |
| | The router also features the ability to randomise the time at which the first dial action is performed. This is useful in situations such as where you have numerous routers in an area where a power outage has occurred. Setting a random dial time helps to reduce network congestion when all the routers are powered on so they do not all try to connect simultaneously. |
| | When Connect regularly, every is set to at least 2 minutes, you are able to configure the router to randomise the time it begins to dial. The randomised dial timer only affects the initial dial after the unit powers on or after the settings are saved. For example, if you configure the router to dial every 2 minutes with a randomised dial starting time of 1 minute, the router waits for the Connect regularly, every time (2 minutes) and then randomly selects a time less than or equal to the Randomise connect frequency by up |
| | to time (1 minute). After the randomly selected time has elapsed, the router dials the |

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| Option | Description |
|--------|---|
| | connection. After the first dial, the router dials the connection every 2 minutes, ignoring |
| | the Randomise connect frequency by up to time. |

Table 27 – Connect on demand – Connect and disconnect timers descriptions

Verbose mode

The router provides the option of logging all the data activity which matches the settings for the Connect on demand feature for advanced troubleshooting purposes. To enable the recording of detailed logs, click the Enable verbose mode toggle key to switch it ON. See the System log section for more information.



Figure 63 – Connect on demand – Verbose logging configuration

Manually connecting/disconnecting

There may be times when you need to either force a connection to be made or force a disconnection manually. You can use the Manual connect and Manual disconnect buttons to do this whenever necessary. The online status of the connection is displayed above the buttons.



Figure 64 - Connect on demand - Online/Offline control

When you have finished configuring the options for the Connect on demand feature, click the Save button at the bottom to save your changes.

SMS Wake up

The router can also be woken up by means of an SMS message using the SMS diagnostics feature by sending a zero byte class 1 flash SMS. See the Diagnostics section for details on using the SMS Wake up function.

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IAN

LAN configuration

The LAN configuration page is used to configure the LAN settings of the router and to enable or disable DNS Masquerading. To access the LAN configuration page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, then click on the LAN menu on the left.



Figure 65 – LAN configuration settings

The default IP of the LAN port is 192.168.1.1 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0. To change the IP address or Subnet mask, enter the new IP Address and/or Subnet mask and click the Save button.



Note – If you change the IP address, remember to refresh the Ethernet interface of your device or set an appropriate IP address range, then enter the new IP address into your browser address bar to access the router.

DNS masquerading

DNS masquerading allows the router to proxy DNS requests from LAN clients to dynamically assigned DNS servers. When enabled, clients on the router's LAN can then use the router as a DNS server without needing to know the dynamically assigned cellular network DNS servers.

With DNS masquerading ON, the DHCP server embedded in the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router hands out its own IP address (e.g. 192.168.1.1) as the DNS server address to LAN clients. The downstream clients then send DNS requests to the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router which proxies them to the upstream DNS servers.

With DNS masquerading OFF, the DHCP server hands out the upstream DNS server IP addresses to downstream clients directly, so that downstream clients send DNS requests directly to the upstream DNS servers without being proxied by the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router.

You may also override the DNS Masquerading option by specifying custom DNS Server IP addresses in the DHCP Server configuration mentioned in the next section of this guide. In this case the DHCP server assigns downstream devices the manually configured addresses and the DNS Masquerading option is ignored.

In most cases, it is not necessary to disable DNS masquerading but if you need to, click the DNS masquerading toggle key to turn it OFF and then click the Save button. DHCP

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The DHCP page is used to adjust the settings used by the router's built in DHCP Server which assigns IP addresses to locally connected devices. To access the LAN configuration page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the LAN menu on the left then select the DHCP menu item.

DHCP

DHCP relay configuration

In advanced networks configurations where the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router should not be responsible for DHCP assignment, but instead an existing DHCP server is located on the Wireless WAN or LAN connections, the clients behind the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router are able to communicate with the DHCP server when DHCP relay is enabled. This enables the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to accept client broadcast messages and to forward them onto another subnet.

To configure the router to act as a DHCP relay agent click the DHCP relay toggle key to turn it ON and enter the DHCP server address into the DHCP server address field. DHCP relay is disabled by default.



Figure 66 – DHCP relay configuration

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DHCP configuration

You can manually set the start and end address range to be used to automatically assign addresses within, the lease time of the assigned address, the default domain name suffix, primary and secondary DNS server, the primary and secondary WINS server, as well as the advanced DHCP settings such as NTP, TFTP and Option 150/Option 160 (VoIP options).

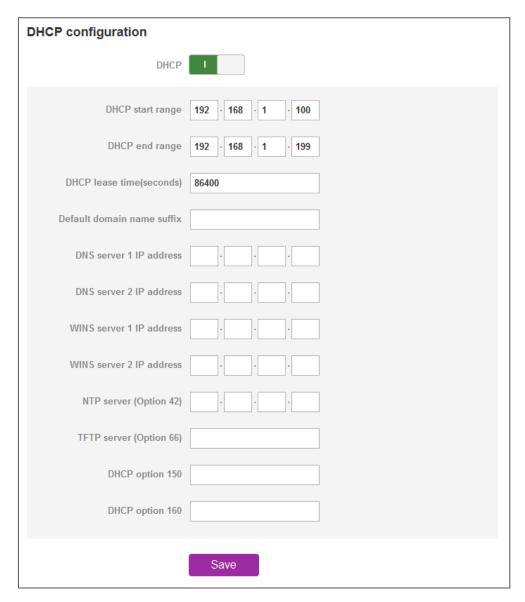


Figure 67 – DHCP configuration

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| Option | Description |
|----------------------------|--|
| DHCP start range | Sets the first IP address of the DHCP range |
| DHCP end range | Sets the last IP address of the DHCP range |
| DHCP lease time (seconds) | The length of time in seconds that DHCP allocated IP addresses are valid |
| Default domain name suffix | Specifies the default domain name suffix for the DHCP clients. A domain name suffix enables users to access a local server, for example, server1, without typing the full domain name server1.domain.com |
| DNS server 1 IP address | Specifies the primary DNS (Domain Name System) server's IP address. |
| DNS server 2 IP address | Specifies the secondary DNS (Domain Name System) server's IP address. |
| WINS server 1 IP address | Specifies the primary WINS (Windows Internet Name Service) server IP address |
| WINS server 2 IP address | Specifies the secondary WINS (Windows Internet Name Service) server IP address |
| NTP server (Option 42) | Specifies the IP address of the NTP (Network Time Protocol) server |
| TFTP Server (Option 66) | Specifies the TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) server |
| DHCP option 150 | This is used to configure Cisco IP phones. When a Cisco IP phone starts, if it is not preconfigured with the IP address and TFTP address, it sends a request to the DHCP server to obtain this information. Specify the string which will be sent as a reply to the option 150 request. |
| DHCP option 160 | This is used to configure Polycom IP phones. When a Polycom IP phone starts, if it is not pre-configured with the IP address and TFTP address, it sends a request to the DHCP server to obtain this information. Specify the string which will be sent as a reply to the option 160 request. |

Table 28 – DHCP configuration descriptions

Enter the desired DHCP options and click the Save button.

Address reservation list

DHCP clients are dynamically assigned an IP address as they connect, but you can reserve an address for a particular device using the address reservation list.

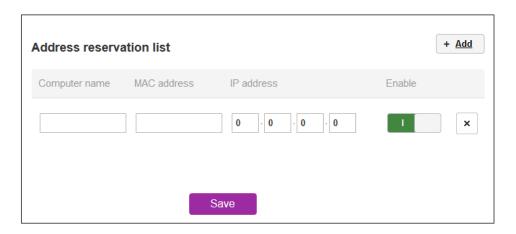


Figure 68 – DHCP – Address reservation list

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To add a device to the address reservation list:

- 1 Click the +Add button.
- 2 In the Computer Name field enter a name for the device.
- 3 In the MAC Address field, enter the device's MAC address.
- 4 In the IP Address fields, enter the IP address that you wish to reserve for the device.
- 5 If the Enable toggle key is not set to ON, click it to switch it to the ON position.
- 6 Click the Save button to save the settings.

Dynamic DHCP client list

The Dynamic DHCP client list displays a list of the DHCP clients. If you want to reserve the current IP address for future use, click the Clone button and the details will be copied to the address reservation list fields. Remember to click the Save button under the Address reservation list section to confirm the configuration.



Figure 69 – Dynamic DHCP client list

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Fthernet WAN/I AN

The Ethernet WAN/LAN pages provide configuration options for the two built-in Ethernet ports and any USB-to-Ethernet ports you may connect.

Interface assignment

The Interface assignment page displays the Ethernet interfaces and allows you to configure whether they operate in LAN or WAN mode.

To access the Ethernet group page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Ethernet WAN/LAN menu on the left then select the Interface assignment menu item.

The default failover sequence is as follows:

- **Ethernet WAN**
- 2 USB to Ethernet adapter (if configured)
- 3 **WWAN**

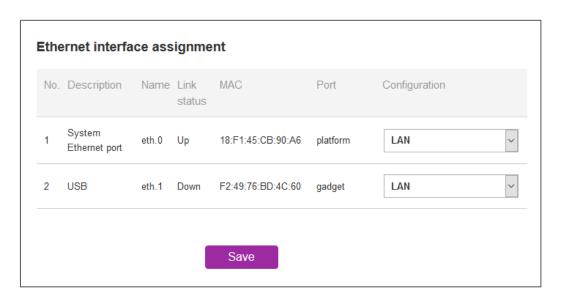


Figure 70 – Interface assignment page

| Option | Definition | |
|---------------|--|--|
| No. | A number identifying the interface on the router. | |
| Description | A description of the type of interface. | |
| Name | The name used to identify the interface on the router. | |
| Link status | Displays whether the interface is inserted | |
| MAC | The MAC address of the interface. | |
| Port | The type of port. | |
| Configuration | Use the drop-down list to select whether the port operates in LAN mode, WAN mode or is disabled. | |

Table 29 – Interface assignment page items

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WAN configuration

The WAN configuration page allows you to configure the connection type and metric of the available WAN connections. To access the Ethernet WAN page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Ethernet WAN/LAN menu on the left then select the WAN configuration menu item.

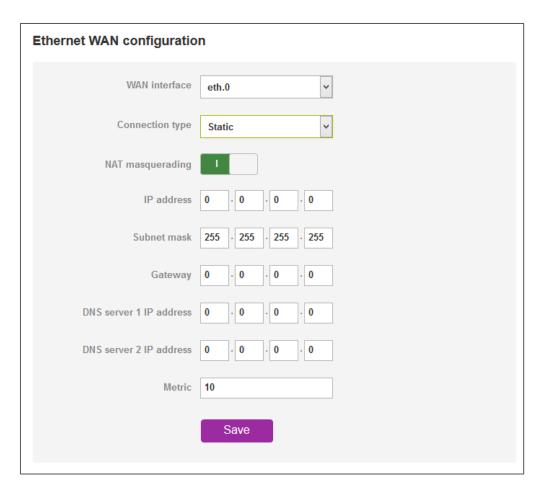


Figure 71 – Ethernet WAN configuration

| Option | Definition |
|-------------------------|---|
| WAN Ethernet | Use this field to select the WAN interface to configure. |
| Connection Type | Selects whether the WAN interface has static IP settings or DHCP. |
| IP address | The IP address to assign to the selected WAN interface. |
| Subnet mask | The Subnet mask of the IP address above. |
| Gateway | The gateway to assign this WAN interface. |
| DNS server 1 IP address | The first DNS server for the WAN interface. |
| DNS server 2 IP address | The second DNS server for the WAN interface. |
| Metric | The metric value is used to define the priority of the interface. Lower metric values indicate higher priority. |

Table 30 – Ethernet WAN configuration options

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IP-subnet based VLAN

The MachineLink 4G Lite router supports an IP subnet-based VLAN configuration whereby layer 2 VLAN headers are tagged depending on the layer 3 source/destination address and subnet information. Each Ethernet port verifies and tags the packets just before the port transmits on layer 1. In this IP subnet-based VLAN implementation, only outgoing packets may be tagged according to the source and destination subnet.

To configure IP-subnet based VLAN operation:

Click the IP-subnet based VLAN operation toggle key so that it is in the ON position.



Figure 72 – IP-subnet based VLAN operation toggle key

2 Under the VLAN list section, click the +Add button.



Figure 73 – VLAN list

3 Enter the VLAN ID, Ethernet port, Destination IP address/Mask and Source IP address/Mask in the appropriate fields.

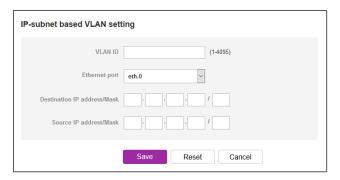


Figure 74 – IP-subnet based VLAN setting

| Option | Definition |
|-----------------------------|---|
| VLAN ID | This is an ID which is inserted into a packet header to identify which VLAN the packet belongs to. The valid range is 1-4095. |
| Ethernet port | Defines the Ethernet port that the VLAN is connected to. |
| Destination IP address/Mask | This is the destination of VLAN packets on your network expressed in CIDR notation. |
| Source IP address/Mask | The source of the VLAN packets expressed in CIDR notation. |

Table 31 - IP-subnet base VLAN

Click the Save button. For additional VLANs, repeat steps 2 to 4.

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PPPoF

If desired, you can have a client device connected to the Ethernet port initiate the mobile broadband connection using a PPPoE session. This is particularly useful in situations where you wish to provide Wireless WAN data access to an existing router which you want to have full public WAN IP access and have control over routing functionality. The PPPoE connection is established over the highest priority interface.

To configure PPPoE:

Select the Networking menu item from the top menu bar, then select the PPPoE menu on the left side of the screen. The PPPoE configuration screen is displayed.

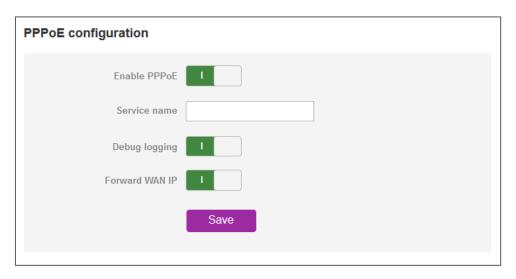


Figure 75 – PPPoE configuration

- 2 Click the Enable PPPoE toggle key so that it is ON.
- 3 (Optional) In the Service name field, enter a name to use for the connection. This name is displayed on the Status page to identify the PPPoE connection. Any name you enter here must also be entered in the PPPoE connection profile in order for it to work.
- 4 If you require additional logging to be made available, click the Debug logging toggle key so that it is in the ON position. This displays PPPoE negotiation details in the System log.
- 5 The Forward WAN IP option determines whether the router passes the WAN IP address on to the PPPoE client. When this option is set to ON the first PPPoE client to connect will receive the WAN IP address and no further clients will be able to make a connection. In this mode, the router transparently bridges the connection and many of the router's features are disabled. When this option is set to OFF, the router retains the WAN IP address and performs Network Address Translation (NAT) for connected clients. In this mode, you are able to connect multiple PPPoE clients and all of the router's features are available.
- 6 Click the Save button to confirm the settings.
- Click the Status menu item from the top menu bar. When Forward WAN IP is enabled, the status page shows a Transparent bridge mode section and displays the WAN IP.

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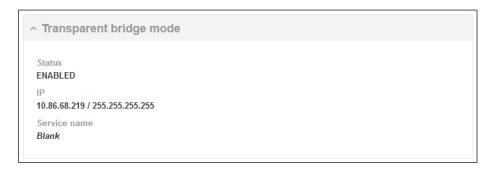


Figure 76 – Transparent bridge mode status

- Configure the properties of the interface that the PPPoE connection will use (determined by WAN priority) in order to provide 8 authentication credentials. Each interface uses the authentication credentials configured on the router for that particular interface, not those entered in the PPPoE client. For example, when using WWAN as the PPPoE interface, enter the username and password on the Data connection profile settings before connecting. See the Manually configuring a connection profile section for more detail.
- Use your downstream device to initiate a network connection using a PPPoE client.

WAN failover

The WAN failover page displays a summary of the configured WAN interfaces and their priorities (Metric). Lower metric values determine higher priority. The priority of the interfaces can be adjusted using the up and down arrows in the Priority column. When the interface with the highest priority goes down, the router fails over to the next highest priority interface. The method used to determine whether an interface is "up" or "down" is defined by the Monitor setting. By default, an interface is monitored by its link status, but it may be configured to be monitored by pings instead.

To access the WAN failover page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen then click on the WAN failover menu item on the left.

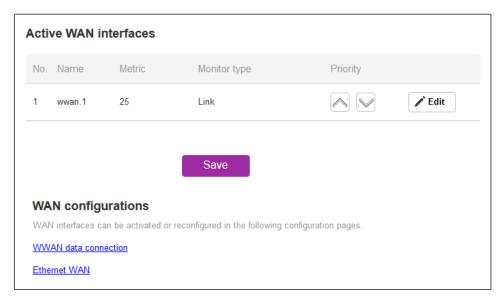


Figure 77 – WAN summary

To edit an interface, select the edit icon for the interface you wish to edit. The Failover configuration page is displayed.

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Hardware link

When Monitoring method is set to Hardware link the failover mechanism is controlled by the physical detection of the link. When the physical link to eth.0 is broken (i.e. the cable is disconnected or some other hardware fault causes the physical connection to fail), the router fails over to the WAN interface with the next highest priority (metric).

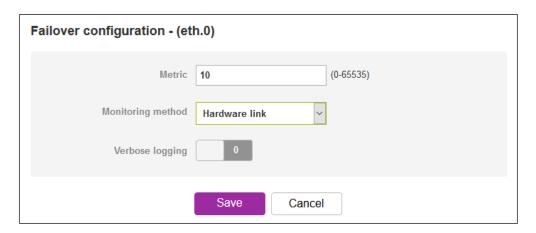


Figure 78 - Failover configuration - hardware link

| Option | Description |
|-------------------|---|
| Priority | The priority (metric) is a numeric value which determines which interface has priority. Lower priority values mean higher priority. |
| Monitoring method | Specifies the means used to determine whether the link is up or down. |
| Verbose logging | When enabled, this logs verbose comments in the system log related to the failover monitoring. |

Table 32 - Failover configuration - Hardware link monitoring

Ping monitor

When Monitoring method is set to Ping, controlled ping packets can be used to determine the status of the link. These are small packets of data that the router sends to a remote address and if the connection is up, a reply is received. They are sent indefinitely at regular intervals that you specify. At each interval, 3 pings are sent to the first destination address and 3 pings are sent to the second destination address configured for each WAN interface to test the availability of the interface. The pings sent at each interval are from here on referred to as an "instance" of pings.

Ping timers

The Periodic ping timer setting sets a regular interval at which an instance of pings is sent to test the availability of an interface.

The Retry timer setting is activated only when all pings in an instance sent at the Periodic ping timer interval fail and is used to set a different, usually shorter, interval to speed up the router's response to an interface failure.

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Methods of evaluating ping responses

For simplicity, we recommend using only one of the two methods of evaluating the ping responses. The available methods are:

- Consecutive errors using this method, the router will determine the availability of an interface based on a set number of consecutive ping instance responses.
- Periodic ratio monitor using this method, the router will determine the availability of an interface based on a set ratio of ping instance successes or failures to the number of attempts.

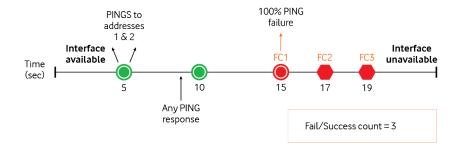
It should be noted that the Periodic ratio monitor evaluates an interface over a series of ping instances (defined by the Total monitor count) and when the series has completed, the success and fail counts are reset. For example, with the default Total monitor count value set to 10 and Failover fail count set to 5, the router sends 10 ping instances and if 4 of those instances fail and the first instance of the next series of 10 fails, the router will not fail over because the 5 failed instances occurred across a different series.

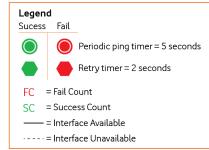
Failing over to a lower priority interface

Each WAN interface is independently monitored according to its own distinct settings, following the processes outlined below.

- At a regular interval stipulated by the Periodic ping timer setting, the router sends 3 ping requests via the interface to both the first and second destination addresses simultaneously. If it receives a reply to any of those pings on the interface, it is considered to be up and the router continues pinging on the interface at the Periodic ping timer interval.
- If the router does not receive a response to all six pings on the interface by the start of the next Periodic ping timer interval, it registers this failure as a Fail count and continues to send pings to both destination addresses at the Retry timer interval (typically set at a shorter interval than the Periodic ping timer since there may be a problem). If a response is received to any of those pings, the router returns to sending pings according to the Periodic ping timer setting.
- However, if after another period defined by the Retry timer setting the router again does not receive a response to any of the pings, it registers another Fail count.
- The router repeats the retry process until one of the following conditions is met:
 - it receives a ping response and returns to testing the interface according to the Periodic ping timer;
 - the number configured in the Failover fail count field (under Consecutive error monitor) is reached, in which case the interface is marked as unavailable and the router automatically reroutes packets according to the configured priorities of the remaining interfaces;
 - iii the number of Failover fail count pings (under Periodic ratio monitor) is reached within a particular series of the Monitor total count, in which case the interface is marked as unavailable and the router automatically reroutes packets according to the configured priorities of the remaining interfaces.

Consecutive error monitor failover example



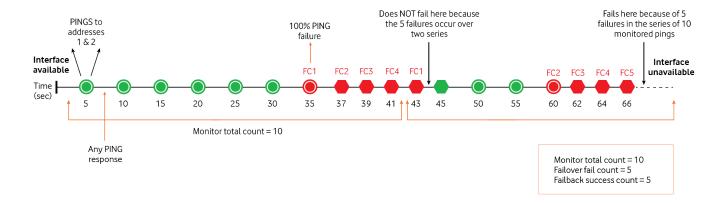


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Periodic ratio monitor failover example

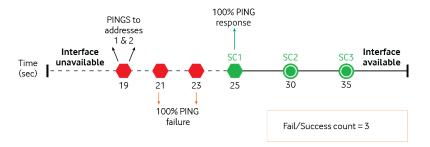


Failing back to a higher priority interface

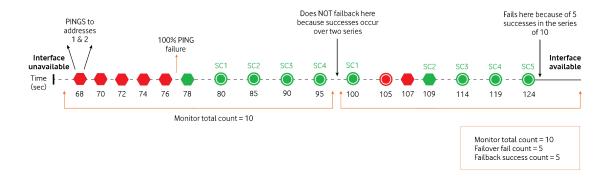
The process for returning an unavailable interface to an available state is similar to the above process. When an interface is marked unavailable by the ping monitor, the router continues to retry pings to the two destination addresses via that interface according to the Periodic ping timer setting until one of the following conditions is met:

- it receives a 100% successful response to the six pings for a number of consecutive periods that equal the configured Failback success count setting
- the number of Failback success count pings (under Periodic ratio monitor) is reached within a particular series of the Monitor total count, in which case the router continues pinging at the Periodic ping timer interval and marks the interface as available. The router automatically reroutes packets according to the configured priorities of the available interfaces.

Consecutive error monitor failback example



Periodic ratio monitor failback example



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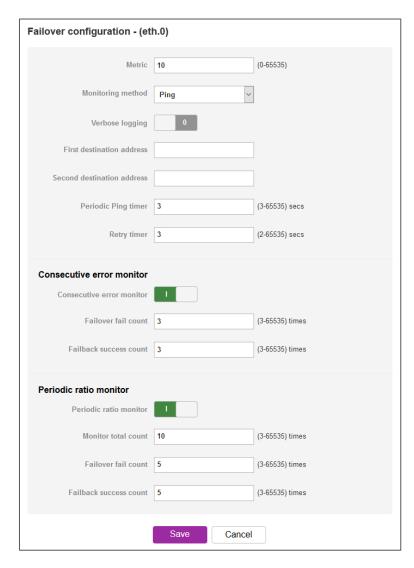


To configure the ping monitoring method:

1 Select the Edit button corresponding to the interface with the lowest metric (highest priority).



2 Use the Monitoring method drop down list to select Ping.



- In the First destination address field, enter a website address or IP address to which the router should send the first round of ping requests.
- 4 In the Second destination address field, enter a website address or IP address to which the router should send the second round of ping requests.
- In the Periodic Ping timer field, enter an integer between 3 and 65535 for the number of seconds the router should wait between ping attempts.
- In the Retry timer field, enter an integer between 2 and 65535 for the number of seconds the router should wait between retry ping attempts, i.e. pings to the second destination address.

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To simplify configuration, we recommend using only one of the monitor types at any point in time i.e. either the Consecutive error monitor or the Periodic ratio monitor.

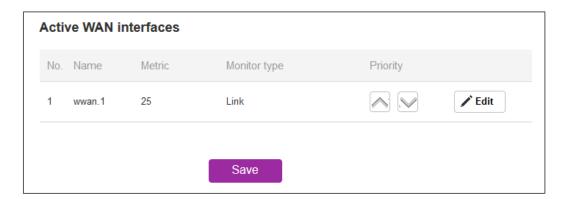
Consecutive error monitor

- To use the Consecutive error monitor type, click the Consecutive error monitor toggle key so that it is in the ON position.
- In the Failover fail count field, enter an integer between 3 and 65535 for the number of times a retry ping should fail before b the router fails over to the next WAN interface.
- In the Failback success count field, enter an integer between 3 and 65535 for the number of times a periodic ping should succeed before the router fails back to the higher priority interface.
- d Click the Save button when you have finished entering your settings.

Periodic ratio monitor

- To use the Periodic ratio monitor, set the Fail/success count field to 0. а
- b In the Monitor total count field, enter an integer between 3 and 65535 for the number of previous pings to consider for failover and failback.
- If you do not wish to use the periodic ratio monitor, set this to 0. In the Failover fail count field, enter the number of pings out of the total count that must fail before the router fails over to the next highest priority WAN interface.
- In the Failback success count field, enter the number of pings out of the total count that must succeed before the router fails back to the higher priority WAN interface.

The Active WAN interfaces are displayed once again, this time showing that the Ping monitor type is in use for the interface.



Click the Save button to save the settings. The WAN failover configuration is complete.

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The table below describes each field on the Failover configuration screen.

| Option | Description | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Metric | The metric is a numeric value which determines which interface has priority. Lower priority values mean higher priority. | |
| Monitoring method | Specifies the means used to determine whether the link is up or down. | |
| Verbose logging | When enabled, this logs verbose comments in the system log related to the failover monitoring. | |
| First destination address | The first address the router that the router should ping in order to confirm the connection is up. This may be an IP address or a domain name. | |
| Second destination address | The second address the router that the router should ping in order to confirm the connection is up. This may be an IP address or a domain name. | |
| Periodic Ping timer | The time in seconds between ping attempts. | |
| Retry timer | The time in seconds between attempts when a ping failure occurs. | |
| Consecutive error mor | nitor | |
| Failover fail count | The number of failed pings that must occur before the monitor fails the connection over to the next interface. | |
| Failback success | The number of successful pings that must occur before the monitor fails the connection back to the | |
| count | higher priority interface. | |
| Periodic ratio monitor | | |
| Monitor total count | This field specifies a series of pings to consider when calculating whether to fail over or fail back. When the series is completed, the router repeats the ping test and resets the Failover fail count/Failback success count, therefore, in order for the failover or failback ratio to be met, the number of Failover fail counts/Failback success counts must occur within a particular series. | |
| Failover fail count | This field specifies the number of failed ping results that must occur within a series of pings configured in the Monitor total count before the router fails over to the next highest priority interface. For example, at the default setting of 5, the router fails over to the next interface when 5 out of 10 ping attempts in a particular series have failed. The failures need not be consecutive to meet the failover criteria. If any 5 of the 10 pings in a series have failed, the router deems the interface connection to be down and fails over. | |
| Failback success count | Like the Failover fail count field, this field specifies the number of ping successes that must be registered on a higher priority interface within a series of pings configured in the Monitor total count before the router fails back to that interface. | |

Table 33 – Failover configuration – Ping monitoring

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Routing

Static

Static routing is the alternative to dynamic routing used in more complex network scenarios and is used to facilitate communication between devices on different networks. Static routing involves configuring the routers in your network with all the information necessary to allow the packets to be forwarded to the correct destination. If you change the IP address of one of the devices in the static route, the route will be broken.

To access the Static routing page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the Static menu item.

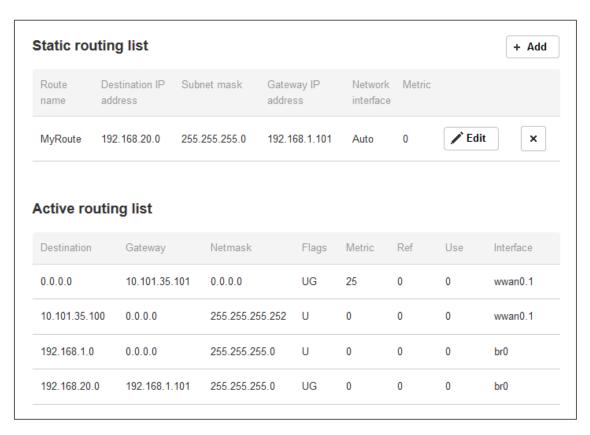


Figure 79 – Static routing list

Some routes are added by default by the router on initialization such as the Ethernet subnet route for routing to a device on the Ethernet subnet.

Adding Static Routes

To add a new route to the static routing list, click the +Add button. The Static routes page appears.

- 1 In the Route name field, type a name for the route so that it can be identified in the static routing list.
- 2 From the Network interface drop down list, select the interface for which you would like to create a static route.
- 3 In the Destination IP address field, enter the IP address of the destination of the route.
- 4 In the Destination subnet mask field, enter the subnet mask of the route.
- In the Gateway IP address field, enter the IP address of the gateway that will facilitate the route.

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- 6 In the Metric field enter the metric for the route. The metric value is used by the router to prioritise routes. The lower the value, the higher the priority. To give the route the highest priority, set it to 0.
- 7 Click the Save button to save your settings.

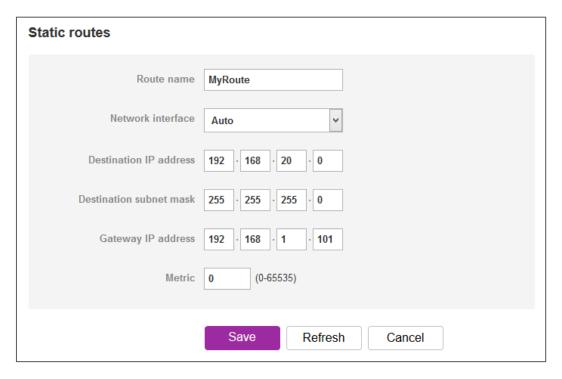


Figure 80 – Adding a static route

Setting a default gateway with two active connection profiles

When two connection profiles are active, all outbound traffic will be sent via the profile configured as the default gateway (See Data connection). If you wish to configure traffic to a network to go through a particular gateway, there are two methods available:

- Use the static routing method described above.
- Add the details of the remote network to the connection profile configuration.

For example:

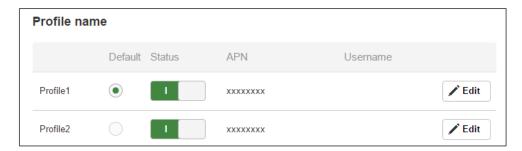


Figure 81 – Routing – edit connection profile

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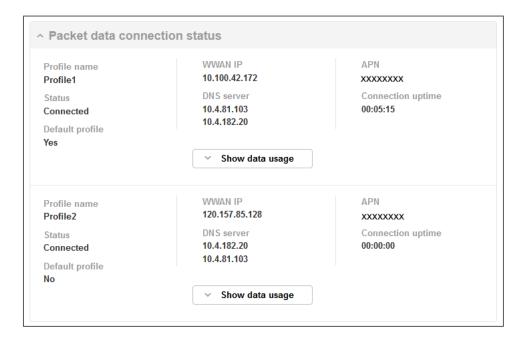


Figure 82 - Routing - Default gateway with two active connection profiles

In the example configuration above, Profile 1 and Profile 2 are both active and Profile 1 is configured as the default gateway. All outbound traffic is sent via Profile 1.

To specify that outbound traffic to remote network 123.121.120.X (as an example) goes via Profile 2:

Click the Networking menu at the top of the screen and then click the Edit button next to Profile 2.



Figure 83 – Routing – Edit Profile 2

Scroll to the bottom of the window and in the Profile routing settings section, enter the address of the remote network and the 2 subnet mask. A subnet is an identifiably separate part of a network and a subnet mask is the notation used to denote the subnet. Take care when configuring the subnet mask that the internal IP address of the router is in a different subnet than the remote network.

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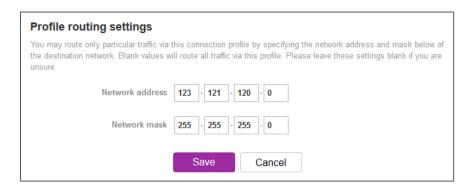


Figure 84 - Routing - adding remote network address and mask

3 Click the Save button to save the settings. All outbound traffic to 123.121.120.X addresses are now routed through Profile 2.

Active routing list

Static routes are displayed in the Active routing list.

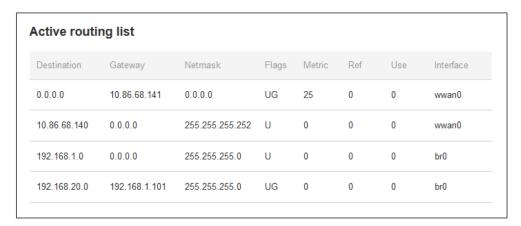


Figure 85 – Active routing list

Deleting static routes





Figure 86 – Deleting a static route

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RIP

RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is used for advertising routes to other routers. Thus all the routes in the router's routing table will be advertised to other nearby routers. For example, the route for the router's Ethernet subnet could be advertised to a router on the PPP interface side so that a router on this network will know how to route to a device on the router's Ethernet subnet. Static routes must be added manually according to your requirements. See Adding Static Routes.

To access the RIP configuration page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the RIP menu item.



Note - Some routers will ignore RIP.

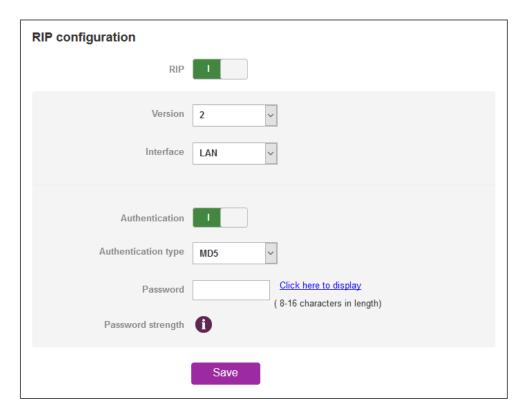


Figure 87 – RIP configuration

To enable Routing Information Protocol (RIP)

- 1 Click the RIP toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 Using the Version drop down list, select the version of RIP that you would like to use.
- 3 Select the interface for which you want RIP to apply. You can choose the LAN interface, the WWAN interface or Both.
- If you wish to turn on authentication, toggle the Authentication toggle key to the ON position, use the Authentication type drop 4 down list to select the method of authentication then enter password in the Password field.
- 5 Click the Save button to confirm your settings.

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Redundancy (VRRP) configuration

Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) is a non-proprietary redundancy protocol designed to increase the availability of the default gateway servicing hosts on the same subnet. This increased reliability is achieved by advertising a "virtual router" (an abstract representation of primary and backup routers acting as a group) as a default gateway to the host(s) instead of one physical router. Two or more physical routers are then configured to stand for the virtual router, with only one doing the actual routing at any given time. If the current physical router that is routing the data on behalf of the virtual router fails, an arrangement is made for another physical router to automatically replace it. The physical router that is currently forwarding data on behalf of the virtual router is called the primary router. Routers are given a priority of between 1 and 255 and the router with the highest priority is assigned as the primary.

A virtual router must use 00-00-5E-00-01-XX as its (MAC) address. The last byte of the address (XX) is the Virtual Router Identifier (VRID), which is different for each virtual router in the network. This address is used by only one physical router at a time and is the only way that other physical routers can identify the primary router within a virtual router.

To access the Redundancy (VRRP) page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the Redundancy (VRRP) menu item.

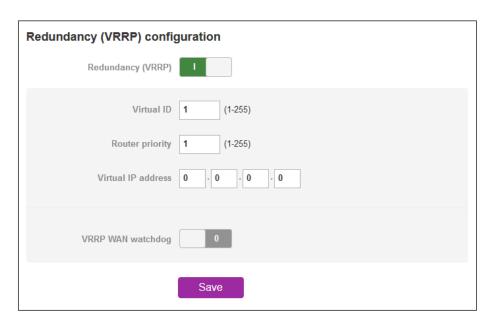


Figure 88 – VRRP configuration

To configure VRRP, configure multiple devices as follows and connect them all via an Ethernet network switch to downstream devices.

- 1 Click the Redundancy (VRRP) toggle key to activate VRRP.
- 2 In the Virtual ID field, enter an ID between 1 and 255. This is the VRRP ID which is different for each virtual router on the network.
- In the Router priority field, enter a value for the priority a higher value is a higher priority.
- 4 The Virtual IP address field is used to specify the VRRP IP address this is the virtual IP address that both virtual routers share.
- 5 Click the Save button to save the new settings.



Note – Configuring VRRP changes the MAC address of the Ethernet port and therefore if you want to resume with the web configuration you must use the new IP address (VRRP IP) or clear the arp cache (old MAC address) on a command prompt by typing:

arp -d <ip address> (i.e. arp -d 192.168.1.1)

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Using the VRRP WAN watchdog

By default, VRRP WAN watchdog is disabled. When it is disabled, VRRP monitors the status of the primary and backup routers by the physical link. When enabled, the VRRP WAN watchdog feature monitors the status of the connection by both the physical link and controlled ping packets. Refer to the Ping monitor section for more information on how to configure the watchdog.

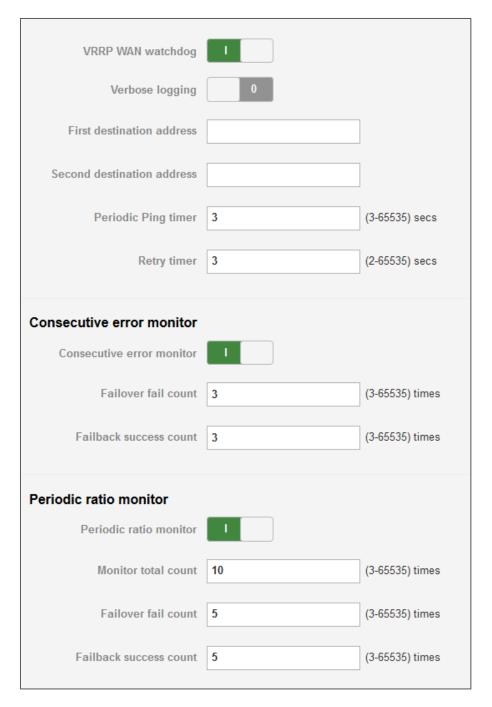


Figure 89 – VRRP WAN watchdog configuration

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Port forwarding

The Port forwarding list is used to configure the Network Address Translation (NAT) rules currently in effect on the router. To access the Port forwarding page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the Port forwarding menu item.



Figure 90 – Port forwarding list

The purpose of the port forwarding feature is to allow mapping of inbound requests to a specific port on the WAN IP address to any connected device.

Adding a port forwarding rule

To create a new port forwarding rule:

- Click the +Add button. The port forwarding settings screen is displayed.
- 2 Use the Protocol drop down list to select the type of protocol you want to use for the rule. The protocols selections available are TCP, UDP and All.
- 3 In the Source IP Address field, enter a "friendly" address that is allowed to access the router or a wildcard IP address (0.0.0.0) that allows all IP addresses to access the router.
- 4 The Original destination port range (From) and (To) fields are used to specify the port(s) on the source side that are to be forwarded. This allows you to send a range of consecutive port numbers by entering the first in the range in the (From) field and the last in the range in the (To) field. To forward a single port, enter the port in the (From) field and repeat it in the (To) field.
- 5 In the Destination IP address field, enter the IP address of the client to which the traffic should be forwarded.
- 6 The Destination Port Range (From) and (To) fields are used to specify the port(s) on the destination side that are to be forwarded. If the Source port range specifies a single port then the destination port may be configured to any port. If the Source port range specifies a range of port numbers then the Destination port range must be the same as the Source port range.
- Click the Save button to confirm your settings.

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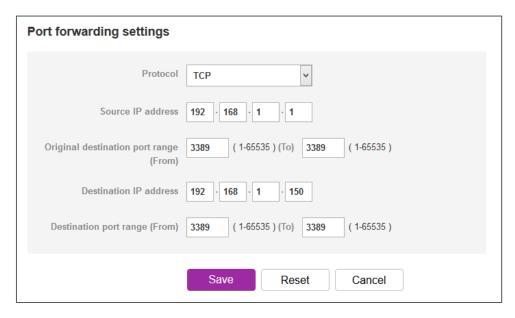


Figure 91 – Port forwarding settings



DMZ

The Demilitarized Zone (DMZ) allows you to configure all incoming traffic on all protocols to be forwarded to a selected device behind the router. This feature can be used to avoid complex port forwarding rules, but it exposes the device to untrusted networks as there is no filtering of what traffic is allowed and what is denied. The DMZ configuration page is used to specify the IP Address of the device to use as the DMZ host.

To access the DMZ page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the DMZ menu item.



Figure 92 – DMZ configuration

- 1 Click the DMZ toggle key to turn the DMZ function ON.
- 2 Enter the IP Address of the device to be the DMZ host into the DMZ IP Address field.
- 3 Click the Save button to save your settings.

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Router firewall

The Router firewall page is used to enable or disable the in-built firewall on the router. When enabled, the firewall performs stateful packet inspection on inbound traffic from the wireless WAN and blocks all unknown services, that is, all services not listed on the Services configuration page of the router.

With respect to the other Routing options on the Networking page, the firewall takes a low priority. The priority of the firewall can be described as:

DMZ > MAC/IP/Port filtering rules > MAC/IP/Port filtering default rule > Router firewall rules

In other words, the firewall is of the lowest priority when compared to other manual routing configurations. Therefore, a MAC/IP/Port filtering rule takes priority in the event that there is a conflict of rules. When DMZ is enabled, MAC/IP/Port filtering rules and the router firewall are ignored but the router will still honour the configuration of the Remote router access control settings listed under Administration Settings.

To access the DMZ page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the Router firewall menu item.



Figure 93 – Router firewall toggle key

IPS firewall

Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS) work together with, but in a different manner than, system firewalls to prevent unauthorised access to your network and potentially malicious attacks. It provides a few more levels of security protection for your system from external threats.

Firewalls are rules-based and allow or exclude broad ranges of types of traffic that do not meet the criteria. IPS monitors and analyses individual inbound data packets to identify threats. Be aware that an IPS should not be considered a replacement for a well-defined firewall but should be seen as one more defensive weapon in your network security arsenal: firewalls, anti-virus software, etc.

IPS filters are interposed between the firewall and the other MachineLink 4G Lite functionality. It uses a variety of sophisticated techniques to monitor traffic flows and analyse inbound packets to determine whether they constitute network threats and, if so, to deny them access. The IPS firewall allows different levels of protection to be selectively applied, to thwart a threat specifically identified. A logging function to record the operation of the service and the results of its analysis is also included.

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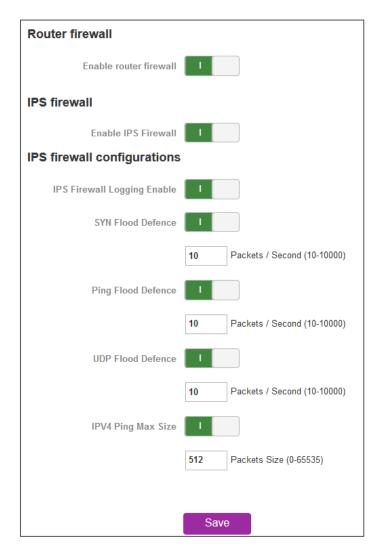


Figure 94 - IPS firewall enabled.

| Option | Description |
|--------------------------------|--|
| IPS firewall | |
| Enable IPS firewall | Toggles the IPS firewall function ON or OFF. |
| | When Enable IPS Firewall is set to OFF the IPS options in the IPS Firewall configurations section will be hidden |
| IPS firewall configur | ations |
| IPS Firewall logging Enable | Enables logging of attack on the system log. |
| SYN Flood Defence | Blocks attacks in which an attacker sends a succession of SYN requests to a target's system to consume enough server resources to make the system unresponsive to legitimate traffic. The default value is 10 packets per second. |
| Ping Flood Defence | Blocks malicious ICMP flooding attack. The default value is 10 packets per second. |
| UDP Flood Defence | Blocks attacks in which the attacker overwhelms ports on the targeted host with IP packets containing UDP datagrams. The default value is 10 packets per second. |
| IPv4 Ping Max Size | Blocks ICMP packets larger than the configured packet size to protect against Ping of Death attacks. The default packet length is 512 Bytes. |

Table 34 – IPS firewall configuration options

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MAC / IP / Port filtering

The MAC/IP/Port filter feature allows you to apply a policy to the traffic that passes through the router, both inbound and outbound, so that network access can be controlled. When the filter is enabled with a default rule of "Accepted", all connections will be allowed except those listed in the "Current MAC / IP / Port filtering rules in effect" list. Conversely, when the default rule is set to "Dropped", all connections are denied except for those listed in the filtering rules list.

To access the MAC / IP / Port filtering page, click on the Networking menu at the top of the screen, click on the Routing menu on the left, then click on the MAC / IP / Port filtering menu item.

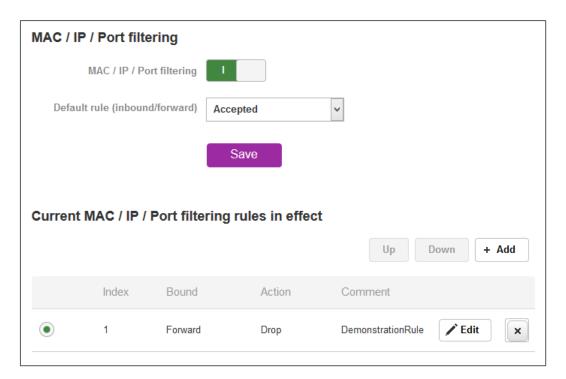


Figure 95 - MAC / IP / Port filtering



Note – When enabling MAC / IP / Port filtering and setting the default rule to "Dropped", you should ensure that you have first added a filtering rule which allows at least one known MAC/IP to access the router, otherwise you will not be able to access the user interface of the router without resetting the router to factory default settings.

Creating a MAC / IP / Port filtering rule

To create a filtering rule:

- Click the MAC / IP / Port filtering toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- Using the Default rule (inbound/forward) drop down list, select the default action for the router to take when traffic reaches it. By default, this is configured to Accepted. If you change this to Dropped, you should first configure a filter rule that allows at least one device access to the router, otherwise you will effectively be locked out of the router.
- Click the Save button to confirm the default rule. 3
- 4 In the Current MAC / IP / Port filtering rules in the effect section, click the +Add button.

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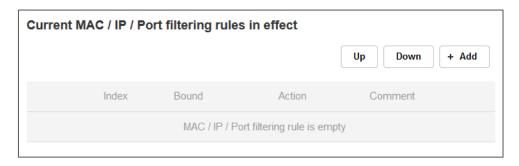


Figure 96 – Current MAC / IP/ Port filtering rules in effect

5 Enter the details of the rule in the section that is displayed and click the Save button.

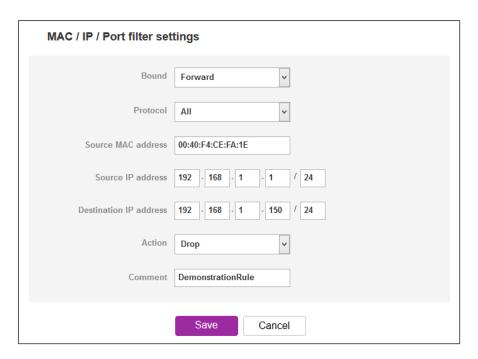


Figure 97 – MAC / IP / Port filtering settings

| Option | Description |
|------------------------|---|
| Bound | Use the drop-down list to select the direction of the traffic for which you |
| | want to apply to the rule. Inbound refers to all traffic that is entering the |
| | router including data entering from the WAN and the LAN. Outbound refers |
| | to all traffic exiting the router including traffic leaving in the direction of the |
| | WAN and traffic leaving in the direction of the LAN. Forward specifies traffic |
| | that enters on the LAN or WAN side and is forwarded to the opposite end. |
| Protocol | Use the drop-down list to select the protocol for the rule. You can have the |
| | rule apply to All protocols, TCP, UDP, UDP/TCP or ICMP. |
| Source MAC Address | Enter the MAC address in six groups of two hexadecimal digits separated by |
| | colons (:). e.g. 00:40:F4:CE:FA:1E |
| Source IP Address | Enter the IPv4 address that the traffic originates from and the subnet mask |
| | using CIDR notation. |
| Destination IP Address | Enter the IPv4 address that the traffic is destined for and the subnet mask |
| | using CIDR notation. |

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| Option | Description |
|---------|--|
| Action | Select the action to take for traffic which meets the above criteria. You can choose to Accept or Drop packets. When the default rule is set to Accept, you cannot create a rule with an Accept action since the rule is redundant. Likewise, if the default rule is set to Dropped you cannot create a rule with a Drop action. |
| Comment | [Optional] Use this field to enter a comment as a meaningful description of the rule. |

Table 35 – Current MAC / IP / Port filtering rules in effect





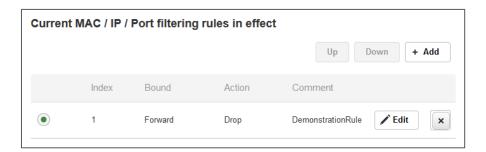


Figure 98 – Completed filtering rule







Note – VPN, IPSec and GRE tunneling functions are not available for equipment imported or sold in the Russian Federation

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) is a tunnel providing a private link between two networks or devices over a public network. Data to be sent via a VPN needs to be encapsulated and as such is generally not visible to the public network.

The advantages of a VPN connection include:

- **Data Protection**
- Access Control
- Data Origin Authentication
- Data Integrity

Each VPN connection has different configuration requirements. The following pages detail the configuration options available for the different VPN connection types.

IPSec

IPSec operates on Layer 3 of the OSI model and as such can protect higher layered protocols. IPSec is used for both site to site VPN and Remote Access VPN. The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router supports IPsec end points and can be configured with Site to Site VPN tunnels with third party VPN routers.

Configuring an IPSec VPN

From the menu at the top of the screen, click Networking and under the VPN section, click IPSec. A list of configured IPSec VPN connections is displayed.



Figure 99 - IPSec VPN List

Click the +Add button to begin configuring an IPSec VPN connection.

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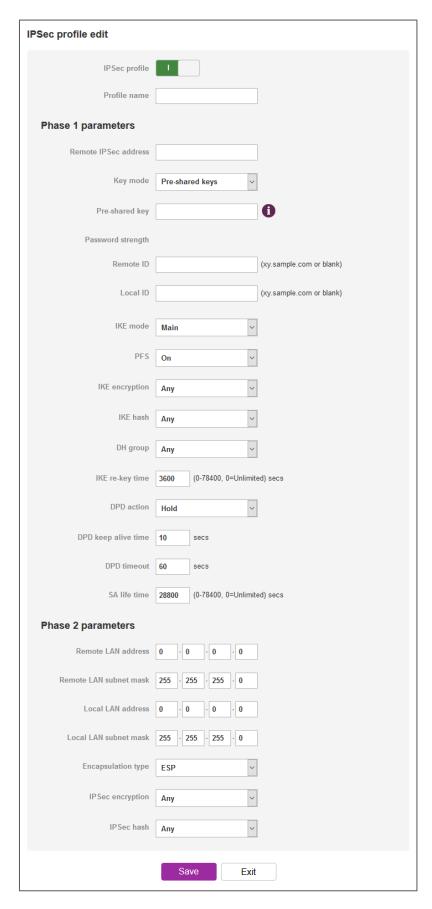


Figure 100 - IPSec profile edit

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The following table describes each of the fields of the IPSec VPN Connection Settings page.

| ltem | Definition |
|--------------------------|---|
| IPSec profile | Enables or disables the VPN profile. |
| Profile name | A name used to identify the VPN connection profile. |
| Phase 1 parameters | , |
| Remote IPSec address | The IP address or domain name of the IPSec server. |
| | Select the type of key mode in use for the VPN connection. You can select from: |
| Key mode | Pre Shared Key |
| ney mode | RSA keys |
| | Certificates |
| | SCEP client |
| Pre-shared key | The pre-shared key is the key that peers used to authenticate each other for Internet Key Exchange. The pre-shared key must meet the requirements for a strong password. See the Configuring a strong password section. |
| Update Time | Displays the last time the key was updated. |
| Local RSA Key Upload | Select the RSA key file for the local router here by clicking the Browse button. |
| Remote RSA Key Upload | Select the RSA key file for the remote router here by clicking the Browse button. |
| Private key Passphrase | The Private key passphrase of the router is the passphrase used when generating the router's private key using OpenSSL CA. |
| Key / Certificate | Select the type of key or certificate to use for authentication. You can select Local private key, Local public certificate, Remote public certificate, CA certificate, CRL certificate. |
| IPSec Certificate Upload | Select the IPSec certificate to upload by clicking the Browse button. |
| Remote ID | Specifies the domain name of the remote network. |
| Local ID | Specifies the domain name of the local network. |
| IKE mode | Select the IKE mode to use with the VPN connection. You can choose Main, Aggressive or Any. |
| PFS | Choose whether Perfect Forward Secrecy is ON or OFF for the VPN connection. |
| IKE encryption | Select the cipher type to use for the Internet Key Exchange. |
| IKE hash | Select the IKE Hash type to use for the VPN connection. The hash is used for authentication of packets for the key exchange. |
| DH group | Select the desired Diffie-Hellman group to use. Higher groups are more secure but also require longer to generate a key. |
| IKE re-key time | Enter the time in seconds between changes of the encryption key. To disable changing the key, set this to 0. |
| DPD action | Select the desired Dead Peer Detection action. This is the action to take when a dead Internet Key Exchange Peer is detected. |
| DPD keep alive time | Enter the time in seconds for the interval between Dead Peer Detection keep alive messages. |





| Item | Definition |
|------------------------|--|
| DPD timeout | Enter the time in seconds of no response from a peer before Dead Peer Detection times out. |
| SA life time | Enter the time in seconds for the security association lifetime. |
| Phase 2 parameters | |
| Remote LAN address | Enter the IP address of the remote network for use on the VPN connection. |
| Remote LAN subnet mask | Enter the subnet mask in use on the remote network. |
| Local LAN address | Enter the IP address of the local network for use on the VPN connection. |
| Local LAN subnet mask | Enter the subnet mask in use on the local network. |
| Encapsulation type | Select the encapsulation protocol to use with the VPN connection. You can choose ESP, AH or Any. |
| IPSec encryption | Select the IPSec encryption type to use with the VPN connection. |
| IPSec hash | Select the IPSec hash type to use for the VPN connection. The hash is used for authentication of packets for the VPN connection. |

Table 36 – IPSec Configuration Items

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Configuring IPSec using an SCEP certificate

When adding or editing an IPSec profile, use the Key mode drop down list to select SCEP client and then enter the Distinguished Name details of the remote peer's certificate in the Remote ID field. They should be entered in the following format:

C=<Two-digit country code>, ST=<State>, L=<Locality>, O=<Organisation>, OU=<Organisational Unit>, CN=<Common Name>.

For example:

C=AU, ST=NSW2, L=LaneCove2, O=NetComm2, OU=SW2, CN=nwl2222222999

See the below screenshot for an example configuration.

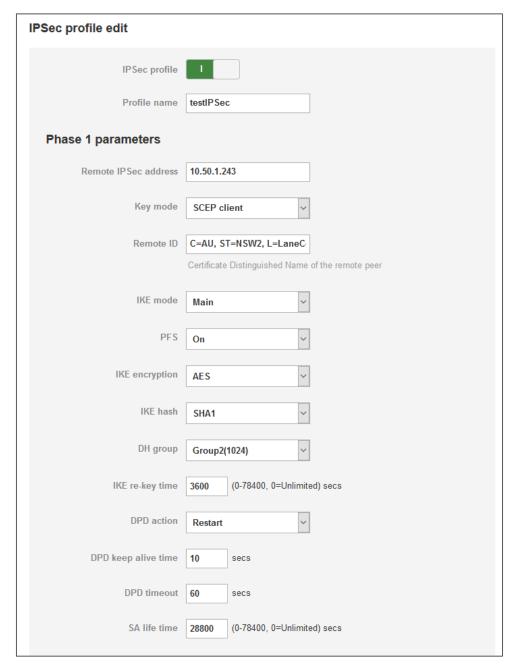


Figure 101 – Configuring IPSec using an SCEP certificate

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OpenVPN

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) program for creating point-to-point or server-to-multi-client encrypted tunnels between host computers. It can traverse network address translation (NAT) and firewalls and allows authentication by certificate, preshared key or username and password. OpenVPN works well through proxy servers and can run over TCP and UDP transports. Support for OpenVPN is available on several operating systems, including Windows, Linux, OS X, Solaris, OpenBSD, FreeBSD, NetBSD and QNX.

Configuring an Open VPN connection

From the menu at the top of the screen, click Networking and from the VPN section on the left, click OpenVPN. A list of configured OpenVPN VPN connections is displayed.

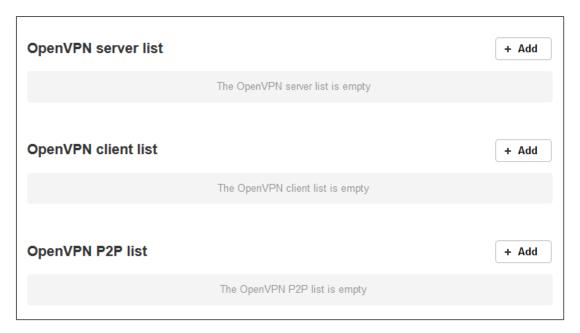


Figure 102 – OpenVPN VPN List

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Configuring an OpenVPN Server

When you select the +Add button to add an OpenVPN server, the router checks whether there are existing server certificates. If no server certificate is found, you are informed that you must generate a certificate before configuring the OpenVPN server.



Click on the OK button to be taken to the Server certificate page. For more information on generating server certificates, refer to the Server certificate section of this guide. When you have created the certificate, return to the OpenVPN server configuration page and continue with the steps below.

To configure an OpenVPN Server:

- Click the OpenVPN profile toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 Type a name for the OpenVPN server profile you are creating.
- 3 In the Type drop down list, select the OpenVPN connection type (TUN/TAP). Default is TUN.
- Use the Server port field to select a port number and then use the drop-down list to select a packet type to use for your OpenVPN 4 Server. The default OpenVPN port is 1194 and default packet type is UDP.
- 5 In the VPN network address and VPN network subnet mask fields, enter the IP address and network subnet mask to assign to your VPN. This is ideally an internal IP address which differs from your existing address scheme.
- 6 The Server certificates section displays the details of the certificate. If you wish to change the certificate, click the Change button.
- 7 HMAC or Hash-based Message Authentication Code is a means of calculating a message authentication code through the use of a cryptographic hash function and a cryptographic key. If you wish to use the HMAC signature as an additional key and level of security, under the SSL/TLS handshake section, click the Use HMAC Signature toggle key so that it is in the ON position, then click the Generate button so that the router can randomly generate the key. The Server key timestamp field is updated with the time that the key was generated. Click the Download button to download the key file so that it can be uploaded on the client.
- 8 Select an Authentication type. Authentication may be done using a Certificate or Username / Password.

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Certificate Authentication

In the Certificate Management section, enter the required details to create a client certificate. All fields are required. When you have finished entering the details, click the Generate button.

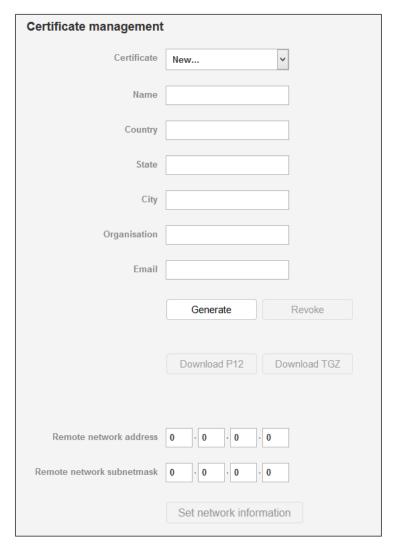


Figure 103 – OpenVPN server configuration – Certificate management

When it is done, you can click the Download P12 button or the Download TGZ button to save the certificate file depending on which format you would like. If for some reason the integrity of your network has been compromised, you can return to this screen and use the Certificate drop down list to select the certificate and then press the Revoke button to disable it.

Optional: To inform the OpenVPN server of the network address scheme of the currently selected certificate, enter the network address and network subnet mask in the respective fields and click the Set network information button. If you do not enter the remote subnet here, any packet requests from the server to the client will not be received by the client network because it is not aware of the remote client's subnet.





| OpenVPN server edit | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| OpenVPN profile | 1 |
| Profile name | |
| Туре | TUN |
| Server port | 1194 UDP 🔻 |
| VPN network address | |
| VPN network subnet mask | 255 255 |
| Server certificates | |
| Not before | May 18 05:30:31 2015 GMT |
| Not after | May 15 05:30:31 2025 GMT |
| Country | AU |
| State | NSW |
| City | Sydney |
| Organisation | NetComm Wireless |
| Email | u ær@do main.com |
| | Change |
| SSL/TLS handshake | |
| Use HMAC Signature Server key timestamp | 2015-05-18 06:56:17 |
| , , | Generate Download |
| | Generate |
| Authentication type | Certificate Username / Password |
| Certificate managemen | |
| Certificate | New |
| Name | |
| Country | |
| State | |
| City | |
| Organisation | |
| Email | |
| | Generate Revoke |
| | |
| | Download P12 Download TGZ |
| | |
| Remote network address | 0 . 0 . 0 |
| Remote network subnetmask | 0 . 0 . 0 |
| | Set network information |
| | |
| | Save Exit |
| | |

Figure 104 – OpenVPN server profile settings





Username / Password Authentication

In the Username/Password section, enter the username and password you would like to use for authentication on the OpenVPN Server. Click the Download CA certificate or Download CA TGZ depending on file format button to save the ca.crt file. This file will need to be provided to the client.



Note - If you wish to have more than one client connect to this OpenVPN server, you must use Certificate authentication mode as Username/Password only allows for a single client connection.

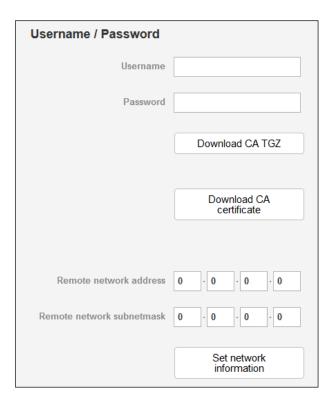


Figure 105 – OpenVPN Server – Username / Password section

Optional: To inform the OpenVPN server of the network address scheme of the currently selected certificate, enter the network address and network subnet mask in the respective fields and click the Set Network Information button. If you do not enter the remote subnet here, any packet requests from the server to the client will not be received by the client network because it is not aware of the remote client's subnet.

When you have finished entering all the required information, click Save to finish configuring the OpenVPN server.

Configuring an OpenVPN Client

- 1 Click the OpenVPN profile toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 In the Profile name field, type a name for the OpenVPN client profile you are creating.
- 3 In the Server IP address field, type the WAN IP address /host domain name of the OpenVPN server.
- 4 Select OpenVPN connection type (TUN/TAP). Default is TUN.
- 5 Use the Server port field to select a port number and then use the drop-down list to select a packet type to use for the OpenVPN server. The default OpenVPN port is 1194 and default packet type is UDP.

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- If the Default gateway option is applied on the OpenVPN client page, the OpenVPN server will enable connections to be made to 6 other client networks connected to it. If it is not selected, the OpenVPN connection allows for secure communication links between this router and the remote OpenVPN server only.
- Use the Authentication type options to select the Authentication type that you would like to use for the OpenVPN client.

Certificate Authentication

In the Certificate upload section at the bottom of the screen, click the Choose a file button and locate the certificate file you downloaded when you configured the OpenVPN server. When it has been selected, click the Upload button to send it to the router.

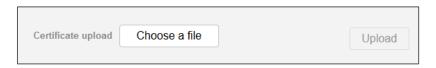


Figure 106 – OpenVPN client – Certificate upload

Username / Password Authentication

Enter the username and password to authenticate with the OpenVPN server.



Figure 107 - OpenVPN Client - Username/Password section

- Use the Choose a file button to locate the CA certificate file you saved from the OpenVPN Server and then press the Upload button 2 to send it to the router.
- Click the Save button to complete the OpenVPN Client configuration. 3
- If you have an additional SSL/TLS key created on the server, click on the Use HMAC Signature toggle key so that it is in the ON 4 position. Select the Choose a file button then locate the key file on your computer. Click the Upload button to upload it to the router.

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5 Click the Save button to save your settings.

Certificate and Username / Password Authentication

This is a combination of both the Certificate and Username / Password authentication methods providing additional levels of security since the client must know the username / password combination and be in possession of the certificate.

Configuring an OpenVPN P2P Connection

To configure an OpenVPN peer-to-peer connection:

- 1 Set the OpenVPN profile toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 In the Profile name field, type a name for the OpenVPN P2P profile you are creating.
- 3 On the router designated as the server, leave the Server IP address field empty. On the router designated as the client, enter the WAN IP address/host domain name of the server.



Figure 108 – OpenVPN P2P mode settings

Use the Server port field to select a port number and then use the drop-down list to select a packet type to use for the OpenVPN 4 server. The default OpenVPN port is 1194 and default packet type is UDP.

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- 5 In the Local IP Address and Remote IP Address fields, enter the respective local and remote IP addresses to use for the OpenVPN tunnel. The client should have the reverse settings of the server.
- 6 Under the Remote network section, enter the network Address and network Subnet mask. The Network Address and Network Mask fields inform the server of the LAN address scheme of the client.
- 7 Press the Generate button to create a secret key to be shared with the client. When the timestamp appears, you can click the Download button to save the file to exchange with the other router.
- 8 When you have saved the secret key file on each router, use the Choose a file button to locate the secret key file for the server and then press the Upload button to send it to the client. Perform the same for the other router, uploading the client's secret key file to server.
- 9 When they are uploaded click the Save button to complete the peer-to-peer OpenVPN configuration.

PPTP client

The Point-to-Point Tunnelling Protocol (PPTP) is a method for implementing virtual private networks using a TCP and GRE tunnel to encapsulate PPP packets. PPTP operates on Layer 2 of the OSI model and is included on Windows computers.

Configuring the PPTP client

To configure the PPTP client:

From the menu bar at the top of the screen, click Networking and then from the VPN section on the left side of the screen, click PPTP client. The PPTP client list is displayed.



Figure 109 - PPTP client list

Click the +Add button to begin configuring a new PPTP client profile. The PPTP client edit screen is displayed. 2

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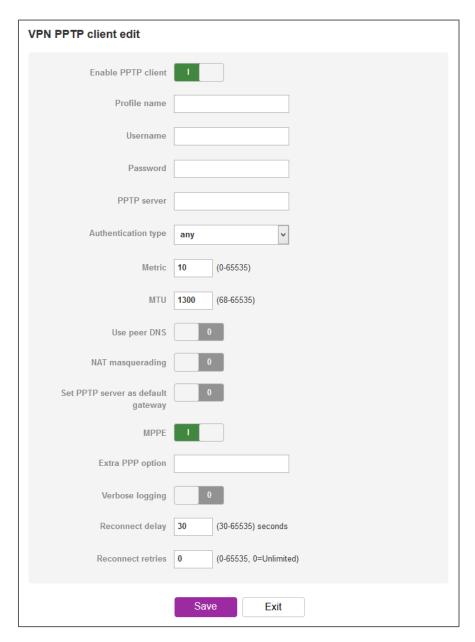


Figure 110 - VPN PPTP client edit

- Click the Enable PPTP client toggle key to switch it to the ON position. 3
- 4 In the Profile name field, enter a profile name for the tunnel. This may be anything you like and is used to identify the tunnel on the router.
- 5 Use the Username and Password fields to enter the username and password for the PPTP account.
- In the PPTP server field, enter the IP address /host domain name of the PPTP server. 6
- From the Authentication type drop down list, select the Authentication type used on the server. If you do not know the authentication method used, select any and the router will attempt to determine the correct authentication type for you. There are 5 authentication types you can choose from:
 - CHAP uses a three way handshake to authenticate the identity of a client.

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- MS-CHAP v1 This is the Microsoft implementation of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol for which support was dropped in Windows® Vista.
- MS-CHAP v2 This is the Microsoft implementation of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol which was introduced in Windows® NT 4.0 and is still supported today.
- PAP The Password Authentication Protocol uses a password as a means of authentication and as such, is commonly supported. PAP is not recommended because it transmits passwords unencrypted and is not secure.
- EAP Extensible Authentication Protocol. An Authentication protocol commonly used in wireless networks.
- The Metric value helps the router to prioritise routes and must be a number between 0 and 65535. The default value is 30 and should not be modified unless you are aware of the effect your changes will have.
- Enter the size of the MTU. This is the Maximum Transmission Unit and on a Vodafone data connection, the maximum value is 1340 bytes. The PPTP tunnel has a 40 byte overhead meaning the maximum value that this should be set to is 1300.
- The Use peer DNS option allows you to select whether the remote clients will use the Domain Name Server of the PPTP server. Click the toggle key to set this to ON or OFF as required.
- 11 NAT masquerading allows the router to modify the packets sent and received to inform remote computers on the internet that packets originating from a machine behind the router actually originated from the WAN IP address of the router's internal NAT IP address. Click the toggle key to switch this to the ON position if you want to use this feature.
- Set PPTP server as default gateway sets all outbound data packets to go out through the PPTP tunnel. Click the toggle key to 12 switch this to the ON position if you want to use this feature.
- 13 The MPPE toggle key turns the Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption feature on or off. This is used to secure transmissions. Set this
- In the Extra PPP option field, specify any extra commands or parameters that you wish to use when the PPP connection is established.
- The Verbose logging option sets the router to output detailed logs regarding the PPTP connection in the System Log section of the 15 router interface.
- The Reconnect delay is the time in seconds that the router will wait before attempting to connect to the PPTP server in the event 16 that the connection is broken. The minimum time to wait is 30 seconds so as to not flood the PPTP server with connection requests, while the maximum time to wait is 65335 seconds.
- The Reconnect retries is the number of connection attempts that the router will make in the event that the PPTP connection goes down. If set to 0, the router will retry the connection indefinitely, otherwise the maximum number of times to retry cannot be greater than 65335.
- Click the Save button to save the changes. The VPN will attempt to connect after your click Save. Click the Status button at the top 18 left of the interface to return to the status window and monitor the VPN's connection state.

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GRE tunnelling

The Generic Route Encapsulation (GRE) protocol creates a point-to-point connection similar to a VPN between clients and servers or between clients only. GRE is used to encapsulate the data or payload.

Configuring GRE tunnelling

To configure GRE tunnelling:

From the menu bar at the top of the screen, click Networking and then from the VPN section on the left side of the screen, click GRE tunnelling. The GRE client list is displayed.



Figure 111 – GRE client list

Click the +Add button to begin configuring a new GRE tunnelling client profile. The GRE Client Edit screen is displayed.

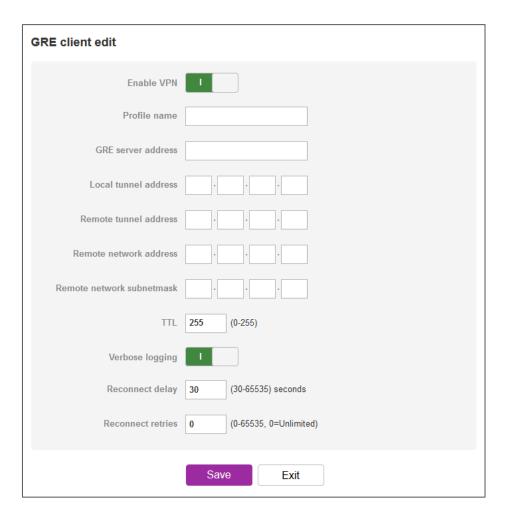


Figure 112 – GRE client edit

3 Click the Enable VPN toggle key to switch it to the ON position.

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- In the Profile name, enter a profile name for the tunnel. This may be anything you like and is used to identify the tunnel on the router.
- 5 In the GRE server address field, enter the IP address or domain name of the GRE server.
- 6 In the Local tunnel address field, enter the IP address you want to assign the tunnel locally.
- 7 In the Remote tunnel address field, enter the IP address you want to assign to the remote tunnel.
- In the Remote network address field, enter the IP address scheme of the remote network. 8
- 9 In the Remote network subnetmask field, enter the subnet mask of the remote network.
- The TTL (Time To Live) field is an 8-bit field used to remove an undeliverable data packet from a network to avoid unnecessary 10 network traffic across the internet. The default value of 255 is the upper limit on the time that an IP datagram can exist. The value is reduced by at least one for each hop the data packet takes to the next router on the route to the datagram's destination. If the TTL field reaches zero before the datagram arrives at its destination the data packet is discarded and an error message is sent back to the sender.
- The Verbose logging option sets the router to output detailed logs regarding the GRE tunnel in the System Log section of the 11 router interface.
- The Reconnect delay is the time in seconds that the router will wait before attempting to connect to the GRE server if the 12 connection is broken. The minimum time to wait is 30 seconds so as to not flood the GRE server with connection requests, while the maximum time to wait is 65335 seconds.
- The Reconnect retries is the number of connection attempts that the router will make if the GRE connection goes down. If set to 0, the router will retry the connection indefinitely, otherwise the maximum number of times to retry cannot be greater than 65335.
- Click the Save button to save the changes. The VPN will attempt to connect after your click Save. Click the Status button at the top left of the interface to return to the status window and monitor the VPN's connection state.

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SCEP client

The Simple Certificate Enrolment Protocol (SCEP) is a popular protocol used to make the issuing of digital certificates as scalable as possible. It allows for a network user to request a digital certificate electronically and simply, removing the necessity for network administrators to provide input thereby freeing them up to perform more important tasks. The MachineLink 4G Lite router includes an SCEP client allowing you to connect to an SCEP server.

To configure the SCEP client:

Click on the SCEP client toggle key so that it is in the ON position. Additional configuration options are displayed.



Figure 113 – SCEP client toggle key

2 In the Server URL field, enter the address of the SCEP server. Your network administrator will be able to provide this information.



Figure 114 - Server URL

- 3 If no CA certificates are displayed, select the Query server button.
- 4 When the certificates have loaded, use the CA signature certificate and CA encryption certificate drop down lists to select the appropriate certificates. You must select a certificate for both the signature and encryption certificate fields.



Figure 115 – CA signature and CA encryption certificates

5 In the Challenge password field, enter the password required to issue the certificate. This password may change at regular intervals. Your network administrator will be able to provide the password.



Figure 116 – Challenge password

6 In the Renew before expiry (days) field, enter the number of days before the certificate expires that the certificate should be renewed. If you do not wish to renew the certificate before expiry, set this to 0.

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Figure 117 – Renew before expiry (days)

7 In the Retry timer field, enter the number of seconds that the SCEP client should wait before it attempts to query the server and download the issued certificate.



Figure 118 – Retry timer

8 The Country (C), State (S), Locality (L), Organisation (O), Organisational Unit (OU) and Common Name (CN) fields comprise the Distinguished Name of the certificate being issued. Complete all fields to create the Distinguished Name.

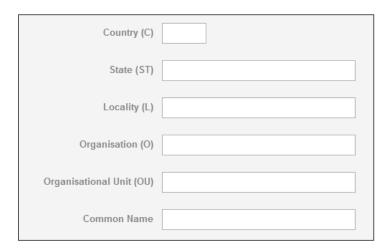


Figure 119 – Distinguished Name fields

| Field name | Description | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Country | he country code for the certificate. See the Server certificate section for a list of country codes. | |
| State | he state for the certificate. | |
| Locality | he locality for the certificate. | |
| Organisation | The name of the organisation using the certificate. | |
| Organisational Unit | Used to identify the organisational unit. | |
| Common Name | Used to identify the connection to the server. | |

Table 37 - Distinguished Name field descriptions

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Use the Digest algorithm field to select the cryptographic hash type to use for the certificate. This will depend on the SCEP server. If unsure, contact your IT administrator.



Figure 120 - Digest algorithm

Use the Permitted string types drop down list to select the strings allowed in the Distinguished Name fields.



Figure 121 – Permitted string types

When all the details have been entered, click the Save button. Wait for the period defined in the Retry timer field and then reload the page (e.g. by pressing F5 or clicking on the SCEP client menu item). If the SCEP server issues a certificate, it appears in the SCEP client certificate section. See below for an example screenshot.

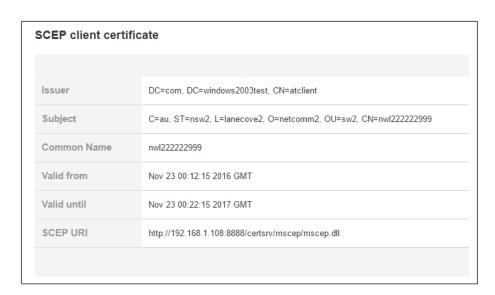


Figure 122 – SCEP client certificate

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Dynamic DNS

The DDNS page is used to configure the Dynamic DNS feature of the router. A number of Dynamic DNS hosts are available from which to select. To access the Dynamic DNS page, click on the Services menu at the top of the screen then click on the Dynamic DNS menu item on the left.

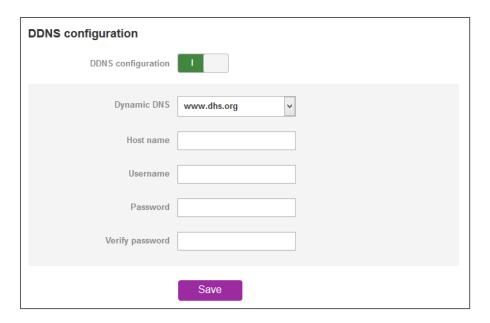


Figure 123 – Dynamic DNS settings

Dynamic DNS provides a method for the router to update an external name server with the current WAN IP address.

To configure dynamic DNS:

- Click the DDNS configuration toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 From the Dynamic DNS drop down list, select the Dynamic DNS service that you wish to use. The available DDNS services available are:
 - www.dhs.org
 - www.dyndns.org
 - www.easydns.com
 - www.no-ip.com
 - www.zoneedit.com
- 3 Enter your hostname in the Host name field.
- In the Username and Password fields, enter the logon credentials for your DDNS account. Enter the password for the account again in the Verify password field.
- 5 Click the Save button to save the DDNS configuration settings.

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Network time (NTP)

The NTP (Network Time Protocol) settings page allows you to configure the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to synchronize its internal clock with a global Internet Time server and specify the time zone for the location of the router. This provides an accurate timekeeping function for features such as System Log entries and Firewall settings where the current system time is displayed and recorded. Any NTP server available publicly on the internet may be used. The default NTP server is 0.netcomm.pool.ntp.org.

To access the Network time (NTP) page, click on the Services menu at the top of the screen then click on the Network time (NTP) menu item on the left.

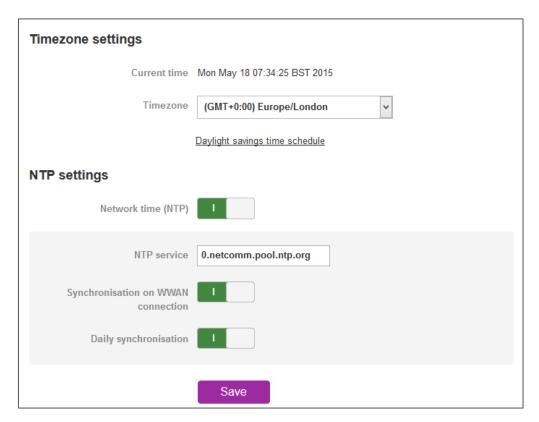


Figure 124 – NTP settings

Configuring Timezone settings

To configure time zone settings:

- The Current time field shows the time and date configured on the router. If this is not accurate, use the Time zone drop down list to select the correct time zone for the router. If the selected zone observes daylight savings time, a Daylight savings time schedule link appears below the drop-down list. Click the link to see the start and end times for daylight savings.
- When you have selected the correct time zone, click the Save button to save the settings.

Configuring NTP settings

To configure NTP settings:

- 1 Click the Network time (NTP) toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 In the NTP service field, enter the address of the NTP server you wish to use.

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- 3 The Synchronization on WWAN connection toggle key enables or disables the router from performing a synchronization of the time each time a mobile broadband connection is established.
- 4 The Daily synchronisation toggle key enables or disables the router from performing a synchronization of the time each day.
- 5 When you have finished configuring NTP settings, click the Save button to save the settings.

Data stream manager

The data stream manager provides you with the ability to create mappings between two endpoints on the router. These endpoints may be physical or virtual, for example, a serial port connected to the router's USB port could be configured as an endpoint or you could configure a TCP Server as an endpoint. You can then configure a virtual data tunnel or "stream" between the endpoints.

The data stream manager provides a wide range of possibilities including the forwarding and translation of data between any of the endpoints. For example, you could send the GPS data from the built-in module to a TCP server running on the router. In each case, the logical flow of the stream is from Endpoint A to Endpoint B.

Customers interested in developing their own applications to create custom endpoints and streams can contact NetComm Wireless about our Software Development Kit.

Endpoints

The first thing to be done in order to create a data stream is to define the endpoints. There are 6 types of endpoint that may be configured:

- Serial port (generic)
- TCP Server
- TCP Client
- **UDP** Server
- **UDP Client**
- **GPS Data**
- User defined executable
- RS232 port
- RS422 port
- RS 485 port
- Modem emulator
- PPP server
- IP modem
- TCP connect-on-demand

To access the Endpoints page, click on the Services menu at the top of the screen, click on the Data stream manager menu then click on the Endpoints menu item on the left.

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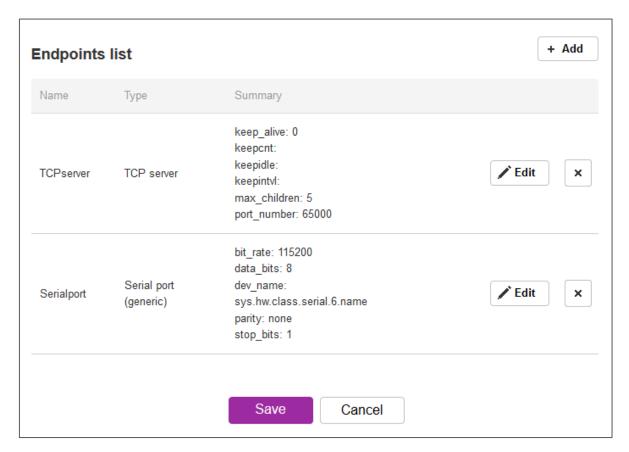


Figure 125 – Endpoints list

To create an endpoint:

Click the **+Add** button on the right side of the page. A pop-up window appears.

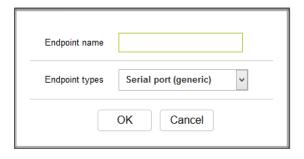


Figure 126 – Creating an endpoint

- 2 In the **Endpoint name** field, type a name for this endpoint. The name can contain alphanumeric characters only i.e. A-Z, a-z, 0-9.
- 3 Use the **Endpoint types** drop down list to select the type of endpoint to configure.





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Serial port (generic): When a USB to Serial cable is used, this creates a generic serial port as an endpoint defaulting to the commonly used settings as shown below.

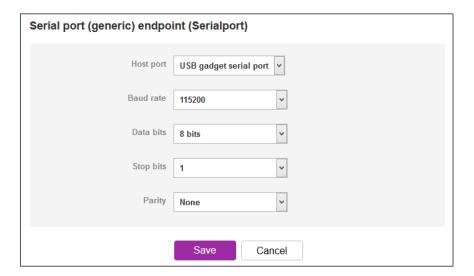


Figure 127 – Serial port (generic) endpoint configuration

TCP server: This creates a TCP server endpoint with the following options available.

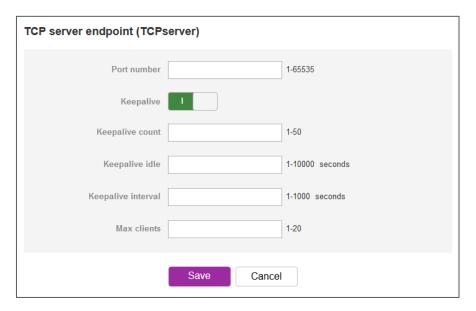


Figure 128 – TCP server endpoint configuration

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TCP client: This creates a TCP client endpoint with the following options available. The retry timeout period specifies the number of seconds to wait between attempts to re-establish a connection in the event that it is lost. The client will attempt re-connection indefinitely every Retry timeout interval.

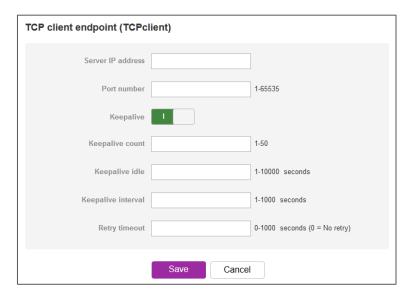


Figure 129 – TCP client endpoint configuration

UDP server: This creates a UDP server endpoint with the following options available.



Figure 130 – UDP server endpoint configuration

UDP client: This creates a UDP client endpoint with the following options available. The retry timeout period specifies the number of seconds to wait between attempts to re-establish a connection in the event that it is lost. The client will attempt re-connection indefinitely every Retry timeout interval.

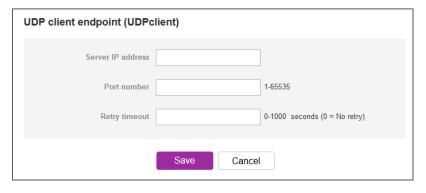


Figure 131 – UDP client endpoint configuration

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GPS data: This creates a GPS data endpoint.



Figure 132 – GPS data endpoint configuration

User defined executable: Allows you to specify an executable and parameters to be used as an endpoint. For example, the following executable reads the phone module temperature every second.

while true; do rdb_get wwan.0.radio.temperature; sleep 1; done The temperature can then be sent to another endpoint.



Figure 133 – User defined executable endpoint configuration

RS232 / RS485 / RS422 port: These endpoint types all use the built-in serial port. When one of these endpoints is used to create a stream, the hardware switches to accommodate the chosen serial communication interface.

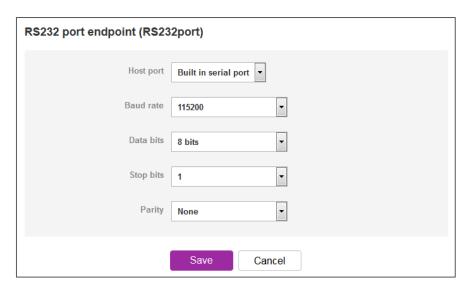


Figure 134 – RS232 / RS485 / RS422 port configuration options



Note – For detailed information about half duplex RS-485 and full duplex RS-422 refer to Appendix F – Serial port wiring section on page 217.

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Modem emulator: Modem emulator allows you to connect legacy equipment such as an RTU or PLC to the serial port of the router in place of a traditional dial-up modem. The MachineLink 4G Lite router emulates the dial-up modem's behaviour and passes the serial data over the IP network.

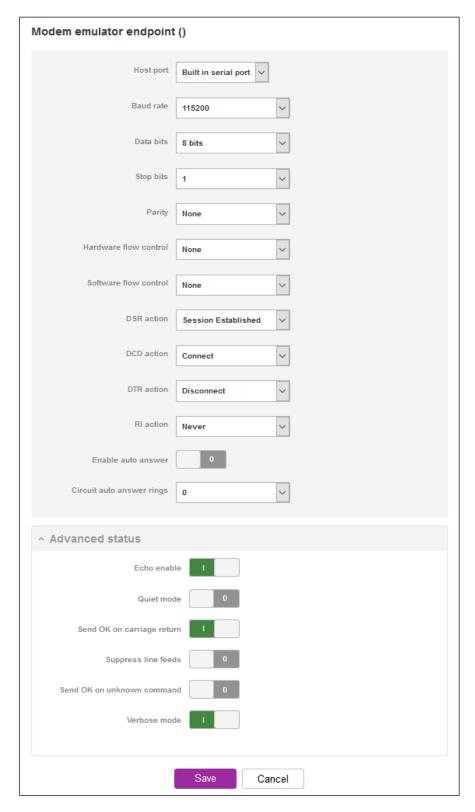


Figure 135 – Modem emulator endpoint configuration

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| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|---|
| Host port | Use the drop-down list to select the serial port to use. If no USB-to-Ethernet adapter is connected, the only available selection is the Built-in serial port. |
| Baud rate | The serial (V.24) port baud rate. By default the serial line format is 8 data bits, No parity, 1 Stop bit. |
| | Refer to the AT (V.250) AT Command Manual if you need to change the serial line format. |
| Data bits | The default serial line data bits setting used is 8. Options include 5 – 8 bits. |
| Stop bits | The default stop bit setting is set to 1. However, the stop bit setting can be set to 2 bits if required. |
| Parity | Parity is the means to detect transmission errors. An extra data bit is transmitted with each data character and is arranged in a fashion such that the number of 1 bits in each character, including the parity bit, is always odd or always even. If a byte is received with the wrong number of 1s, then this shows the data must be corrupt. Options include none, odd or even. The default setting is none for no parity checks. |
| Hardware flow control | Off - Serial port flow control off |
| | Hardware - Serial port uses RTS/CTS flow control |
| Software flow control | Enables or disables software flow control. |
| DSR action | Sets the Data Set Ready action. This is an output from the modem and this configuration determines the pin's behaviour. |
| | • Always: DSR is always on. |
| | • Registered: When connected to a remote CSD endpoint, sets pin to "on" when modem is in data mode. |
| | • Session established: When connected to PPP endpoint, sets pin on when PDP is connected, when connected to IP modem endpoint, sets pin to on when modem is in online state (e.g. data connection is established). |
| | • Never: DSR is always off. |
| | • Mimic DTR: mimics the DTR pin. |
| DCD action | Determines how the router controls the state of the serial port Data Carrier Detect (DCD) line. |
| | • Always On: DCD is always on. |
| | • Connect: DCD is on when a connection is established in response to an ATD command or DTR dial. |
| | • Session established: Pin is on when PPP session is in progress or modem is in an online state (e.g. data connection is established). |
| | • Always Off: DCD is always off. |
| DTR action | Determines how the router responds to change of state of the serial port DTR line |
| | • Ignore - Take no action |
| | • Enter Command State – when connected to PPP endpoint, this is equivalent to disconnect. |
| | When connected to IP modem endpoint, this enters online command state (e.g. process AT |
| | commands without dropping the connection). |
| | Disconnect – terminates connection. |
| RI action | Determines how the router controls the state of the serial port RI (Ring Indicator) line. |
| | • Always On: RI is always on. |
| | • Incoming Ring: RI is on when an incoming connection request is received. |
| | Always Off: RI is always off |
| Enable auto answer | When enabled, the router accepts incoming connections. |

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| Item | Description |
|----------------------------|---|
| Circuit auto answer rings | Sets the number of incoming rings after which the router will answer incoming circuit switched data calls. The default value is Off. The other available options are from 1 to 12. |
| Advanced status | |
| Echo enable | Enables echo on the serial side. All commands are echoes. This can be turned on/off via ATE1 and ATE0 commands. Recommended setting for this option is ON. |
| Quiet mode | When on, there is no output from the modem on the serial side, i.e. you do not see OK, Connect etc. Recommended setting for this option is OFF. |
| Send OK on carriage return | If enabled, will print OK every time CR is received on the serial side. Recommended setting for this option is ON. |
| Suppress line feeds | If enabled, line termination is using CR (13). If disabled, line termination is CR LF (13 10). Recommended setting for this option is OFF. |
| Send OK on unknown command | Will send OK when an unknown/invalid AT command is received. Recommended setting for this option is ON. |
| Verbose mode | The modem returns messages to the computer to indicate the return status of commands and interrupts such as incoming call and call progress. Recommended setting for this option is ON. |

Table 38 – Modem emulator endpoint options

PPP server: This creates a point-to-point server endpoint with the following options.

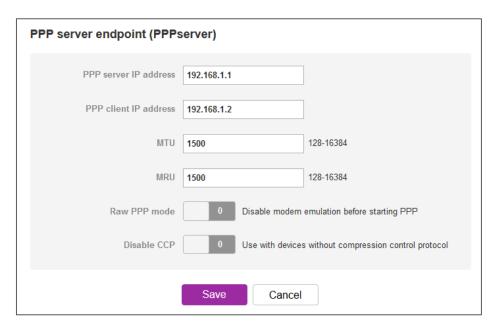


Figure 136 – PPP server endpoint configuration

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| Item | Description | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| PPP server IP address | he IP address of the PPP server. This defaults to the router's current IP address. | |
| PPP client IP address | The IP address of the PPP client. This defaults to the next IP address in the DHCP range after the router's address. | |
| МТИ | ne maximum transmission unit size of packets sent by the PPP server. | |
| MRU | The maximum receive unit size of packets received by the PPP server. | |
| Raw PPP mode | This option is provided for compatibility with legacy devices that assume there is a line available and do not require dial commands to be issued first. Raw PPP mode is turned off by default. | |
| Disable CCP | This option is provided for use with devices that do not support the compression control protocol. The router uses the compression control protocol and the toggle key is in the OFF position by default. | |

Table 39 – PPP server endpoint options

IP modem: This endpoint can be used to connect to the modem emulator endpoint to achieve similar functionality to PAD Daemon. It allows a data stream from the serial port to a TCP/UDP server/client and provides modem control lines and AT interpreter on the serial side.

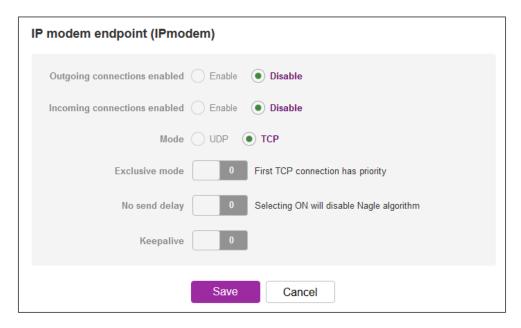


Table 40 – IP modem endpoint configuration

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| Item | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| Outgoing connections | Enables or disables the ability of the router to initiate outbound network connections i.e act as a |
| enabled | networking client. It will attempt to connect to the remote server when relevant activity is |
| | detected on the serial side e.g. ATD dial command. |
| Incoming connections | Enables or disables the ability of the router to accept incoming network connections i.e. act as a |
| enabled | networking server. When an incoming connection from a remote client is detected, the router |
| | simulates a dial-in call on the serial line. |
| Mode | Sets the IP modem to either TCP or UDP mode. |
| Exclusive mode (TCP mode | When this is off, any new client connection disconnects the previous client connection and uses a |
| only) | new client instead. |
| No send delay | Disables Nagle algorithm. Disabling this is sometimes important so that serial data is sent as soon |
| | as possible instead of waiting for a more optimal block of data for Ethernet. Enabling this |
| | effectively reduces latency but increases the amount of network traffic. |
| Keepalive | Keepalive sends a message to check that the link is still active or to keep it active. |
| Keepalive count | The number of keepalive messages to send. |
| Keepalive idle | The duration between two keepalive transmissions when in idle condition. |
| Keepalive interval | The duration between two successive keepalive retransmissions. |

Table 41 – IP modem endpoint options

TCP connect-on-demand endpoint: The TCP connect-on-demand endpoint allows data to be buffered and then sent to a TCP server when the buffer has been filled. It is primarily useful in situations where you do not want 'keep alive' packets to keep the socket open and create an overhead when the TCP data connection is not in use.

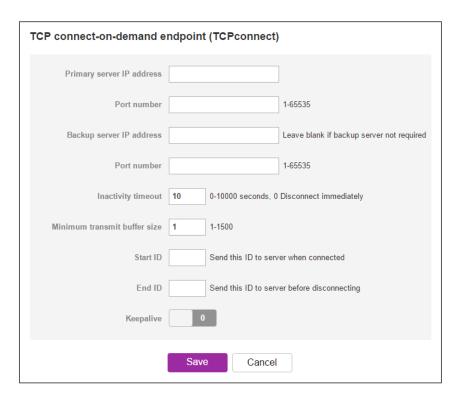


Figure 137 – TCP connect-on-demand endpoint configuration

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| Item | Description |
|------------------------------|--|
| Primary server IP address | The IP address of the TCP server to which the router should attempt the initial connection. |
| Port number | The port number that the TCP server operates on. |
| Backup server IP address | If connection to the primary server fails, the router will attempt to connect to this address. |
| Port number | The port number that the backup TCP server operates on. |
| Inactivity timeout | The period, in seconds, that the socket is considered idle/inactive if no packets are sent. The timer begins at the end of the last sent packet. The valid range is 0-10000 seconds. If this field is set to 0, the client disconnects immediately after sending a packet. |
| Minimum transmit buffer size | The number of bytes that must be reached before the client decides to transmit. |
| Start ID | This is a string which, if configured, is sent before any serial data is sent, every time the client connects <start id=""><serial data=""></serial></start> |
| End ID | This is a string which, if configured, is sent after all serial data, just before the client disconnects <start id=""><serial data=""><end id=""></end></serial></start> |
| Keepalive | Keepalive sends a message to check that the link is still active or to keep it active. |
| Keepalive count | The number of keepalive messages to send. |
| Keepalive idle | The duration between two keepalive transmissions when in idle condition. |
| Keepalive interval | The duration between two successive keepalive retransmissions. |

Table 42 – TCP connect-on-demand endpoint options

- 4 Click the **OK** button. The router displays a screen with configuration options for your chosen endpoint type.
- 5 Enter the options for your endpoint as required.
- Click the Save button. The Endpoints list is displayed with the newly created endpoint listed and a summary of the settings your 6 configured.

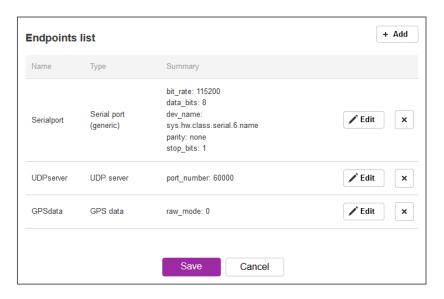


Figure 138 – Endpoints list

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Streams

When you have created the required endpoints, you can then proceed to set up a data stream. A data stream sends data from one endpoint to another, performing any transformation of the data as required. When a stream is added, an underlying process on the router checks the validity of the stream, checking for conflicts and illogical configurations. To access the Streams page, click on the Services menu at the top of the screen, click on the Data stream manager menu then click on the Streams menu item on the left.

Notes on data stream operation:



When any changes to the Data stream manager configuration are detected, all data streams are stopped and restarted as per the new

Multiple Modbus clients cannot connect simultaneously to Modbus serial devices connected to the router.

Every stream requires two endpoints, Endpoint A and Endpoint B. In all cases, the flow of data is from Endpoint A to Endpoint B.

To create a new stream:

Click the +Add button on the right side of the page.



Figure 139 – Data stream list

The Edit data stream page is displayed.

- 2 In the Data stream name field, enter a name for the Data stream.
- 3 Under Endpoint A, use the Endpoint name drop down list to select one of the endpoints you created previously. This endpoint should be the starting point of the stream. Use the Mode drop down list to select the mode of operation of the endpoint. The mode can be thought of as a transformation of the data as it leaves this endpoint. For example, if Endpoint A type is Serial port (generic), the Mode can be set to various Modbus server and client types. This means that upon arrival at Endpoint A, the data will be transformed into the chosen Modbus format, ready to be sent to Endpoint B.
- Under Endpoint B, use the Endpoint name drop down list to select one of the endpoints you created previously. This endpoint should be the destination of the stream. The screenshot below shows a configuration sending data received on an attached serial port to a TCP server running on the router. Use the Mode drop down list to select the mode of operation of the endpoint. The mode can be thought of as a transformation of the data as it arrives at this endpoint.

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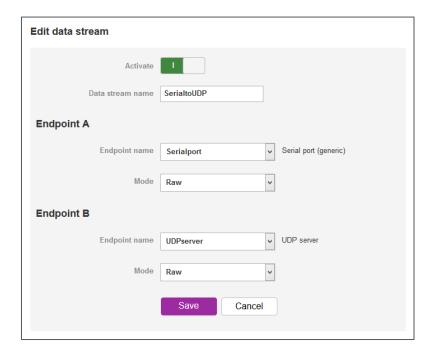


Figure 140 – Edit data stream

5 Click the Save button. The new stream appears in the Data stream list.



Figure 141 – Data stream list.

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SNMP

SNMP configuration

The SNMP page is used to configure the SNMP features of the router. To access the SNMP configuration page, click on the Services menu at the top of the screen then click on the SNMP menu item on the left.

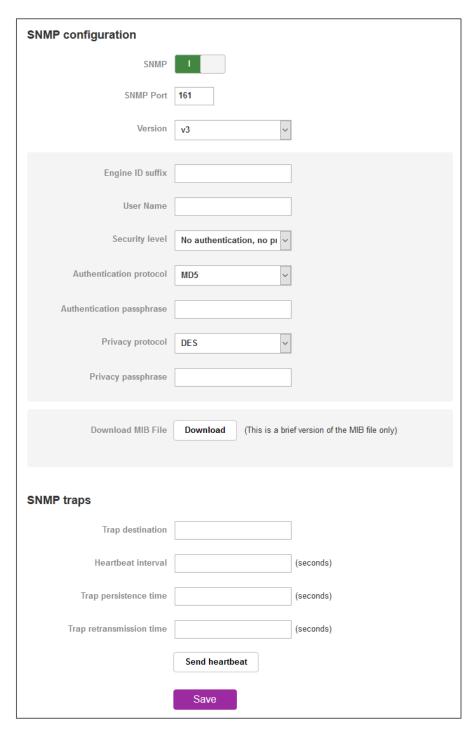


Figure 142 – SNMP configuration

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SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) is used to remotely monitor the router for conditions that may warrant administrative attention. It can be used to retrieve information from the router such as the signal strength, the system time and the interface status.

Configuring SNMP

To configure SNMP:

- Click the SNMP toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 In the SNMP port field, enter a port number to use for SNMP.
- Use the Version drop down list to select an SNMP version to use. When SNMP is turned on, the router selects v3 as default because v1 and v2 are known to be insecure, therefore you should use v1 and v2 of SNMP with caution.

v3 Configuration

Complete the details as described in the screenshot and table below then click the Save button.

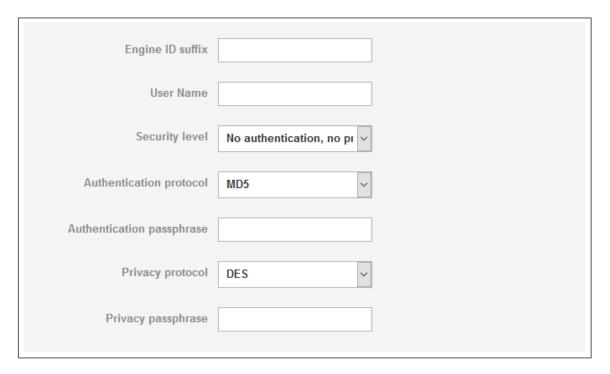


Figure 143 – SNMP v3 Configuration

| ltem | Description | |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Engine ID suffix | nter the Engine ID suffix generated by the SNMP server. | |
| User Name | nter the SNMP user name. | |
| Security level | Jse the drop-down list to select the desired security level. | |
| Authentication protocol | Select the authentication protocol (MD5/SHA). This is only required if Security level is set to enforce authentication | |
| Authentication passphrase | Select the authentication passphrase. This is only required if Security level is set to enforce authentication. | |
| Privacy protocol | Select the privacy protocol (DES/AES). This is only required if Security level is set to enforce privacy. | |
| Privacy passphrase | Select the privacy passphrase. This is only required if Security level is set to enforce privacy. | |

Table 43 – SNMP v3 Configuration

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v1/v2 Configuration

Enter Read-only community name and Read-write community name which are used for client authentication.



Important - Community names are used as a type of security to prevent access to reading and/or writing to the routers configuration. It is recommended that you change the Community names to something other than the default settings when using this feature.

Click the Save button to save any changes to the settings.

The Download button displays the Management Information Base (MIB) of the router. The MIB displays all the objects of the router that can have their values set or report their status. The MIB is formatted in the SNMP-related standard RFC1155.

SNMP traps

SNMP traps are messages from the router to the Network Management System sent as UDP packets. They are often used to notify the management system of any significant events such as whether the link is up or down.

Configuring SNMP traps

To configure SNMP traps:

- In the Trap destination field, enter the IP address to which SNMP data is to be sent.
- 2 In the Heartbeat interval field, enter the number of seconds between SNMP heartbeats.
- 3 Use the Trap persistence time to specify the time in seconds that an SNMP trap persists.
- Use the Trap retransmission time to specify the length of time in seconds between SNMP trap retransmissions. 4

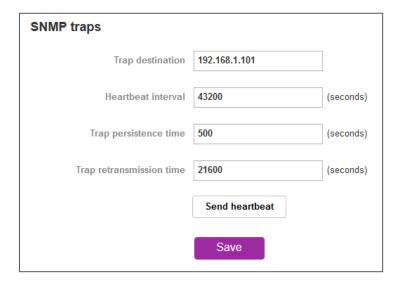


Figure 144 – SNMP traps

To send a manual SNMP Heartbeat, click the Send heartbeat button. When you have finished configuring the SNMP traps, click the Save button to save the settings.



Note: When a factory reset is performed via SNMP, the SNMP settings are not preserved. Ensure that you have physical access to the router if you plan to perform a factory reset.

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PADD

PAD Daemon is a tool used to encapsulate raw serial data into a TCP packet to be transported over IP to another end point. The server receiving the TCP packets unpacks the data and the original raw serial data is passed out of its serial port to the attached device, thereby creating an invisible IP network to the two serial devices.

The PAD Daemon runs as a background process which can be accessed via the web configuration interface. The PADD is used usually with multiple connections or when redundant connections are needed. The PADD has two modes: the PADD TCP/IP Server mode and PADD TCP/IP Client Mode. When PADD is enabled, both the PADD server mode and PADD client mode can be run at the same time.

The PADD configuration page is shown below.

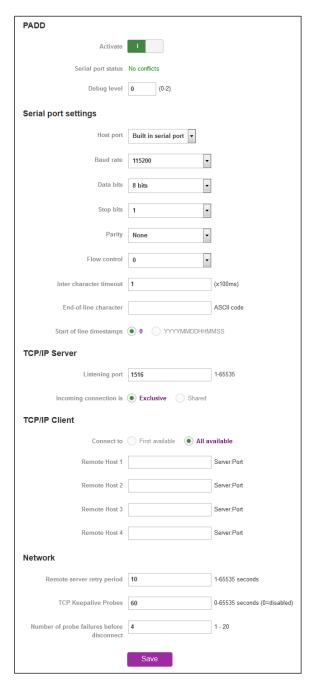


Figure 145 – PADD

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Serial data status

This feature allows monitoring the sent and received packets on the Serial DE-9 interface when Data Stream Manager and PADD modes are configured in conjunction with TCP/UDP endpoints.

Serial data status



Figure 146 – Serial data status page

Note – Note: this feature will be disabled if PADD or Data Stream Manager are turned off.

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TR-069

To access the TR-069 configuration page, click the Services menu item, then select the TR-069 menu item on the left.

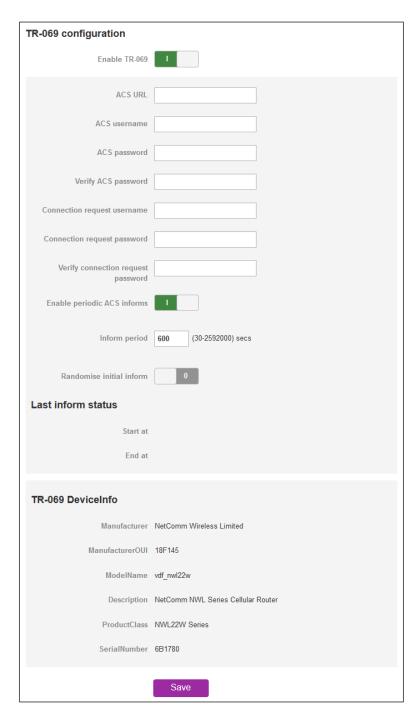


Figure 147 – TR-069 configuration

The TR-069 (Technical Report 069) protocol is a technical specification also known as CPE WAN Management Protocol (CWMP). It is a framework for remote management and auto-configuration of end-user devices such as customer-premises equipment (CPE) and Auto Configuration Servers (ACS). It is particularly efficient in applying configuration updates across networks to multiple CPEs.





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TR-069 uses a bi-directional SOAP/HTTP-based protocol based on the application layer protocol and provides several benefits for the maintenance of a field of CPEs:

- Simplifies the initial configuration of a device during installation
- Enables easy restoration of service after a factory reset or replacement of a faulty device
- Firmware and software version management
- Diagnostics and monitoring

Note -



You must have your own compatible ACS infrastructure to use TR-069. To access and configure the TR-069 settings, you must be logged into the router with the root account.

When a factory reset of the router is performed via TR-069, the TR-069 settings are preserved.

The NetComm Wireless router sends "inform" messages periodically to alert the ACS server that it is ready. These inform messages can also be configured to accept a connection request from the ACS server. When a connection is established, any tasks queued on the ACS server are executed. These tasks may be value retrieval or changes and firmware upgrades.

TR-069 configuration

To configure TR-069:

- 1 Click the Enable TR-069 toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 2 In the ACS URL field, enter the Auto Configuration Server's full domain name or IP address.
- 3 Use the ACS username field to specify the username used by the server to authenticate the CPE when it sends an "inform" message.
- In the ACS password and Verify ACS password fields, enter the password used by the server to authenticate the CPE when it sends an "inform" message.
- 5 In the Connection request username field, enter the username that the CPE uses to authenticate the Auto Configuration Server during a connection request to the CPE.
- In the Connection request password and Verify password fields, enter the password that the CPE uses to authenticate the Auto Configuration Server during a connection request to the CPE.
- The inform message acts as a beacon to inform the ACS of the existence of the router. Click the Enable periodic ACS informs toggle 7 key to turn on the periodic ACS inform messages.
- 8 In the Inform Period field, enter the number of seconds between the inform messages.
- 9 Click the Save button to save the settings.

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OMA-Lightweight M2M

The OMA Lightweight M2M (OMA-LWM2M) protocol was designed by the Open Mobile Alliance to provide remote device management specifically for M2M devices. It is less taxing on the system and network than OMA-DM and TRS-069. OMA-LWM2M runs over UDP and supports asynchronous notifications when a resource changes.

It provides:

- Firmware upgrades
- Device monitoring and configuration
- Server provisioning

To configure the Lightweight M2M client, select the Enable LwM2M toggle key so that it is in the ON position.

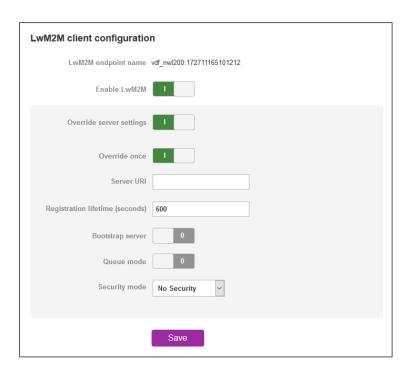


Figure 148 – LwM2M client configuration

| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| LwM2M Endpoint Name | This is the unique ID the device will use to identify itself with LwM2M servers. |
| Enable LwM2M | Toggle key which enables or disables the LwM2M function. |
| Override Server Settings | The LwM2M client maintains the list of servers that it will connect to as part of its internal state. Enabling this setting will allow a user to specify new server details that will override whatever current settings the client has. |
| Override Once | When 'Override Settings' is enabled, this option allows you to specify whether the new server details they provide will be applied once when the client is restarted (normal flow for configuring/reconfiguring the client) or, when disabled, applied every time the client restarts (used for debugging/troubleshooting.) |
| Server URI | When 'Override Settings' is enabled, this allows you to specify the URI of the LwM2M server to connect to. Must be a fully specified CoAP or CoAPS URI, including port number, e.g. coap://server.com:5683 or coaps://server.com:5864. |

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| Item | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| Registration Lifetime | When 'Override Settings' is enabled, this allows you to specify the interval (in seconds) at which the LwM2M client will send registration updates (i.e. heartbeat messages) to the server. |
| Bootstrap Server | When 'Override Settings' is enabled, this allows you to specify whether the new server is a LwM2M bootstrap server. |
| Queue Mode | When 'Override Settings' is enabled, this allows you to specify whether to report the UDP binding mode to the server as queued ("UQ" binding mode) or not ("U" binding mode.) |
| Security Mode | When 'Override Settings' is enabled, this allows you to choose the security mode that will be used to connect to the LwM2M server. Currently supported options are 'No Security' and 'Pre-Shared Key'. |
| Client Identity | When PSK security mode is selected this field is where you must specify the identity string associated with your pre-shared key. |
| Client Pre- Shared Key | When PSK security mode is selected this field is where you must provide the pre-shared key. The key must be entered as a hexadecimal string. |

Figure 149 - LwM2M client configuration

Timeouts

Most mobile networks use stateful firewalls or NAT where the timeout for UDP is approximately 1-2 minutes. If this applies to you, we suggest either configuring the LwM2M client with a registration lifetime that falls within this period (e.g. 60 seconds) or using the queued ("UQ") UDP binding mode.

GPS

On models with a built-in GPS, you are able to use location-based services, monitor field deployed hardware or find your current location. The GPS Status window provides up to date information about the current location and the current GPS signal conditions (position dilution of precision (PDOP), horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) and vertical dilution of precision (VDOP)) of the router.

NMEA support

The router supports the National Marine Electronics Association NMEA-0183 compatible (V2.3) standard of sending GPS data. The standard includes "sentences" used to identify the type of data being sent and therefore defines the way the data is interpreted. The supported GPS related sentences are listed below:

- GPGGA Global Positioning System Fix Data, Time, Position and fix related data for a GNSS receiver
- GPRMC Recommended minimum data for GPS
- GPGSV Detailed satellite data
- GPGSA Overall satellite data
- GPVTG Vector track and speed over the Ground

GPS configuration

To access the GPS configuration screen, select the Services item from the top menu bar then the GPS item on the left. Finally, select the GPS configuration menu item.

To use the GPS function, set the GPS operation toggle key to ON and click the Save button.

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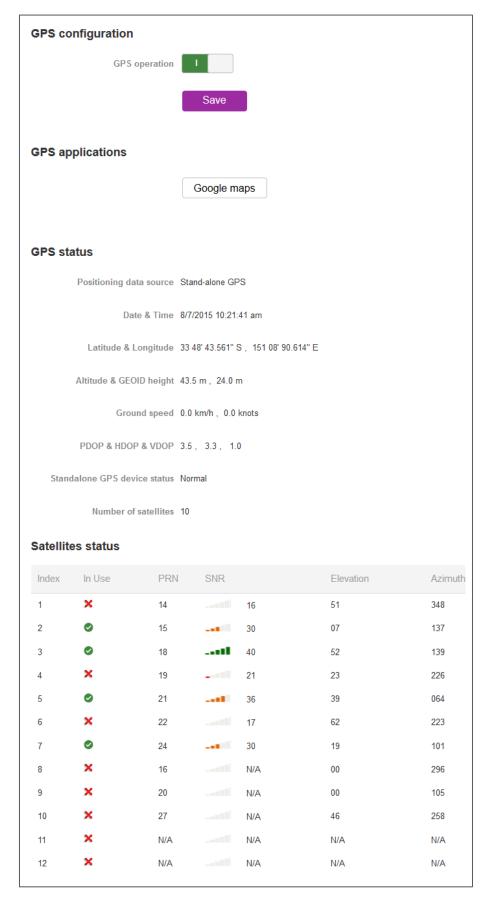


Figure 150 – GPS configuration

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The Google maps button provides a quick short cut to show your router's current position on a map.

Mobile Station Based Assisted GPS configuration

To access the Mobile Station Based Assisted GPS configuration screen, select the Services item from the top menu bar then the GPS item on the left. Finally, select the MSB (A-GPS) menu item.

Mobile Station Based Assisted GPS (MSB A-GPS) enables your router to download GNSS data which supplies orbital data to the GPS receiver, enabling it to lock to the satellites more rapidly. The GNSS data is stored on the router to assist the GPS in locating the router.

To set up automatic updates of GNSS data, set the A-GPS Enable toggle key to the ON position and use the drop-down lists to configure the automatic retry options. Each retry, the router checks for an updated GNSS data file and downloads the GNSS data if newer than the currently stored data.



Important – When new GNSS data is available and the router performs an update, up to 40MB of data may be downloaded. Please keep this in mind if your mobile broadband plan has usage restrictions.

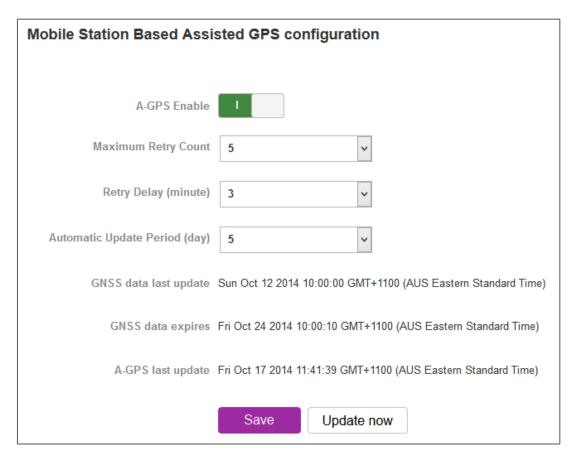


Figure 151 – Mobile Stations Based Assisted GPS configuration options

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| Item | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| A-GPS Enable | Enables or disables the mobile station based assisted GPS function. |
| Maximum Retry Count | Sets the maximum number of times the router should attempt to triangulate its position. |
| Retry delay (minute) | Sets the number of minutes the router should wait between attempts to triangulate its position. |
| Automatic Update Period (day) | Sets the number of days that the router should automatically update the A-GPS data. The maximum update period is 7 days. |

Table 44 – Mobile Station Based Assisted GPS configuration options

The GNSS data last update field represents the time that the GNSS data file was created while the GNSS data expires field indicates the time that this data is valid until. The A-GPS last update field specifies the last time the router attempted to retrieve an update to the GNSS data.

You may manually force the router to check for an update regardless of the next scheduled update time by clicking the Update Now button.

When you have finished configuring the settings, click the Save button to save the changes.

Odometer

To access the Odometer screen, select the Services item from the top menu bar then the GPS item on the left. Finally, select the Odometer menu item.

The GPS may be used to record the distance that the router has travelled. To do this, set the Odometer toggle key to the ON position as in the screenshot below. You can toggle the unit of measurement by clicking the Display imperial / Display metric button. The threshold setting adjusts the router's sensitivity to movement so that movement within the specified radius from the starting point does not register as distance travelled. When you have finished configuring the Odometer settings, click the Save button to ensure the settings are stored on the router.



Figure 152 – Odometer options

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| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Odometer reading | The number of metres/kilometres that the device has travelled since the time listed in the Odometer start time field. |
| Display imperial / Display metric | Toggles the Odometer reading between metric and imperial measurements. |
| Odometer start time | The time that recording of distance travelled began. |
| Reset odometer | Resets the odometer reading to 0 and the Odometer start time to the current time. |
| Odometer | Toggles the Odometer function on and off. |
| Threshold | Specifies the minimum distance that the router must travel from its current position before the Odometer reading increases. |

Table 45 – Odometer configuration options

Geofence

To access the Geofence screen, select the Services item from the top menu bar then the GPS item on the left. Finally, select the Geofence menu item.

Geofence allows you to designate a circular area and then uses the router's GPS position to monitor when the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router moves out of or in to that area. You can configure notifications to be sent when the unit enters or exits the region. Notifications types are set on the Event notification configuration page, see below.

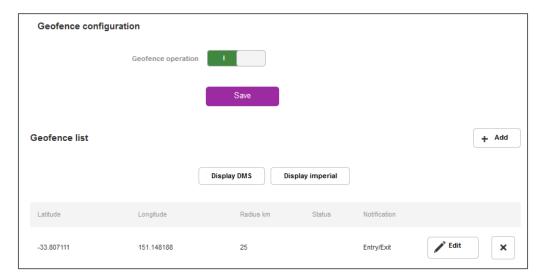


Figure 153 – Geofence options

| Item | Description |
|---------------------------|--|
| Geofence operation button | Toggles Geofence operation on or off. |
| | When on your currently defined Geofences appear in the Geofence list, see below. |
| Save button | Saves any changes made on this page |
| Add button | Click to add a new Geofence definition. |
| | The add Geofence configuration screen will open, see next section below. |
| Geofence list | This table contains all your currently defined Geofences. |

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| Item | Description | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------------|---|
| Display DMS / Display Decimal degree button | | e and Longitude coordinate ove graphics, or the more t es, see below: | | - |
| | | S33° 48' 25.5996" | E151° 8' 53.4768" | |
| Display imperial/metric | Toggle between metric (kilometres) or imperial (miles) display of the radius of the Geofence. | | | |
| Status | In if the router is inside the radius. Out if the router is outside the radius. | | | |
| Notification | The event notification currently selected for this Geofence, see Add Geofence in next section for a description of the available notification types. | | | |
| Edit button | Click this to edit an existing Geofence in the list. The user interface is the same as the add Geofence configuration screen, see next section below. | | | |

Table 46 – Geofence user interface

Add Geofence

Click the Add button to create a new Geofence (note that editing an existing Geofence uses the same configuration page).

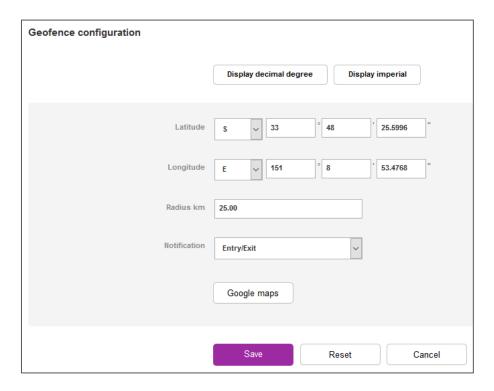


Figure 154 – Configure Geofences

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| Item | Description | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Display DMS button | In the above graphic, the Latitude and Longitude coordinates have been entered using the more traditional DMS (degrees, minutes, seconds) coordinates, Note that you have to select North (N) or South (S) for your latitude, depending on whether your location is north or south of the equator and you must select east (E) or west (W) of the prime meridian (Greenwich England to the international date line) | | | |
| | | | | |
| Display decimal button | Click this to enter the Latitude and Longitude coordinates using Decimal degree coordinates: | | | |
| | Latitude -33.807111 | | | |
| | Longitude 151.148188 | | | |
| | Note that in the southern hemisphere you must enter a negative Latitude coordinate and in the western hemisphere (North and South America, from the prime meridian to the international date line) you must enter a negative Longitude coordinate. | | | |
| Display imperial/metric in | Toggle between metric (kilometres) or imperial (miles) display of the radius of the Geofence. | | | |
| Radius mi / km text box | | | | |
| Notification | Four notification states are available: | | | |
| | None – This effectively turns the Geofence function off, although the router continues to monitor | | | |
| | the location of the device with respect to the Geofence settings. To properly disable the Geofence function, set the Geofence operation toggle key to the off position. | | | |
| | Entry – A notification is triggered when the router enters into the Geofence radius. | | | |
| | Exit – A notification is triggered when the router leaves the Geofence radius. | | | |
| | Entry/Exit – A notification is triggered when the router crosses over the Geofence radius line. | | | |
| | The type or types of notification (SMS, email, etc.) is set in the Event notification configuration page, see below. | | | |
| Google maps button | The Google maps button serves two purposes. | | | |
| | When no latitude and longitude has been entered, the Google maps button displays the router's current location on the map. | | | |
| | When coordinates have been entered, clicking on the Google maps button checks that your | | | |
| | coordinates go to where you expect them to be. | | | |
| Save button | Saves the new Geofence (Add) or saves the changes to an existing Geofence (Edit). | | | |
| Reset button | Clears all entries on the page. | | | |
| Cancel button | Closes the Add/Edit page and returns to the Geofence list without saving any changes. | | | |

Table 47 – Add Geofence options

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IO configuration

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router is equipped with a 6-way terminal block connector providing three identical multipurpose inputs and outputs as well as a dedicated ignition input. These inputs and outputs may be independently configured for various functions, including:

- NAMUR (EN 60947-5-6 / IEC 60947-5-6) compatible proximity sensor input
- Proximity sensor input for use with contact closure (open/closed) type of sensors (PIR sensors, door/window sensors for security applications) with the input tamper detection possible (four states detected: open, closed, short and break) using external resistors
- Analogue OV to 30V input
- Digital input (the I/O voltage measured by the iMX283 LRADC and the software making decision about the input state) with the threshold levels configurable in software
- Open collector output.

Use the pull up voltage options to select the desired output voltage of the I/O pins. The pull up voltage you select will be the same for each pin when pull up is enabled for that pin. Each pin is capable of outputting either 3.3V or 8.2V.

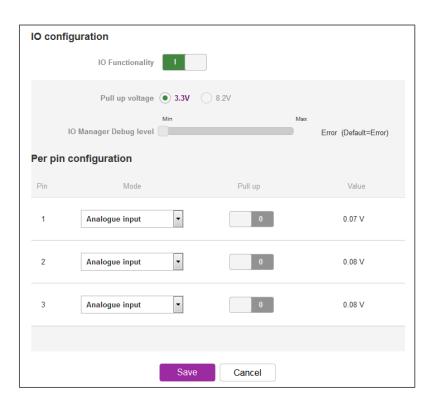


Figure 155 – 10 configuration options

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| Item | Description | | | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| IO configuration | | | | |
| IO Functionality | Enables the configuration of the input and output pins on the four-way terminal block connector. | | | |
| Pull up voltage | Specifies the output voltage of the I/O pins. | | | |
| IO Manager Debug level | Use the slide bar to adjust the level of detail you would like to see in the log for IO messages. A higher debug level displays more detailed messages in the log file. | | | |
| Per pin configuration | | | | |
| Pin | The I/O pin number corresponding to the pin on the four-way terminal block connector that you wish to configure. | | | |
| Mode | The mode of operation for the corresponding pin. | | | |
| | Available options are: | | | |
| | Digital Input – The corresponding pin accepts digital input. Pull up may be on or off and both 3.3V and 8.2V are available as pull up voltages. The value column displays whether the signal received on the pin is High or Low. | | | |
| | The default value is High. When the I/O pin is shorted to ground the value changes to Low. | | | |
| | Digital Output – The corresponding pin outputs a digital signal. Pull up may be on or off and both 3.3V and 8.2V are available as pull up voltages. The value column contains a toggle key allowing you to set whether the output signal is High or Low. | | | |
| | When set to Low, the output of the I/O pin is 0V. When set to High, the output of the I/O pin is 5V. | | | |
| | Analogue input – The corresponding pin accepts an analogue signal. Pull up may be on or off and both 3.3V and 8.2V are available as pull up voltages. The value column displays the current voltage detected on the pin. | | | |
| | Namur input - NAMUR is a sensor standard using low-level current signals. It can supply two different signal levels depending on the state of the switch and is commonly used in hazardous or explosive locations where compact sensors are required. When a pin is set to NAMUR mode, Pull up is turned on and the global Pull up voltage is set to 8.2V. These settings may not be changed for as long as a pin is set to NAMUR mode as they are required settings according to the NAMUR IEC 60947-5-6 standard. The value column displays whether the signal received on the pin is High or Low. | | | |
| | Contact closure - A common type of digital input where a sensor or switch opens or closes a set of contacts as a result of a process change. An electrical signal is then used to determine whether the circuit is open or closed. | | | |
| | When a pin is set to Contact closure input, Pull up is enabled for that pin and may not be turned off as long as the pin remains configured as a Contact closure input. Global pull up voltage may be either 3.3V or 8.2V. | | | |
| Pull up | Use the pull up toggle keys to turn the pull up on or off for the corresponding pin. When turned on, the pull up voltage output is the value specified in the "Pull up voltage" option. | | | |
| Value | The value column displays whether the voltage detected on the line is low or high or allows you to set the output value to high or low. This can be useful for applications where monitoring of the transition between low and high is used to trigger an action. | | | |

Table 48 – 10 configuration options



Important – Please refer to the SDK Developer Guide for hardware information about the Input/Output pins, wiring examples and configuration of the pins via the command line interface. There are also wiring examples in Appendix J of this User Guide.

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Low power mode

The Low power mode page provides you with an overview of the power profiles and the ability to configure them. Up to five power profiles may be configured and all of them may be active simultaneously. The Status column indicates whether the profile is active, while the Sleep mode and Wake mode columns summarise the method used to sleep or wake the modem.

To access the Low power mode page, click the System menu item, then select the Low power mode menu item on the left.



Note – When configuring multiple power profiles, be careful so that they do not overlap or conflict with one another, for example, configuring a schedule which wakes up the unit when another profile has it scheduled to be in low power mode.

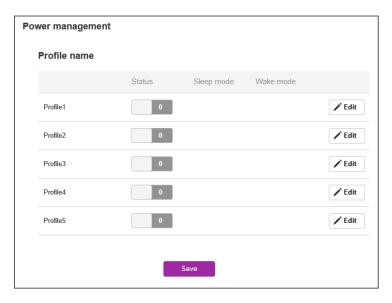


Figure 156 – Power management



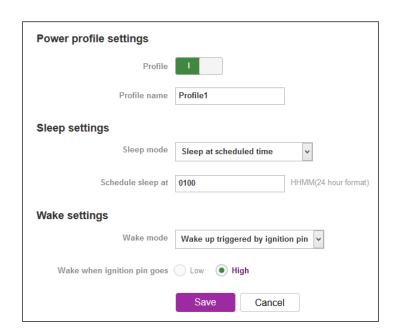


Figure 157 – Power management – Power profile settings

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Sleep settings

Use the Sleep mode drop down list to select a condition under which the router should enter the sleep state.

Sleep after timer

When this mode is selected, the router will enter the sleep state after the number of minutes specified in the Sleep after field, regardless of the state of the ignition pin.



Figure 158 – Sleep after timer

Sleep at scheduled time

When this mode is selected, the router goes to sleep at the time specified in the Schedule sleep at field, regardless of the state of the ignition pin. Enter the time in 24-hour format without the semi-colon.

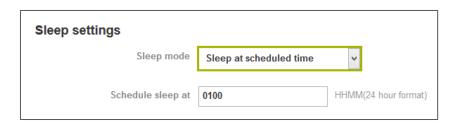


Figure 159 – Sleep at scheduled time

Sleep triggered by ignition pin

This mode sets the router to enter sleep state when the signal on the ignition pin reaches the specified value.



Figure 160 – Sleep triggered by ignition pin

Use the Sleep when ignition pin goes setting to select Low or High. By default, this is set to Low. Additionally, the router will stay on for the number of minutes specified in the Remain awake after ignition off field. The minimum value for this field is 2 minutes with the maximum being 255 minutes.

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Wake settings

Use the Wake mode drop down list to select a condition under which the router should return from the sleep state.

Wake triggered by ignition pin

This mode sets the router to wake up when the signal on the ignition pin reaches the specified value.



Figure 161 – Wake up triggered by ignition pin

Use the Wake up when ignition pin goes setting to select Low or High. By default, this is set to High.

Wake up at scheduled time

When this mode is selected, the router wakes up at the time specified in the Schedule wake up at field, regardless of the state of the ignition pin. Enter the time in 24 hour format without the semi-colon.

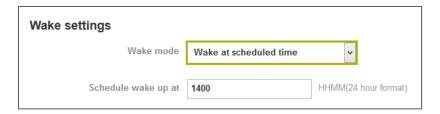


Figure 162 – Wake up at scheduled time

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Event notification

The event notification feature is an advanced remote monitoring tool providing you with the ability to send alerts via SMS, e-mail, TCP or UDP when pre-defined system events occur.

Notification configuration

The Notification configuration screen is used to select the event types, methods of notification and the destinations for the notifications. Up to four types of alerts for a particular event may be sent to a single destination profile containing the contact details.

To access the Event notification configuration page, click the Services menu item, select the Event configuration menu item on the left, then select the Notification configuration menu item.



Figure 163 – Event notification configuration

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| Item | Description |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Enable event notification | Toggles the event notification feature on and off. |
| Maximum event buffer size | Specifies the buffer size for event notifications which failed to be delivered or are yet to be sent. The minimum size is 100 and the maximum is 10000. |
| Maximum retry count | Specifies the maximum number of attempts that the router will make to deliver an event notification. The range is between 1 and 20. |
| Event notification log file | Specifies to the location and name of the file used to log the event notification activity. |
| Unit ID | The Unit ID field is used to specify an identifier for the router which are sent in the event notifications so that you know which router has an event. |

Table 49 – Event notification configuration options

Event types

There are twenty-one events for which you can configure alerts. Hovering the mouse over the event description provides more details of event notification type.

| Event | Event ID | Description | Example message |
|--|----------|--|--|
| Unit powered up | 1 | Notification is sent when the unit is powered up through connection of a power source or after a soft-reset. | Power is up |
| Unit rebooted | 2 | Notification is sent when the unit is rebooted via Web UI, SMS diagnostics or via command line/telnet session. | Rebooting triggered by internal application |
| Link status change | 3 | Notification is sent if the status of the data connection profile or any IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/GRE tunnel endpoint changes i.e. the link goes up or down. | Profile 1 WWAN status changed : down> up |
| WWAN IP address change | 4 | Notification is sent if an active data connection profile's WWAN IP address changes. | WWAN IP address changed : N/A> 10.103.4.149 |
| WWAN Registration change | 5 | Notification is sent if the network registration status changed between "registered", "unregistered" or "roaming". | WWAN registration status changed : Not registered> Registered to home network |
| WWAN Cell ID change | 6 | Notification is sent if the router connects to a different cell, marked by a changed in the Cell ID. | Cell ID changed:> 15224145 Cell ID changed: 15224148> 15224145 |
| WWAN technology change | 7 | Notification is sent if the router connects to a different network technology, e.g. 3G/2G. | WWAN network changed: N/A()> 3G(UMTS) WWAN network changed: 3G(UMTS)> 2G(GSM) |
| Number of connected Ethernet interfaces change | 8 | Notification is sent if there is a change to the number of directly connected Ethernet interfaces. | Ethernet device number changed : 0> 1 |
| Login status | 10 | Notification is sent if there was a failure to log in to the router via the Web UI. | WEBUI login failed, username root, password |

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| Event | Event ID | Description | Example message |
|--------------------------------|----------|---|--|
| WAN failover instance occurred | 12 | Notification is sent if a failover between WAN interfaces occurs. | Failover instance occured: N/A> wwan.0 Failover instance occured: eth.0> wwan.0 |
| Digital input change | 15 | Notification is sent if an IO pin configured as a digital input goes high or low for a specified period. | IO pin 1 now high IO pin 2 now low |
| Analogue input threshold | 16 | Notification is sent if an IO pin configured as an analogue output goes high or low for a specified period. | IO pin 1 now high IO pin 2 now low |
| Digital output change | 17 | Notification is sent if an IO pin configured as a digital output goes high or low for a specified period. | IO pin 1 now high IO pin 2 now low |
| FOTA/DOTA status | 20 | Notification is sent with the result of the Firmware Over-The-Air via SMS or TR-069. | FOTA/DOTA: upgrading firmware successful |
| Hardware reset settings change | 21 | Notification is sent when the reset button is enabled or disabled in the web user interface. | Reset button is enabled |
| VRRP mode change | 22 | Notification is sent if a device configured as a backup becomes a primary router or returns to backup status. | VRRP is in backup mode |
| USB OTG status change | 23 | When a USB device is connected. | USB OTG status changed: disabled → connected |
| GPS GEOFENCE status change | 24 | Notification is sent based on the Geofence settings. | GPS GEOFENCE status changed(latitude: -33.807242, longitude: 151.148293, radius 15 km): out → in |

Table 50 - Event notification - event types

Destinations

A "destination" is a profile on the router containing the contact details of a recipient of event notification alerts i.e. the e-mail address, SMS number, TCP or UDP server addresses of the recipient. The destination profile must contain the details of at least one destination type in order to be used.

Configuring Event notification

To configure the event notification feature:

- Click the Services menu item at the top of the screen. From the Event notification menu on the left of the screen, select the Destination configuration menu item.
- 2 Click the +Add button at the top right corner of the window. The Event destination edit screen is displayed.
- 3 In the Destination name field enter a name for the destination profile then enter the contact details for the each type of destination i.e. Email address, TCP address and port, UDP address and port and/or SMS number.
- 4 Click the Save button when you have entered the required details.
- 5 From the Event notification menu on the left of the screen, select the Notification configuration menu item.
- Select the Enable event notification toggle key to turn it to the ON position. 6
- 7 If desired, set the Maximum event buffer size, Maximum retry count, Event notification log file and Event notification prefix fields. See table 29 for descriptions of these options.

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- From the Destination profile column, use the drop-down menus to select the desired destination profiles to use for the 8 corresponding events, then select the checkboxes for the types of notifications to send to the chosen destination profile. If the Destination profile does not contain the required contact details, a pop-up warns you to enter the required details in the Destination profile.
- Click the Save button.



Note - If you have selected the Email notification type for any of the events, you must also configure Email client settings to allow the router to send e-mail messages.

Destination configuration

The Destination configuration screen displays a list of the destination "profiles" that have been configured on the device as well as providing the option to add new profiles.

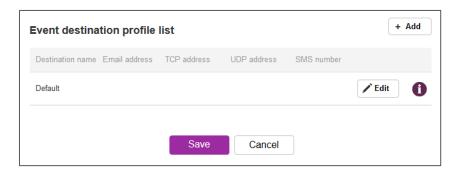


Figure 164 - Event destination list

To add a new destination profile:

- 1 Click the +Add button at the top right corner of the window. The Event destination profile edit screen is displayed.
- 2 In the Destination name field enter a name for the destination profile.
- 3 Then for each destination enter the contact details relevant to that destination type i.e.: Email address, TCP address and port, UDP address and port and/or SMS number.
- In addition to entering details for specific destination types, you can also add a custom command to perform certain tasks when an 4 event is triggered. Any command or script that can be executed from a terminal command prompt, including any executable and parameters, can be entered in the Custom Command field.
- Click the Save button when you have entered the required details.

To edit a destination profile:

- From the Event destination list, click the edit button for the corresponding destination profile. The Event destination edit page is displayed. Make the required changes.
- 2 Click the Save button.

To delete a destination profile:

From the Event destination list, select the delete button for the corresponding destination profile that you would like to delete. If the destination profile is linked to an event notification type, the i button is displayed instead of the delete button. In this case, you must go to the Notification configuration screen and remove the check marks from all the notification types for each event for

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which the destination profile is configured. When you have done that, return to the Event destination list and select the delete button.

2 Click the Save button.

Email settings

The Email settings screen allows the configuration of the email account that is used to send emails in features such as Event notification.

To access the Email settings page, click the Services menu item then select the Email settings menu item on the left.

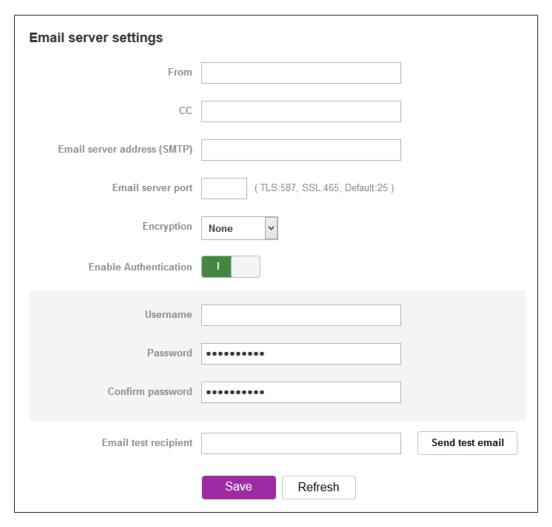


Figure 165 – Email client settings

| Item | Description |
|--------------------------------|---|
| From | Enter the email address of the account you will be using to send emails. |
| СС | (Optional) Enter an email address which will be copied on all messages sent. |
| Email server address (SMTP) | Enter the SMTP server address of the email server. This may be an IP address or a hostname. |
| Email server port | Enter the Email server's SMTP port. |

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| Item | Description |
|----------------------|---|
| Encryption | Choose from SSL or STARTTLS encryption methods or select None to use no encryption. The main point of difference between SSL and STARTTLS is that SSL opens a secure connection first, and then begins the SMTP transaction. STARTTLS starts the SMTP transaction and then looks for support for TLS in the response message. |
| Username | Enter the username of the account to be used for sending emails. |
| Password | Enter the password of the account to be used for sending emails. |
| Confirm password | Enter the password of the account to be used for sending emails once more for confirmation. |
| Email test recipient | Enter an email address to send a test message to, then click the Send test email button. |

Table 51 – Email client settings

SMS messaging

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router offers an advanced SMS feature set, including sending messages, receiving messages, redirecting incoming messages to another destination, as well as supporting remote commands and diagnostics messages.

Some of the functions supported include:

- Ability to send a text message via a cellular network and store it in permanent storage.
- Ability to receive a text message via a cellular network and store it in permanent storage.
- Ability to forward incoming text messages via a cellular network to another remote destination which may be a TCP/UDP server or other mobile devices.
- Ability to receive run-time variables from the device (e.g. uptime) on request via SMS
- Ability to change live configuration on the device (e.g. network username) via SMS.
- Ability to execute supported commands (e.g. reboot) via SMS
- Ability to trigger the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to download and install a firmware upgrade
- Ability to trigger the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to download and apply a configuration file

To access the SMS messaging functions of the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router, click on the Services menu item from the top menu bar, and then select one of the options under the SMS messaging section on the left hand menu.

Setup

The Setup page provides the options to enable or disable the SMS messaging functionality and SMS forwarding functionalities of the router. SMS messaging is enabled by default.

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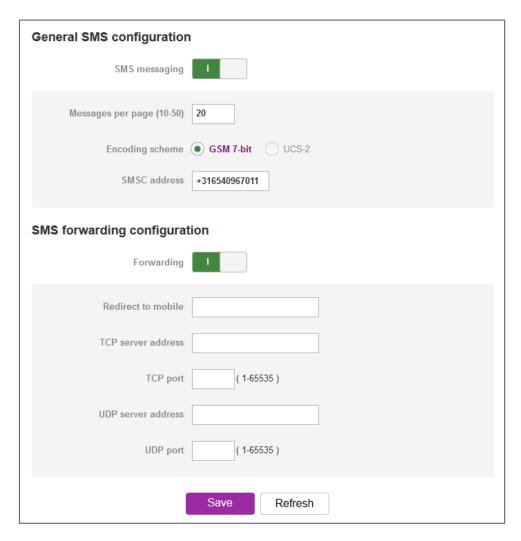


Figure 166 – General SMS Configuration

| Option | Definition | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| General SMS configuration | | |
| SMS messaging | Toggles the SMS functionality of the router on and off. | |
| Messages per page (10-50) | The number of SMS messages to display per page. Must be a value between 10 and 50. | |
| Encoding scheme | The encoding method used for outbound SMS messages. GSM 7-bit mode permits up to 160 characters per message but drops to 50 characters if the message includes special characters. UCS-2 mode allows the sending of Unicode characters and permits a message to be up to 50 characters in length. | |
| SMS forwarding configuration | | |
| Forwarding | Toggles the SMS forwarding function of the router on and off. | |
| Redirect to mobile | Enter a mobile number as the destination for forwarded SMS messages. | |
| TCP server address | Enter an IP address or domain name as the destination for forwarded SMS messages using TCP. | |
| TCP port | The TCP port on which to connect to the remote destination. | |

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| Option | Definition |
|--------------------|---|
| UDP server address | Enter an IP address or domain name as the destination for forwarded SMS messages using UDP. |
| UDP port | The UDP port on which to connect to the remote destination. |

Table 52 – SMS Setup Settings

SMS forwarding configuration

Incoming text messages can be redirected to another mobile device and/or a TCP/UDP message server.

Redirect to mobile

You can forward incoming text messages to a different destination number. This destination number can be another mobile phone or a router phone number.

For Example:

If someone sends a text message and Redirect to mobile is set to "+61412345678", the text message is stored on the router and forwarded to "+61412345678" at the same time.

To disable redirection to a mobile, clear the Redirect to mobile field and click the Save button.

Redirect to TCP / UDP server address

You can also forward incoming text messages to a TCP/UDP based destination. The TCP or UDP server can be any kind of public or private server if the server accepts incoming text-based messages.

The TCP/UDP address can be an IP address or domain name. The port number range is from 1 to 65535. Please refer to your TCP/UDP based SMS server configuration for which port to use.

For Example:

If someone sends a text message and TCP server address is set to "192.168.20.3" and TCP port is set to "2002", this text message is stored in the router and forwarded to "192.168.20.3" on port "2002" at the same time.

To disable redirection to a TCP or UDP address, clear the TCP server address and UDP server address fields and click the Save button.

New message

The New message page can be used to send SMS text messages to a single or multiple recipients. To access the New message page, click on the Services menu item from the top menu bar, select the SMS messaging menu on the left then select the New message menu item.

> + -

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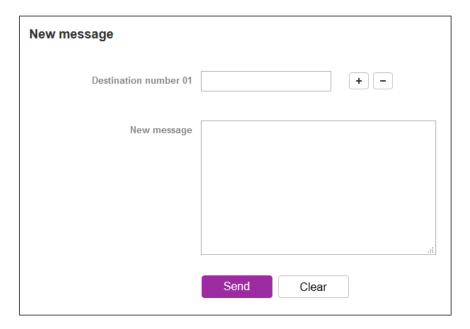


Figure 167 - SMS - New Message

Destination numbers should begin with the "+" symbol followed by the country calling code. To send a message to a destination number, enter the "+" symbol followed by the country calling code and then the destination number.

For example:

To send a message to the mobile destination number 0412345678 in Australia (country calling code 61), enter "+61412345678".

After entering the required recipient numbers, type your SMS message in the New message field. As you type your message, a counter shows how many characters you have entered out of the total number available for your chosen encoding scheme. When you have finished typing your message and you are ready to send it, click the Send button.

Inbox / Sent Items

The Inbox displays all received messages that are stored on the router while Sent Items displays all sent messages. To access the Inbox page, click on the Services menu item from the top menu bar, select the SMS messaging menu on the left then select the Inbox menu item.



Figure 168 – SMS Inbox

To access the Sent items page, click on the Services menu item from the top menu bar, select the SMS messaging menu on the left then select the Sent items menu item.

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Figure 169 – SMS Outbox

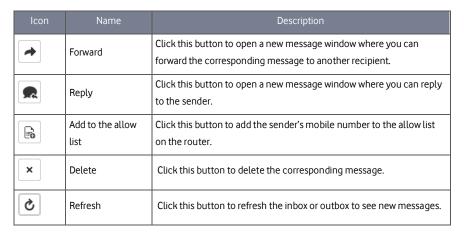


Table 53 - Inbox/Outbox icons

Diagnostics

The Diagnostics page is used to configure the SMS diagnostics and command execution configuration. This allows you to change the $configuration, perform functions \ remotely \ and \ check \ on \ the \ status \ of \ the \ router \ via \ SMS \ commands.$

To access the Diagnostics page, click on the Services menu item then select the SMS menu on the left and finally select Diagnostics beneath it.

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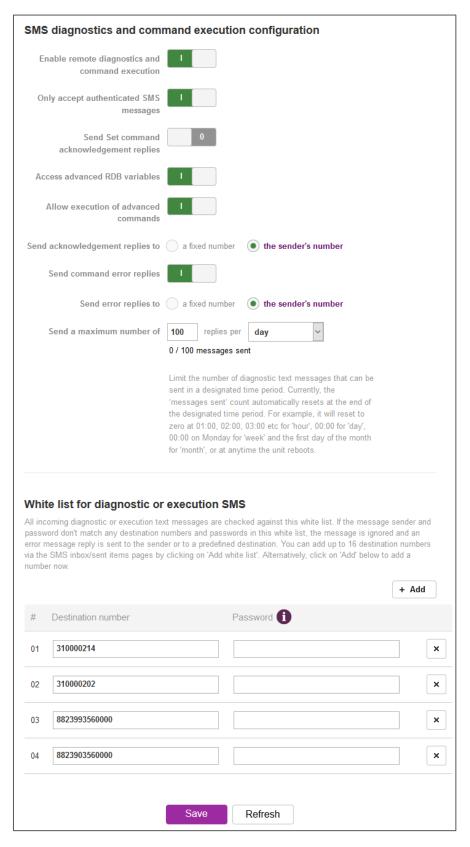


Figure 170 – SMS diagnostics and command execution configuration

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SMS diagnostics and command execution configuration

The options on this page are described below.

Enable remote diagnostics and command execution

Enables or disables the remote diagnostics feature. If this setting is enabled all incoming text messages are parsed and tested for remote diagnostics commands.

If remote diagnostics commands are found, the router executes those commands. This feature is enabled by default. All remote diagnostic commands that are received are stored in the Inbox.



Note – It is possible to adjust settings and prevent your router from functioning correctly using remote diagnostics. If this occurs, you will need to perform a factory reset to restore normal operation.



We highly recommended that you use the allow list and a password when utilising this feature to prevent unauthorised access. See the allow list description for more information.

Only accept authenticated SMS messages

Enables or disables checking the sender's phone number against the allow list for incoming diagnostics and command execution SMS messages.

If authentication is enabled, the router will check if the sender's number exists in the allow list. If it exists, the router then checks the password (if configured) in the incoming message against the password in the allow list for the corresponding sending number. If they match, the diagnostic or command is executed.

If the number does not exist in the allow list or the password does not match, the router does not execute the incoming diagnostic or command in the SMS message.

This is enabled by default and it is strongly advised that you leave this feature enabled to maintain security.

Send Set command acknowledgement replies

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router will automatically reply to certain types of commands received, such as get commands, or execute commands. However acknowledgement replies from the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router are optional with set commands and the Wakeup command. This option Enables or disables sending an acknowledgment message after execution of a set command or SMS Wakeup command. If disabled, the router does not send any acknowledgement after execution of a set command or SMS Wakeup command. All acknowledgment replies are stored in the Outbox after they have been sent. This can be useful to determine if a command was received and executed by the router. This option is disabled by default.

Access advanced RDB variables

By default, this option is turned on and allows access to the full list of RDB variables via SMS. When it is turned off, you are only allowed access to the basic RDB variables listed later in this guide.

Allow execution of advanced commands

By default, this option is turned on and allows execution of advanced commands such as those which are common to the Linux command line. For example: "execute Is /usr/bin/sms*" to list the contents of the /etc folder on the router.

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When it is turned off you are only allowed to execute the basic commands listed later in this guide.

Send acknowledgement replies to

This option allows you to specify where to send acknowledgment messages after the execution of a set, get, or exec command.

If a fixed number is selected, the acknowledgement message will be sent to the number defined in the Fixed number to send replies to field. If the sender's number is selected, the acknowledgement message will be sent to the number that the SMS diagnostic or command message originated from. The default setting is to use the sender's number.

Fixed number to send replies to

This field defines the destination number to which error messages are sent after the execution of a get, set, or exec command. This field is only displayed when Send Error SMS to is set to Fixed Number.

Send command error replies

Enables or disables the sending of an error message resulting from the execution of a get, set, or exec command. All error replies are stored in the Outbox after they have been sent.

Send error replies to

When Send command error replies is set to ON, this option is used to specify where the error SMS is sent. Use the radio buttons to select either a fixed number or the sender's number. When set to the sender's number the router will reply to the originating number of the SMS diagnostic or command. When set to a fixed number the router will send the error messages to the number specified in the following field.

Send a maximum number of

You can set the maximum number of acknowledgement and error messages sent when an SMS diagnostic or command is executed. The maximum limit can be set per hour, day, week or month. The router will send a maximum of 100 replies per day by default.

The number of messages sent is shown below the options. The total transmitted message count resets after a reboot or at the beginning of the time frame specified.

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Allow list for diagnostic or execution SMS

The allow list is a list of mobile numbers that you can create which are considered "friendly" to the router. If 'Only accept authenticated SMS messages' is enabled in the diagnostics section, the router will compare the mobile number of all incoming diagnostic and command messages against this allow list to determine whether the diagnostic or command should be executed. You must configure a password for each number added to the allow list to give an additional level of security. Only the four GDSP reserved entries are exempt from having a password configured.

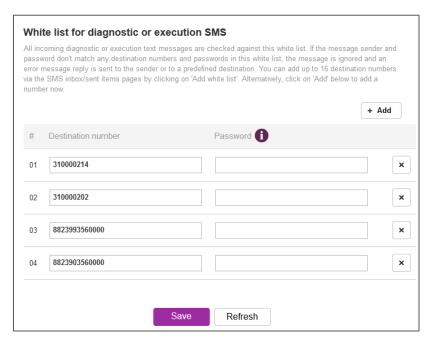


Figure 171 – Allow list for diagnostic or execution SMS

Up to 20 numbers may be stored in the allow list, however, when using a Vodafone GDSP SIM, 4 entries are reserved for system numbers and may not be removed. To add a number to the allow list, click the "+Add" button.

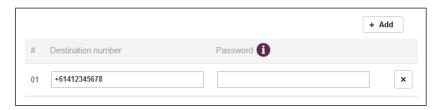


Figure 172 – Adding a number to the SMS allow list



- Be a minimum of eight characters and no more than 128 characters in length.
- Contain at least one upper case, one lower case character and one number.
- Contain at least one of the following special characters: !*0?/

When you have finished adding numbers click the Save button to save the entries.

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Sending an SMS Diagnostic Command

Follow the steps below to configure the router to optionally accept SMS diagnostic commands only from authenticated senders and learn how to send SMS diagnostic commands to the router.

- Navigate to the Services > SMS messaging > Diagnostics page
- 2 Confirm that the Enable remote diagnostics and command execution toggle key is set to the ON position. If it is set to OFF click the toggle key to switch it to the ON position.
- 3 If you wish to have the router only accept commands from authenticated senders, ensure that Only accept authenticated SMS messages is set to the ON position. In the allow list for diagnostic or execution SMS messages section, click the +Add button and enter the sender's number in international format into the Destination number field that appears. You must enter a password in the Password field corresponding to the destination number.
- If you would prefer to accept SMS diagnostic commands from any sender, set the Only accept authenticated SMS messages toggle key to the OFF position.



Note - An alternative method of adding a number to the allow list is to send an SMS message to the router, navigate to Services > SMS messaging > Inbox and then click the button next to the message which corresponds to the sender's number.

You will then need to set a Password in the allow list for diagnostic execution SMS list.

5 Click the Save button.

Types of SMS diagnostic commands

There are three types of commands that can be sent; execute, get and set. The basic syntax is as follows:

- execute COMMAND
- get VARIABLE
- set VARIABLE=VALUE

If authentication is enabled, each command must be preceded by the password:

- PASSWORD execute COMMAND
- PASSWORD get VARIABLE
- PASSWORD set VARIABLE=VALUE

The following are some examples of SMS diagnostic commands:

- password6657 execute reboot
- get rssi
- set apn1=testAPNvalue

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SMS acknowledgment replies

The router automatically replies to get commands with a value and execute commands with either a success or error response. Set commands will only be responded to if the Send Set command acknowledgement replies toggle key is set to ON. If the Send command error replies togqle key is set to ON, the router will send a reply if the command is correct but a variable or value is incorrect, for example, due to misspelling.

SMS command format

Generic Format for reading variables:

get VARIABLE PASSWORD get VARIABLE

Generic Format for writing to variables:

set VARIABLE=VALUE PASSWORD set VARIABLE=VALUE

Generic Format for executing a command:

Execute COMMAND PASSWORD execute COMMAND

Replies

Upon receipt of a successfully formatted, authenticated (if required) command, the gateway will reply to the SMS in the following format:

| Туре | SMS Contents | Notes |
|-----------------|---|---|
| get command | "VARIABLE=VALUE" | |
| set command | "Successfully set VARIABLE to VALUE" | Only sent if the acknowledgment message function is enabled |
| execute command | "Successfully executed command COMMAND" | |

Table 54 – SMS Diagnostic Command Syntax

Where "VARIABLE" is the name of the value to be read

Where "VARIABLE (x)" is the name of another value to be read

Where "VALUE" is the content to be written to the "VARIABLE"

Where "COMMAND" is a supported command to be executed by the device (e.g. reboot)

Where "PASSWORD" is the password (if configured) for the corresponding sender number specified in the allow List

Multiple commands can be sent in the same message, if separated by a semicolon.

For Example:

get VARIABLE1; get VARIABLE2; get VARIABLE3 PASSWORD get VARIABLE1; get VARIABLE2 set VARIABLE=VALUE1 ; set VARIABLE2=VALUE2 PASSWORD set VARIABLE1=VALUE1; set VARIABLE2=VALUE2; set VARIABLE3=VALUE3

If required, values can also be bound by an apostrophe, double apostrophe or back tick.

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For Example:

"set VARIABLE='VALUE'" "set VARIABLE="VALUE"" "set VARIABLE=`VALUE`" "get VARIABLE"

A password (if required), only needs to be specified once per SMS, but can be prefixed to each command if desired.

"PASSWORD get Variable1"; "get VARIABLE2"

"PASSWORD set VARIABLE1=VALUE1"; "set VARIABLE2=VALUE2"

If the command sent includes the "reboot" command and has already passed the allow list password check, the device keeps this password and executes the remaining command line after the reboot with this same password.

For Example:

```
"PASSWORD execute reboot; getVariable1"; "get VARABLE2"
"PASSWORD execute reboot; PASSWORD get Variable1"; "get VARABLE2"
```



Note – Commands, variables and values are case sensitive.

List of basic commands

A list of basic commands which can be used in conjunction with the execute command are listed below:

"pdpcycle", "pdpdown" and "pdpup" commands can have a profile number suffix 'x' added. Without the suffix specified, the command operates against the default profile configured on the profile list page of the Web-UI.

| Item | | Definition | |
|------|-----------------|--|--|
| 1 | reboot | Immediately performs a soft reboot. | |
| 2 | pdpcycle | Disconnects (if connected) and reconnects the data connection. If a profile number is selected in the command, try to disconnect/reconnect the specified profile in case the profile is active. If no profile number is selected, try to disconnect/reconnect the current active profile. Reports an error if no profile number is selected and there is no currently activated profile. | |
| 3 | pdpdown | Disconnects the PDP. If a profile number is selected in the command, the router tries to disconnect the specified profile in case the profile is active. If no profile number is selected, try to disconnect the current active profile. Reports an error if no profile number is selected and there is no currently activated profile. | |
| 4 | pdpup | Reconnects the PDP. If a profile number is selected in the command, the router tries to connect with the specified profile. If no profile number is selected, the router tries to connect to the last active profile. The gateway will check the currently activated profile and disconnect this profile before executing the command. The router reports an error if no profile number is selected and there is no stored last active profile number. | |
| 5 | factorydefaults | Performs a factory reset on the router. Be aware that this command also clears the SMS allow list on the router. | |

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| Item | | Definition | |
|------|---------------|---|--|
| 6 | download | Performs a download and install of a Firmware Upgrade (.cdi), Config File (.tar.gz) or a help document (.pdf) file. | |
| | | If the file is a firmware image as in the case of a .cdi file, the router will apply the recovery image first and then the main firmware image. The download location is specified immediately after the command and may be from an HTTP or FTP source URL. | |
| | | If the file is a .cdi file, the router will apply the file as a configuration file update for the device and reboot afterwards. | |
| | | If the file is a .pdf, the router will assume this is a user guide document and save it to the router and make the file available for viewing via the help menu on the Web-UI. | |
| | | Note: If your download URL includes any space characters, please encode these prior to transmission according to RFC1738, for example: | |
| | | ftp://username:password@serveraddress/directory%20with%20spaces/filename.cdi | |
| | | Note: Authenticated FTP addresses may be used following the format as defined in RFC1738, for example: | |
| | | ftp://username:password@serveraddress/directory/filename.cdi | |
| 7 | codconnect | Causes the router to activate the PDP context when the Connect on demand feature is enabled. | |
| 8 | coddisconnect | Causes the router to de-activate the PDP context when the Connect on demand feature is enabled. | |
| 10 | ssh.genkeys | Instructs the router to generate new public SSH keys. | |
| 11 | ssh.clearkeys | Instructs the router to clear the client public SSH key files. | |

Table 55 – List of basic SMS diagnostic commands

List of get/set commands

The following table is a partial list of get and set commands which may be performed via SMS.

| Command name | Example | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| get status | get status | Returns the Module firmware version, LAN IP Address, Network State, Network operator and Signal strength. |
| get sessionhistory | get sessionhistory | Returns the time and date of recent sessions along with the total amount of data sent and received for each session. |
| set syslogserver | set syslogserver=123.45.67.89:514 | Sets a remote syslog server IP or hostname and port. |
| set cod | set cod=1 | Enables or disables Connect on demand. |
| get cod | get cod | Returns the enable/disable status of the Connect on demand feature. |
| get codstatus | get codstatus | Returns the connection status of the Connect on demand feature. |
| set coddialport | set coddialport=on,53 | Sets the Connect on demand feature to connect only when traffic is received on the specified port. |
| get coddialport | get coddialport | Returns the Connect on demand port filter status and list or filtered ports. |
| set codonline | set codonline=20 | Sets the router to stay online for at least X minutes when data activity is detected. |

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| Command name | Example | Description |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| get codonline | get codonline | Returns the number of minutes the router is configured to stay online when data activity is detected. |
| set codminonline | set codminonline=10 | Sets the router to stay online for a minimum of X minutes after connecting. |
| get codminonline | get codminonline | Returns the minimum number of minutes the router should stay online after connecting. |
| set codredial | set codredial=5 | Sets the number of minutes that the router should not attempt to redial after hanging up. |
| get codredial | get codredial | Returns the number of minutes that the router is configured to not attempt to redial after hanging up. |
| set coddisconnect | set coddisconnect=0 | Sets the number of minutes after which the router should disconnect regardless of traffic. |
| get coddisconnect | get coddisconnect | Returns the number of minutes the router is configured to disconnect regardless of traffic. |
| set codconnectreg | set codconnectreg=30 | Sets the number of minutes that the router should regularly attempt to connect. |
| get codconnectreg | get codconnectreg | Returns the number of minutes that the router is configured to regularly attempt to connect. |
| set codrandomtime | set codrandomtime=3 | Sets the number of minutes that the router should randomise the dial time by. |
| get codrandomtime | get codrandomtime | Returns the number of minutes that the router is configured to randomise the dial time by. |
| set codverbose | set codverbose=1 | Sets verbose logging on or off. |
| get codverbose | get codverbose | Returns the status of verbose logging. |
| set codignore.icmp | set codignore.icmp=1 | Sets the router to ignore ICMP packets triggering data activity detection. |
| get codignore.icmp | get codignore.icmp | Returns the status of the Ignore ICMP option. |
| set codignore.tcp | set codignore.tcp=1 | Sets the router to ignore TCP packets triggering data activity detection. |
| get codignore.tcp | get codignore.tcp | Returns the status of the Ignore TCP option. |
| set codignore.udp | set codignore.udp=1 | Sets the router to ignore UDP packets triggering data activity detection. |
| get codignore.udp | get codignore.udp | Returns the status of the Ignore UDP option. |





| Command name | Example | Description |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|
| set codignore.dns | set codignore.dns=1 | Sets the router to ignore DNS traffic triggering data activity detection. |
| get codignore.dns | get codignore.dns | Returns the status of the Ignore DNS option. |
| set codignore.ntp | set codignore.ntp=1 | Sets the router to ignore NTP traffic triggering data activity detection. |
| get codignore.ntp | get codignore.ntp | Returns the status of the Ignore NTP option. |
| set codignore.ncsi | set codignore.ncsi=1 | Sets the router to ignore NCSI traffic triggering data activity detection. |
| get codignore.ncsi | get codignore.ncsi | Returns the status of the Ignore NCSI option. |
| get plmnscan | get plmnscan | Instructs the router to perform a network scan and returns the results by SMS. |
| set forceplmn | set forceplmn=505,3 | Sets the operator to a manual selection made by the user where "505" is the Mobile Country Code for Australia and "3" is the Mobile Network Code for Vodafone. As no network type (e.g LTE/3G/2G) is specified, it is selected automatically. |
| get forceplmn | get forceplmn | Returns the operator and network type selection mode (Automatic/Manual), in addition to the MCC and MNC values |
| get pppoe | get pppoe | Returns the PPPoE status, currently configured dial string and service name |
| set pppoe | set pppoe=1,1,1, test | Sets PPPoE on, debug logging on, Forward WAN IP on, and service name to "test". |
| get ledmode | get ledmode | Returns the status of the LED operation mode. |
| set ledmode | set ledmode=10 | Sets the LED operation mode to be always on or to turn off after the specified number of minutes. |
| get ssh.proto | get ssh.proto | Returns the SSH protocol in use. |
| set ssh.proto | set ssh.proto=1,2 | Sets the SSH Protocol to protocol 1, 2 or both (1,2). |
| get ssh.passauth | get ssh.passauth | Returns the status of the SSH Enable password authentication option. |
| set ssh.passauth | set ssh.passauth=1 | Sets the SSH Enable password authentication option on or off. |
| get ssh.keyauth | get ssh.keyauth | Returns the status of the SSH Enable key authentication option. |
| set ssh.keyauth | Set ssh.keyauth=1 | Sets the SSH Enable key authentication option on or off. |





| Command name | Example | Description |
|----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| get download.timeout | get download.timeout | Returns the time in minutes that the router waits before a download times out. |
| set download.timeout | set download.timeout=20 | Sets the time in minutes that the router waits before a download times out. This is set to 10 minutes by default. Supported range is 10 – 1440 minutes. |
| get install.timeout | get install.timeout | Returns the time in minutes that the router waits before a file that is being installed times out. |
| set install.timeout | set install.timeout=5 | Sets the time in minutes that the router waits before a file that is being installed times out. This is set to 3 minutes by default. Supported range is 3 – 300 minutes. |
| get sw.version | get sw.version | Returns the software version of the router. |

Table 56 – List of get/set commands

List of basic RDB variables

The following table lists valid variables where "x" is a profile number (1-6). If no profile is specified, variables are read from or written to for the current active profile. If a profile is specified, variables are read from or written to for the specified profile number ('x').

| # | RDB variable name | SMS variable name | Read/Write | Description | Example VALUE |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | link.profile.1.enable | profile | RW | Profile | Read: |
| | link.profile.1.apn | | | | (profile |
| | link.profile.1.user | | | | no,apn,user,pass,auth,iplocal,status) |
| | link.profile.1.pass | | | | 1,apn,username,password, |
| | link.profile.1.auth_type | | | | chap,202.44.185.111,up |
| | link.profile.1.iplocal | | | | Write: |
| | link.profile.1.status | | | | (apn, user, pass,auth) |
| | | | | | apn,username,password |
| 2 | link.profile.1.user | username | RW | Cellular | Guest, could also return "null" |
| | | | | broadband | |
| | | | | username | |
| 3 | link.profile.1.pass | password | RW | Cellular | Guest, could also return "null" |
| | | | | broadband | |
| | | | | password | |
| 4 | link.profile.1.auth_type | authtype | RW | Cellular | "pap" or"chap" |
| | | | | broadband | |
| | | | | Authentication | |
| | | | | type | |
| 5 | link.profile.1.iplocal | wanip | R | WAN IP address | 202.44.185.111 |

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| # | RDB variable name | SMS variable name | Read/Write | Description | Example VALUE |
|----|---|----------------------|------------|---|--|
| 6 | wwan.0.radio.information.signal_strength | rssi | R | Cellular signal strength | -65 dBm |
| 7 | wwan.0.imei | imei | R | IMEI number | 357347050000177 |
| 8 | statistics.usage_current | usage | R | Cellular broadband data usage of current session | "Rx 500 bytes, Tx 1024 bytes, Total 1524 bytes" or "Rx 0 byte, Tx 0 byte, Total 0 byte" when wwan down |
| 9 | statistics.usage_current | wanuptime | R | Up time of current cellular broadband session | 1 days 02:30:12 or 0 days 00:00:00 when wwan down |
| 10 | /proc/uptime | deviceuptime | R | Device up time | 1 days 02:30:12 |
| 11 | wwan.0.system_network_status.current_band | band | R | Current band | WCDMA850 |

Table 57 – List of basic SMS diagnostics RDB variables

Network scan and manual network selection by SMS

Performing a network scan

The get plmnscan SMS command enables you to perform a scan of the cellular networks available at the time of the scan.

It returns the following semi-colon separated information for each network in range:

- MCC
- MNC
- Network Type (LTE, 3G, 2G)
- Provider's Name
- Operator Status (available, forbidden, current)

The following is an example of a response from the get plmnscan SMS command:

 $\verb|plmnscan=505,03,7, vodafone AU,1;505,03,1, vodafone AU,1;505,03,9, vodafone AU,4;505,01,7, Telstra|| \\$ Mobile,1;505,01,1,Telstra Mobile,1;505,02,9,YES OPTUS,1;505,02,1,YES OPTUS,1;505,01,9,Telstra

| Network type | Description |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| 9 | Indicates an LTE network. |
| 7 | Indicates a 3G network |
| 1 | Indicates a 2G network |

Table 58 – Network types returned by get plmnscan SMS command

| Operator status | Description |
|-----------------|---|
| 1 | Indicates an available operator which may be selected. |
| 2 | Indicates a forbidden operator which may not be selected (applies only to generic SIM cards). |

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| Operator statu | Description |
|----------------|--|
| 4 | Indicates the currently selected operator. |

Table 59 – Operator status codes returned by get plmnscan SMS command

Notes about the network connection status when using the get plmnscan command:

If the connection status is Up and connection mode is Always on, the get plmnscan SMS will cause the connection to disconnect, perform the scan, send the result through SMS and then bring the connection back up again. If the connection status is Down, the router will perform the PLMN scan, send the result and keep the connection status down.



If the connection status is Waiting and connection mode is Connect on demand, the get plmnscan SMS will change the connection status to Down, perform the scan, send the result through SMS and then restore the connection status to the Waiting state.

If the connection status is Up and connection mode is Connect on demand, the get plmnscan SMS will cause the connection to disconnect, perform the scan, send the result through SMS, and then restore the connection status to the Waiting state unless there is a traffic which triggers a connection in which case the connection status will be set to Up.

Setting the router to connect to a network

The router can be instructed by SMS to connect to one of the networks returned by the get plmnscan command. The set forceplmn command forces the router to connect to a specified operator network (if available) while the get forceplmn command retrieves the currently configured network on the router.

Command format:

set forceplmn=0|MCC,MNC| MCC,MNC,Network Type

For example:

set forceplmn=0

Sets the selection of operator and network type to automatic mode.

set forceplmn=505,3

Sets the operator to a manual selection made by the user where "505" is the Mobile Country Code for Australia and "3" is the Mobile Network Code for Vodafone. As no network type (e.g. LTE/3G/2G) is specified, it is selected automatically.

set forceplmn=505,3,7

Sets the operator and network type to a manual selection made by the user where "505" is the Mobile Country Code for Australia, "3" is the Mobile Network Code for Vodafone and "7" is the 3G network type.

Notes about the set forceplmn command:



If the manual selection fails, the device will fall back to the previous 'good' network.

When enabled, the SMS acknowledgement reply reflects the success or failure of the manual selection with respect to the set command and includes the final MNC/MCC that was configured.

Confirming the currently configured operator and network type

You can retrieve the currently configured operator and network type using the get forceplmn command.

The get forceplmn command returns the operator and network type selection mode (Automatic/Manual), in addition to the MCC and MNC values, for example:

Automatic, 505, 3

This response indicates that the operator/network selection mode is Automatic, and the network used is Vodafone AU.

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SMS diagnostics examples

The examples below demonstrate various combinations of supported commands. This is not an exhaustive list and serves as an example of possibilities only.

If the default setting of Only accept authenticated SMS messages is enabled:

Only accept authenticated SMS messages

Password authentication is required. Add your password followed by a space as a prefix to the command, for example

If authentication required:

PASSWORD set username= "NetComm"

If authentication not required:

set username='NetComm'



The authentication setting is located in the user interface at Services -> SMS messages-> Diagnostics.

| Description | Input Command (without PASSWORD prefix) |
|--|---|
| Send SMS to change the data connection username | set username='NetComm' |
| Send SMS to change the data connection password | set password= `NetComm` |
| Send SMS to change the data connection authentication | set authtype= 'pap' |
| Send SMS to reboot | execute reboot |
| Send SMS to check the WAN IP address | get wanip |
| Send SMS to check the mobile signal strength | getrssi |
| Send SMS to check the IMEI number | get imei |
| Send SMS to check the current band | get band |
| Send SMS to Disconnect (if connected) and reconnect the data connection | execute pdpcycle |
| Send SMS to disconnect the data connection | execute pdpdown |
| Send SMS to connect the data connection | execute pdpup |
| Send multiple get command | get wanip; get rssi |
| Send multiple set command | set ssh.genkeys=1; set username=test; set auth=pap |
| Send SMS to reset to factory default settings | execute factorydefaults |
| Send SMS to retrieve status of router | get status |
| Send SMS to retrieve the history of the session, including start time, end time and total data usage | get sessionhistory |
| Send SMS to configure the router to send syslog to a remote syslog server | set syslogserver=123.209.56.78 |
| Send SMS to wake up the router, turn on the default gateway and trigger the 'connect on demand' profile if in waiting state. | A zero byte class 1 flash SMS |
| Send SMS to perform firmware upgrade when firmware is located on HTTP server | execute download http://download.com:8080/firmware_image.cdi execute download http://download.com:8080/firmware_image_r.cdi |

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| Description | Input Command (without PASSWORD prefix) |
|---|---|
| Send SMS to perform firmware upgrade when firmware is located on FTP server | execute download |
| | ftp://username:password@download.com/firmware_image.cdi |
| | execute download ftp://username:password@ |
| | download.com/firmware_image_r.cdi |
| Send SMS to download and install IPK package located on HTTP server | execute download http://download.com:8080/package.ipk |
| Send SMS to download and install IPK package located on FTP server | execute download ftp://username:password@ |
| | download.com:8080/package.ipk |
| Send SMS to turn off PPPoE | set pppoe=0 |
| Send SMS to retrieve the PPPoE status, currently configured dial string and service | get pppoe |
| name | |
| Send SMS to set the LED mode timeout to 10 minutes | set ledmode=10 |
| Send SMS to retrieve the current LED mode | get ledmode |
| Retrieve current SSH protocol | get ssh.proto |
| Select SSH protocol | set ssh.proto=1 |
| Retrieve password authentication status | get ssh.passauth |
| Enable/disable password authentication on host | set ssh.passauth=1 or set ssh.passauth=0 |
| Generate set of public/private keys on the host | execute ssh.genkeys |
| Clear client public keys stored on host | execute ssh.clearkeys |
| Send SMS to initiate a Network Quality test | get networkquality |

Table 60 – SMS diagnostics example commands





Network quality

The Network quality page provides some basic diagnostic information regarding the speed and quality of your cellular network connection. To perform a network quality test, click the Refresh button. The network quality test can take a few minutes to complete.

This test can be initiated remotely by an SMS command. See SMS Diagnostics examples.

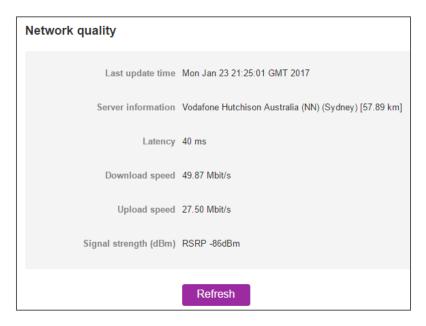


Figure 173 – Network quality test result page

| Item | Description | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Last update time | Date and time of the last successful refresh. | |
| Serverinformation | Includes details of the server used to conduct the network quality test. The distance to the particular server accessed by the software is displayed in kilometres. | |
| Latency | Latency limits the maximum rate, expressed in milliseconds (ms), that information can be transmitted. This network test measures round trip latency and excludes the amount of time that a destination system spends processing the packet. | |
| Download speed | Average speed achieved between the server and the router, measured in megabits per second (Mbit/s). | |
| Upload speed | Average speed achieved between the router and the server, measured in megabits per second (Mbit/s). | |
| Signal strength (dBm) | The method used to measure signal strength depends on the network technology: 4 G uses RSRP (Reference Signal Received Power) 3 G uses RSCP (Received Signal Code Power) 2 G uses RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indication) All methods express the signal strength as a ratio in decibels (dB) of the measured power referenced to one milliwatt (mW). | |
| Refresh | When the Refresh button is clicked, the router performs a network test to the address listed in the Server information field. This process may take a few minutes depending on the speed of your network. | |

Table 61 – Network quality test result details

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Log

The Log pages are used to display or download the System log, Event notification logs and IPSec logs on the router.

System log

The System Log enables you to troubleshoot any issues you may be experiencing with your Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router. To access the System Log page, click on the System menu. The System Log is displayed.

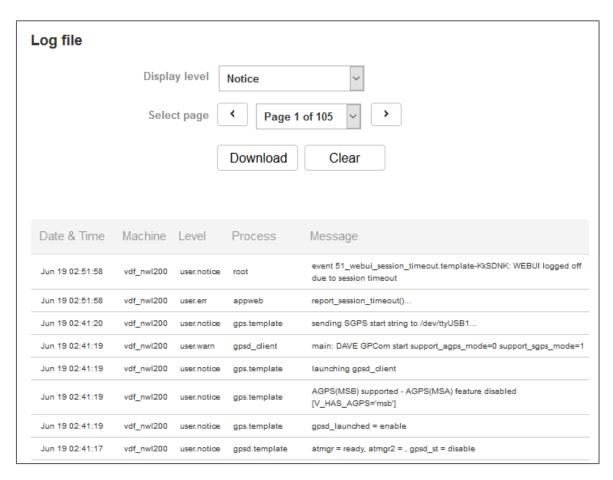


Figure 174 – System log file

Log file

Use the Display level drop-down list to select a message level to be displayed. The message levels are described in the table below.

To download the System log for offline viewing, right-click the Download button and choose Save as.. to save the file. To clear the System log, click the Clear button. The downloaded log file is in Linux text format with carriage return (CR) only at the end of a line, therefore in order to be displayed correctly with new lines shown, it is recommended to use a text file viewer which displays this format correctly (e.g. Notepad++).

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Diagnostic log

The router may be configured to enable the collection of diagnostic logs for the purpose of troubleshooting problems. These log files are intended for use by Vodafone technicians. By default, this feature is disabled and should only be enabled if you are trying to find out the cause of a problem and are instructed to enable this by Vodafone technical support staff.

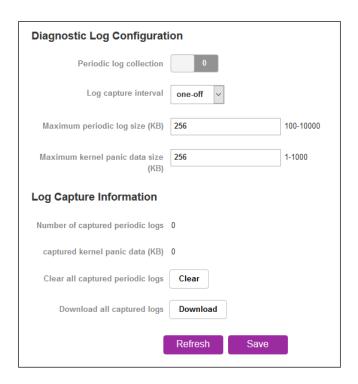


Figure 175 – Diagnostic log

| Item | Description | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Diagnostic log configura | Diagnostic log configuration | | |
| Periodic log collection | Turn on this toggle key to enable diagnostic log collection. | | |
| Log capture interval | Specifies the interval at which the router should collect diagnostic log data. | | |
| Maximum periodic log size (KB) | Specifies the maximum size of the log file in kilobytes. | | |
| Maximum kernel panic data size (KB) | Specifies the maximum size of the kernel panic data file in kilobytes. | | |
| Log capture information | | | |
| Number of captured periodic logs | Displays the number of captured periodic logs. | | |
| Captured kernel panic data (KB) | Displays the total size of captured kernel panic data in kilobytes. | | |
| Clear all captured periodic logs | Press the "Clear" button to clear all captured periodic logs. | | |
| Download all captured logs | Press the "Download" button to download all captured logs. | | |

Table 62 – Diagnostic log

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IPSec log

The IPSec log section provides the ability for you to download the log for the IPSec VPN function. This can assist in troubleshooting any problems you may have with the IPSec VPN. To access the IPSec log page, click on the System menu item then select the Log menu on the left and finally select IPSec log beneath it.



Figure 176 - IPSec log

Use the Log level drop down list to specify the type of detail you want to capture in the log and then click the Save button. When you change the logging level, any active IPSec VPN tunnels will be disconnected as a change in logging level requires the IPSec service to be restarted. The Update button forces a refresh of the display to show any entries since the display was last loaded. To download the IPSec log, click the Download button and you will be prompted to save the file.

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Event notification log

The Event notification log section provides the ability for you to download the log for the Event notification function. This can assist in troubleshooting any problems you may have with the Event notification feature. To access the Event notification log page, click on the System menu item then select the Log menu on the left and finally select Event notification log beneath it.

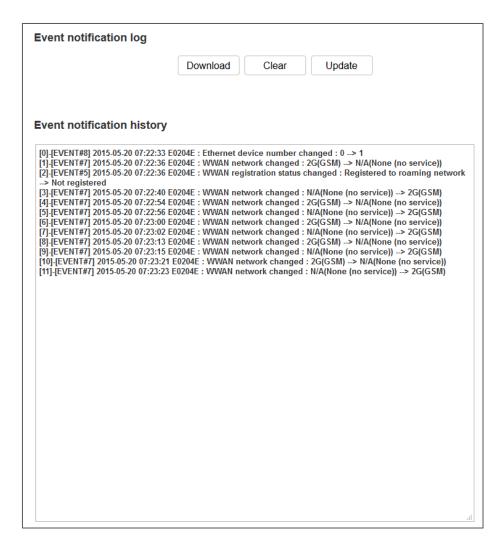


Figure 177 – Event notification log

Use the Download button to download the log file. The Update button forces a refresh of the log display.

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System log settings

To access the System log settings page, click on the System menu item then select the Log menu on the left and finally select System log settings beneath it.

Log data is stored in RAM and therefore, when the unit loses power or is rebooted, it will lose any log information stored in RAM. To ensure that log information is accessible between reboots of the router there are two options:

- Enable the Log to non-volatile memory option
- Use a Remote syslog server

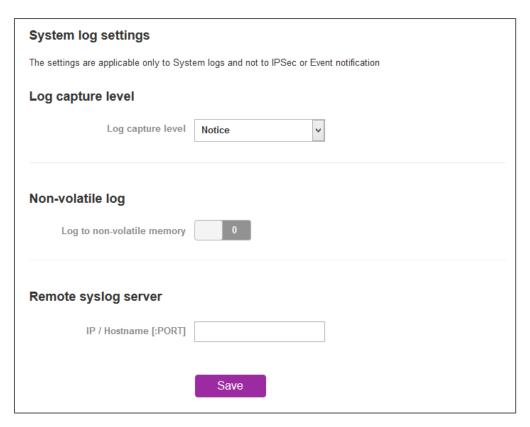


Figure 178 – System log settings

Log capture level

The log capture level defines the amount of detail that the system log stores. This setting also affects the Display level setting on the System log page, for example, if this is set to a low level, such as "Error", the System log will not be able to display higher log levels.

Non-volatile log

When the router is configured to log to non-volatile memory, the log data is stored in flash memory, making it accessible after a reboot of the router. Up to 512kb of log data will be stored before it is overwritten by new log data. Flash memory has a finite number of programerase operations that it may perform to the blocks of memory. While this number of program-erase operations is quite large, we recommend that you do not enable this option for anything other than debugging to avoid excessive wear on the memory.

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Remote syslog server

The router can be configured to output log data to a remote syslog server. This is an application running on a remote computer which accepts and displays the log data. Most syslog servers can also save the log data to a file on the computer on which it is running allowing you to ensure that no log data is lost between reboots.

To configure the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to output log data to a remote syslog server:

- Click on the System menu from the top menu bar. The System log item is displayed.
- Under the Remote syslog server section, enter the IP address or hostname of the syslog server in the IP / Hostname [PORT] field. You can also specify the port number after the IP or hostname by entering a semi-colon and then the port number e.g. 192.168.1.102:514. If you do not specify a port number, the router will use the default UDP port 514.
- 3 Click the Save button to save the configuration.

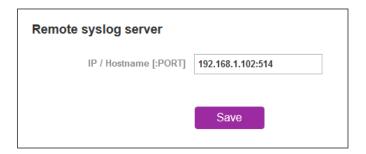


Figure 179 – Remote syslog server configuration

| Item | Definition |
|--------|--|
| Debug | Show extended system log messages with full debugging level details. |
| Info | Show informational messages only. |
| Notice | Show normal system logging information. |
| Error | Show error condition messages only. |

Table 63 – System log detail levels

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Ping watchdog

The Ping watchdog page is used to configure the behaviour of the Periodic Ping monitor function.

When configured, the Ping watchdog feature transmits controlled ping packets to 1 or 2 user specific IP addresses. Should the watchdog not receive responses to the pings, it will reboot the device in a last resort attempt to restore connectivity.

Please be very careful when considering using this feature in situations where the device is intentionally offline for a particular reason (e.g. user configured PDP session disconnect, or the Connect on demand feature enabled). This is because the ping watchdog feature expects to be able to access the internet at all times and will always eventually reboot the router if access isn't restored by the time the various timers and retries expire.

It is due to the nature of the ping watchdog being a last resort standalone backup mechanism that it will continue to do its job and reboot the device even when the Connect on demand session is idle, or the PDP context is disabled by the user. Therefore, it is recommended to disable this feature if Connect on demand is configured, or if the PDP context will be intentionally disconnected on the occasion.

The feature operates as follows:

- After every "Periodic Ping timer" configured interval, the router sends 3 consecutive pings to the "First destination address".
- b If all 3 pings fail the router sends 3 consecutive pings to the "Second address".
- The router then sends 3 consecutive pings to the "Destination address" and 3 consecutive pings to the "Second address" every "Retry timer" configured interval.
- If all retry pings in step C above fail then number of time configured in "Fail count", the router reboots.
- If any ping succeeds, the router returns to step A and does not reboot.



Note - The "Periodic Ping timer" should not be set to a value of less than 300 seconds to allow the router time to reconnect to the cellular network following a reboot.

To disable the Ping watchdog, set Fail count to 0.

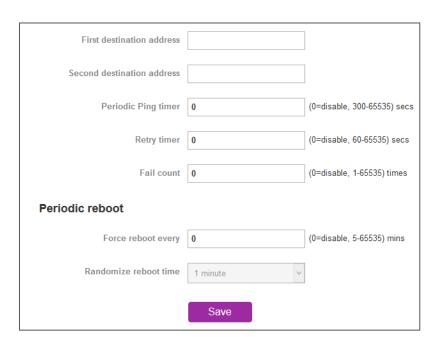


Figure 180 – Ping watchdog settings

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Configuring Periodic Ping settings

The Periodic Ping settings configure the router to transmit controlled ping packets to 2 specified IP addresses. If the router does not receive responses to the pings, the router will reboot.

To configure the ping watchdog:

- In the First destination address field, enter a website address or IP address to which the router will send the first round of ping requests.
- 2 In the Second destination address field, enter a website address or IP address to which the router will send the second round of ping requests.
- In the Periodic Ping timer field, enter an integer between 300 and 65535 for the number of seconds the router should wait between ping attempts. Setting this to 0 disables the ping watchdog function.
- In the Retry timer field, enter an integer between 60 and 65535 for the number of seconds the router should wait between retry ping attempts, i.e. pings to the second destination address. Setting this to 0 disables the ping watchdog function
- 5 In the Fail count field, enter an integer between 1 and 65535 for the number of times an accelerated ping should fail before the router reboots. Setting this to 0 disables the ping watchdog function.

Disabling the Ping watchdog function

To disable the Ping watchdog function, set Fail Count to 0.



Note – The traffic generated by the periodic ping feature is usually counted as chargeable data usage. Please keep this in mind when selecting how often to ping.

Configuring a Periodic reboot

The router can be configured to automatically reboot after a period of time specified in minutes. While this is not necessary, it does ensure that in the case of remote installations, the router will reboot if some anomaly occurs.

- In the Force reboot every field, enter the time in minutes between forced reboots. The default value is 0 which disables the Periodic reboot function. The minimum period between reboots is 5 minutes while the maximum value is 65535 minutes.
- 2 If you have configured a forced reboot time, you can use the Randomise reboot time drop down list to select a random reboot timer. Randomising the reboot time is useful for preventing a large number of devices from rebooting simultaneously and flooding the network with connection attempts. When configured, the router waits for the configured Force reboot every time and then randomly selects a time that is less than or equal to the Randomise reboot time setting. After that randomly selected time has elapsed, the router reboots.
- 3 Click the Save button to save the settings.



Note - The randomise reboot time is not persistent across reboots; each time the router is due to reboot, it randomly selects a time less than or equal to the Randomise reboot time

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System configuration

Settings backup and restore

The settings backup and restore page is used to backup or restore the router's configuration or to reset it to factory defaults. In order to view the settings page, you must be logged into the web user interface as root using the password admin. The backup / restore functions can be used to easily configure a large number of Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite routers by configuring one router with your desired settings, backing them up to a file and then restoring that file to multiple Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite routers.

To access the Settings backup and restore page, click on the System menu item then select the System configuration menu on the left and finally select Settings backup and restore beneath it.

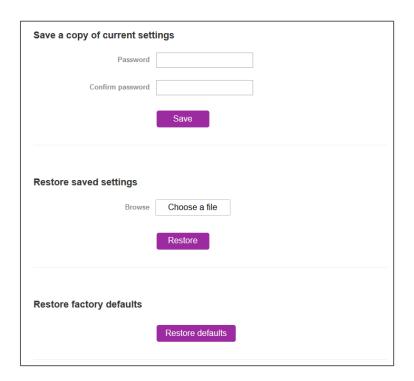


Figure 181 – Settings backup and restore

Back up your router's configuration

- 1 Log in to the web configuration interface, click on the System menu and select Settings backup and restore.
- 2 If you want to password protect your backup configuration files, enter your password in the fields under Save a copy of current settings and click on Save. If you don't want to password protect your files, just click on Save. The router will then prompt you to select a location to save the settings file.

Note – The following conditions apply:



It is NOT possible to edit the contents of the file downloaded; if you modify the contents of the configuration file in any way you will not be able to restore it later.

You may change the name of the file if you wish but the filename extension must remain as ".cfg" $\,$





Restore your backup configuration

- In the web configuration interface click on the System menu and select Settings backup and restore.
- From the Restore saved settings section, click on Browse or Choose a file and select the backup configuration file on your computer.
- Click Restore to copy the settings to the new Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router. The router will apply these settings and inform you it will reboot - click on OK.

Restoring the router's factory default configuration

Click the Restore defaults button to restore the factory default configuration. The router asks you to confirm that you wish to restore factory default settings. If you wish to continue with the restoring of factory defaults, click OK.



Note: All current settings on the router will be lost when performing a restore of factory default settings. The device IP address will change to 192.168.1.1 and the default username root and default password user will be configured.

Upload

To access the Upload page, click on the System menu, then System Configuration and then Upload.

The Upload page allows you to upload firmware files, HTTPS certificates or user created application packages to the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router. When firmware files have been uploaded, they can also be installed from this page. PDF files, such as this user guide may also be uploaded for access on the router's help page.

For more information on application development, contact NetComm Wireless about our Software Development Kit.



Figure 182 – Upload page

Updating the Firmware

The firmware update process involves first updating the recovery image firmware and then updating the main firmware image.



Note - In order to perform an update, you must be logged into the router with the root manager account (see the Advanced configuration section for more details).

To update the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router's firmware:

- 1 Power on the router as described in the Installing the router section.
- 2 Log in to the router with the root user account (See the Advanced configuration section for details)

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- 3 Select the System item from the top menu bar, select the System configuration item from the menu on the left and then select the Upload menu item.
- 4 Under the File uploads section, click the Choose a file button. Locate the firmware image file on your computer and click Open. The $firmware\ image\ is\ named\ vdf_nwl22_x.xx.xx.x.cdi\ where\ the\ `x'\ characters\ represent\ the\ version\ number.$
- 5 Click the Upload button. The firmware image is uploaded to the storage on the router.

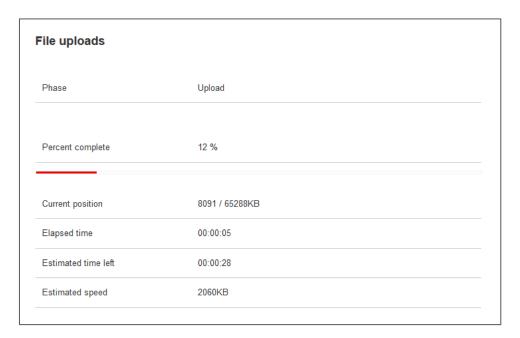


Figure 183 – File upload

The uploaded firmware is listed in the Uploaded files section. Click the Install link next to the file to begin installing the firmware 6 and then click OK on the confirmation window that appears.

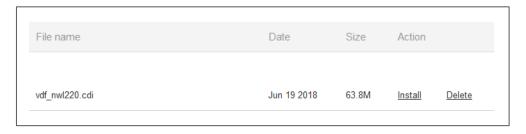


Figure 184 – Uploaded files

The firmware is flashed and when it is complete, the router displays "The firmware update was successful" and returns to the main Upload screen.

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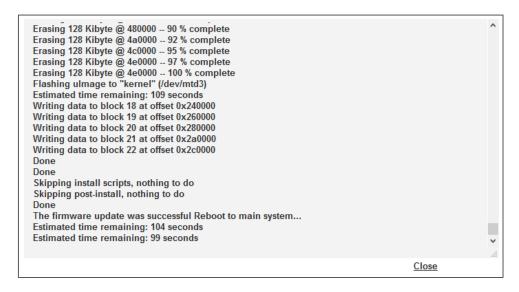


Figure 185 – Firmware flash process complete



Note – Do not remove the power when the router's LEDs are flashing as this is when the firmware update is in process.

The installation is complete when the countdown reaches zero. The router attempts to redirect you to the Status page.

```
Estimated time remaining: 94 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 89 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 84 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 79 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 74 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 69 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 64 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 59 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 54 seconds Estimated time remaining: 49 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 44 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 39 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 34 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 29 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 24 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 19 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 14 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 9 seconds
Estimated time remaining: 4 seconds
Redirecting you to the Status page
                                                                                             Close
```

Figure 186 – Installation process complete

8 Hold down the reset button on the router for 15-20 seconds to reboot and restore the factory default settings of the router. See the Restoring factory default settings section for more information.

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Software applications manager

The Software application manager page is used to provide details of any user installed packages on the router and allow them to be uninstalled.

For more information on application development, contact your sales representative about the Software Development Kit.

| Software applica | ations man | ager | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Application name | Version | Architecture | Time installed | Package details | Uninstall |
| libpcap | 1.2.1 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:01:43 AM | Package details | Uninstall |
| nas | 1.0 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:02:12 AM | Package details | <u>Uninstall</u> |
| ntfs-3g | 1.0.0 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:01:46 AM | Package details | Uninstall |
| oss-disclaimer | trunk.82572 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:01:45 AM | Package details | Uninstall |
| python3 | 3.4.5 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:02:24 AM | Package details | <u>Uninstall</u> |
| samba | 3.5.6 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:02:11 AM | Package details | <u>Uninstall</u> |
| speedtest-cli-master | 1.0 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:02:24 AM | Package details | <u>Uninstall</u> |
| talloc | 2.0.7 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:01:45 AM | Package details | Uninstall |
| tcpdump | 4.2.1 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:01:45 AM | Package details | Uninstall |
| uguide | trunk.82572 | vdf_nwl200 | 1/1/1970, 10:01:43 AM | Package details | <u>Uninstall</u> |
| | | | | | |

Figure 187 – Software applications manager

The Application name, Version number of the application, the architecture type and time of installation are all displayed. Clicking the Package details link will display a pop-up window with further details of the package.

To uninstall any software applications, click the Uninstall link. The NWL-22 User Guide PDF (this document) and the Open Source Software Disclaimer are installed as packages and may be uninstalled to recover some storage space if required.

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Firmware signature

By default, the router is configured to verify the signature of the firmware loaded onto it. This ensures that the firmware that is installed on the router is certified. The administrator may disable this feature for the purposes of development by turning the Enable firmware signature check toggle key to the OFF position and clicking the Save button.

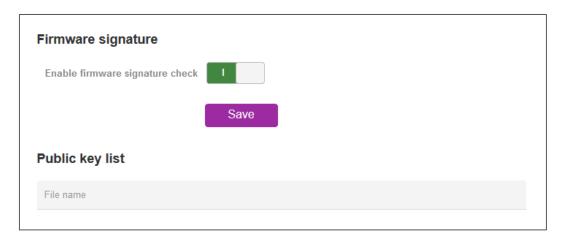


Figure 188 – Firmware signature

Administration

Administration settings

To access the Administration Settings page, click on the System menu then the Administration menu on the left and then click on Administration settings.

The Administration settings page is used to enable or disable protocols used for remote access and configure the passwords for the user accounts used to log in to the router.

The page is divided into four sections:

- Remote router access control
- Local router access control
- Web User Interface account
- Telnet/SSH account

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| Remote router access con | trol |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Enable HTTP | 0 |
| Enable HTTPS | 0 |
| Enable telnet | 0 |
| Enable SSH | 0 |
| Enable FTP | 0 |
| Enable FTPS | 0 |
| Enable ping | 0 |
| Local router access contro | ol . |
| Enable HTTP | 0 |
| Enable HTTPS | |
| Enable local Telnet | 0 |
| Enable local SSH | |
| Enable local FTP | 0 |
| Enable local FTPS | 1 |
| Web User Interface accour | nt |
| | |
| Username | root |
| Password | (8-128 characters in length) |
| Password strength | |
| Login attempt limit | 3 (3-5) |
| Login lock duration | 1 (1-10 minutes) |
| Session timeout | 600 (300-3600 seconds) |
| | |
| Telnet/SSH/FTP account | |
| Username | root |
| Password | (8-126 characters in length) |
| Confirm password | (8-126 characters in length) |
| Password strength | |
| | |
| | Save |
| | |

Figure 189 – Administration page

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| Option | Definition | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Remote router access control | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Enable HTTP | Enable or disable remote HTTP access to the router. | | | | | |
| HTTP management port | When HTTP is enabled (see previous) you can set the HTTP management port. | | | | | |
| | Enable HTTP I | | | | | |
| | HTTP management port 8080 (Choose a port between 1 and 65534) | | | | | |
| | Enter a port number between 1 and 65534 to use when accessing the router remotely. | | | | | |
| Enable HTTPS | Enable or disable remote HTTPS access to the router using a secure connection. | | | | | |
| Remote HTTPS access port | When HTTPS is enabled (see previous) you can set the HTTPS remote access port. | | | | | |
| | Enable HTTPS Update server certificate if necessary | | | | | |
| | Remote HTTPS access port 443 (Choose a port between 1 and 65534) | | | | | |
| | HTTPS source IP whitelist 192.169.1.1,180.115.1.1,150.101.1.2 | | | | | |
| | Comma-separated list of unicast IP addresses and/or network IP addresses (with /mask where mask is a plain number). If it is blank, | | | | | |
| | all IP addresses are permitted. | | | | | |
| | Enter a port number between 1 and 65534 to use when accessing the router remotely over a secure HTTPS connection. | | | | | |
| HTTPS source IP allow list | When HTTPS is enabled (see Enable HTTPS above) you can enter an 'allow list' of IP addresses | | | | | |
| | that will be permitted to access the router. | | | | | |
| | Enter a list of comma-separated unicast IP addresses. You may also enter IP addresses in CIDR notation, however, no spaces are permitted. | | | | | |
| | Note that if this field is left blank, all IP addresses will be permitted to access the router. | | | | | |
| Enable Telnet | Enable or disable remote telnet (command line) access to the router. | | | | | |
| Enable SSH | Enable or disable Secure Shell on the router. | | | | | |
| Remote SSH Access Port | When SSH is enabled (see previous) you can set the remote SSH access port. | | | | | |
| | Enable SSH 1 | | | | | |
| | Remote SSH access port 22 (Choose a port between 1 and 65534) | | | | | |
| | Enter the port number for remote SSH access. The port number must be between 1 and 65534. | | | | | |
| Enable FTP | Enable or disable the File Transfer Protocol on the router for remote connections. | | | | | |
| Enable FTPS | Enable or disable the Secure File Transfer Protocol on the router for remote connections. | | | | | |
| Enable Ping | Enable or disable remote ping responses on the WWAN connection. | | | | | |
| Local router access control | ો | | | | | |
| Enable HTTP | Enable or disable local HTTP access to the router. The default setting is disabled. | | | | | |
| Enable HTTPS | Enable or disable local secure HTTP access (https). | | | | | |
| | The default setting is enabled. | | | | | |
| Enable local Telnet | Enable or disable local telnet (command line) access to the router. | | | | | |
| | The default setting is disabled. | | | | | |

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| Option | Definition |
|----------------------------|---|
| Enable local SSH | Enable or disable local Secure Shell on the router. |
| | The default setting is enabled. |
| Enable local FTP | Enable or disable the File Transfer Protocol on the router for local connections. |
| Enable local FTPS | Enable or disable the Secure File Transfer Protocol on the router for local connections. |
| Web User Interface account | |
| Username | Use the drop-down list to select the root or user account to change its web interface password. |
| Password | Enter the desired web interface password. |
| | When logged in with the root account the password will display in clear text, otherwise the |
| | password is masked. Only the root account can view and change passwords. |
| Password strength | The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router includes algorithms to ensure that the password you |
| | enter is strong. Any password configured on the router must now meet the following criteria: |
| | Be a minimum of eight characters and no more than 128 characters in length. |
| | Contain at least one upper case, one lower case character and one number. |
| | Contain at least one special character, such as: `~!@#\$%^&*()=+[{]}\ ;;",<.>/?. |
| | Additionally, the password must also satisfy an algorithm which analyses the characters as you |
| | type them, searching for commonly used patterns, passwords, names and surnames according to |
| | US census data, popular English words from Wikipedia and US television and movies and other |
| | common patterns such as dates, repeated characters (aaa), sequences (abcd), keyboard patterns |
| | (qwertyuiop) and substitution of numbers for letters. |
| Login attempt limit | Set the number of unsuccessful login attempts that are allowed before the login lock applies (see next item). |
| | You can choose 3, 4 or 5 login attempts. The default is 3. |
| Login lock duration | Set the time users must wait before they can attempt to login after reaching the login attempt |
| | limit, see previous item above. |
| | The duration can be set from one minute to ten minutes. The default is one minute. |
| Session timeout | Set the time in seconds that the system must remain idle before it automatically logs out. |
| | 1800 seconds (30 minutes) is the default. |
| | You can choose a time between 300 seconds (5 minutes) and 3600 seconds (one hour). |
| Telnet/SSH account | |
| Username | Displays the Telnet/SSH.username. This may not be changed. |
| Password | Enter the desired Telnet/SSH password. |
| Confirm password | Re-enter the desired Telnet/SSH password. |

Table 64 – Administration configuration options

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To access the router's configuration pages remotely:

- Open a new browser window and navigate to the WAN IP address and assigned port number of the router, for example http://123.209.130.249:8080
- Note You can find the router's WAN IP address by clicking on the "Status" menu. The WWAN IP field in the WWAN Connection Status section shows the router's WAN IP address.
- 2 Enter the username and password to login to the router and click Log in.
- Note To perform functions like Firmware upgrade, device configuration backup and to restore and reset the router to factory defaults, you must be logged in with the root manager account.

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Server certificate

What is HTTP Secure?

HTTP Secure or HTTPS is the use of the HTTP protocol over an SSL/TLS protocol. It is used primarily to protect against eavesdropping of communication between a web browser and the web site to which it is connected. This is especially important when you wish to have a secure connection over a public network such as the internet. HTTPS connections are secured through the use of certificates issued by trusted certificate authorities such as VeriSign. When a web browser makes a connection attempt to a secured web site, a digital certificate is sent to the browser so that it can verify the authenticity of the site using a built-in list of trusted certificate authorities.

There are two main differences between how HTTPS and HTTP connections work:

- HTTPS uses port 443 while HTTP uses port 80 by default.
- Over an HTTPS connection, all data sent and received is encrypted with SSL while over an HTTP connection, all data is sent unencrypted.

The encryption is achieved through the use of a pair of public and private keys on both sides of the connection. In cryptography, a key refers to a numerical value used by an algorithm to alter information (encrypt it), making the information secure and visible only to those who have the corresponding key to recover (decrypt) the information. The public key is used to encrypt information and can be distributed freely. The private key is used to decrypt information and must be secret by its owner.

Each Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router contains a self-signed digital certificate which is identical on all Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite routers. For a greater level of security, the router also supports generating your own unique key. Additionally, you may use third party software to generate your own self-signed digital certificate or purchase a signed certificate from a trusted certificate authority and then upload those certificates to the router.

Generating your own self-signed certificate

To generate your own self-signed certificate:

- Click the System item from the top menu bar, then Administration from the side menu bar and then Server certificate.
- 2 Select a Server key size. A larger key size takes longer to generate but provides better security.
- 3 Click the Generate button to begin generating Diffie-Hellman parameters.
- 4 Enter the certificate details using the appropriate fields. All fields must be completed to generate a certificate.

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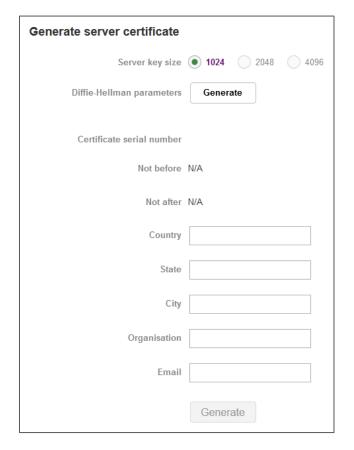


Figure 190 – Generate server certificate

Note – The Country field must contain a code for the desired country from the list below.

| Code | Country | Code | Country | Code | Country | Code | Country |
|------|----------------------|------|-----------------------------|------|------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| AX | Åland Islands | ER | Eritrea | LS | Lesotho | SA | Saudi Arabia |
| AD | Andorra | ES | Spain | LT | Lithuania | SB | Solomon Islands |
| AE | United Arab Emirates | ET | Ethiopia | LU | Luxembourg | SC | Seychelles |
| AF | Afghanistan | FI | Finland | LV | Latvia | SE | Sweden |
| AG | Antigua and Barbuda | FJ | Fiji | LY | Libya | SG | Singapore |
| Al | Anguilla | FK | Falkland Islands (Malvinas) | MA | Morocco | SH | St. Helena |
| AL | Albania | FM | Micronesia | МС | Monaco | SI | Slovenia |
| AM | Armenia | FO | Faroe Islands | MD | Moldova | SJ | Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands |
| AN | Netherlands Antilles | FR | France | ME | Montenegro | SK | Slovak Republic |
| AO | Angola | FX | France, Metropolitan | MG | Madagascar | SL | Sierra Leone |
| AQ | Antarctica | GA | Gabon | МН | Marshall Islands | SM | San Marino |
| AR | Argentina | GB | Great Britain (UK) | МК | Macedonia | SN | Senegal |
| AS | American Samoa | GD | Grenada | ML | Mali | SR | Suriname |
| AT | Austria | GE | Georgia | ММ | Myanmar | ST | Sao Tome and Principe |
| AU | Australia | GF | French Guiana | MN | Mongolia | SU | USSR (former) |





| Code | Country | Code | Country | Code | Country | Code | Country |
|------|-----------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|--------------------------|------|----------------------------------|
| AW | Aruba | GG | Guernsey | МО | Macau | SV | El Salvador |
| AZ | Azerbaijan | GH | Ghana | MP | Northern Mariana Islands | SZ | Swaziland |
| ВА | Bosnia and Herzegovina | GI | Gibraltar | MQ | Martinique | TC | Turks and Caicos Islands |
| ВВ | Barbados | GL | Greenland | MR | Mauritania | TD | Chad |
| BD | Bangladesh | GM | Gambia | MS | Montserrat | TF | French Southern Territories |
| BE | Belgium | GN | Guinea | МТ | Malta | TG | Togo |
| BF | Burkina Faso | GP | Guadeloupe | MU | Mauritius | TH | Thailand |
| BG | Bulgaria | GQ | Equatorial Guinea | MV | Maldives | TJ | Tajikistan |
| ВН | Bahrain | GR | Greece | MW | Malawi | TK | Tokelau |
| BI | Burundi | GS | S. Georgia and S. Sandwich Isls. | MX | Mexico | TM | Turkmenistan |
| BJ | Benin | GT | Guatemala | MY | Malaysia | TN | Tunisia |
| ВМ | Bermuda | GU | Guam | MZ | Mozambique | то | Tonga |
| BN | Brunei Darussalam | GW | Guinea-Bissau | NA | Namibia | TP | East Timor |
| во | Bolivia | GY | Guyana | NC | New Caledonia | TR | Turkey |
| BR | Brazil | НК | Hong Kong | NE | Niger | TT | Trinidad and Tobago |
| BS | Bahamas | НМ | Heard and McDonald Islands | NF | Norfolk Island | TV | Tuvalu |
| ВТ | Bhutan | HN | Honduras | NG | Nigeria | TW | Taiwan |
| BV | Bouvet Island | HR | Croatia (Hrvatska) | NI | Nicaragua | TZ | Tanzania |
| BW | Botswana | нт | Haiti | NL | Netherlands | UA | Ukraine |
| BZ | Belize | HU | Hungary | NO | Norway | UG | Uganda |
| CA | Canada | ID | Indonesia | NP | Nepal | UM | US Minor Outlying Islands |
| СС | Cocos (Keeling) Islands | IE | Ireland | NR | Nauru | US | United States |
| CF | Central African Republic | IL | Israel | NT | Neutral Zone | UY | Uruguay |
| СН | Switzerland | IM | Isle of Man | NU | Niue | UZ | Uzbekistan |
| CI | Cote D'Ivoire (Ivory Coast) | IN | India | NZ | New Zealand (Aotearoa) | VA | Vatican City State (Holy See) |
| СК | Cook Islands | 10 | British Indian Ocean Territory | ОМ | Oman | VC | Saint Vincent and the Grenadines |
| CL | Chile | IS | Iceland | PA | Panama | VE | Venezuela |
| СМ | Cameroon | IT | Italy | PE | Peru | VG | Virgin Islands (British) |
| CN | China | JE | Jersey | PF | French Polynesia | VI | Virgin Islands (U.S.) |
| со | Colombia | JM | Jamaica | PG | Papua New Guinea | VN | Viet Nam |
| CR | Costa Rica | JO | Jordan | PH | Philippines | VU | Vanuatu |
| CS | Czechoslovakia (former) | JP | Japan | РК | Pakistan | WF | Wallis and Futuna Islands |
| CV | Cape Verde | KE | Kenya | PL | Poland | WS | Samoa |
| СХ | Christmas Island | KG | Kyrgyzstan | PM | St. Pierre and Miquelon | YE | Yemen |
| CY | Cyprus | КН | Cambodia | PN | Pitcairn | YT | Mayotte |
| CZ | Czech Republic | КІ | Kiribati | PR | Puerto Rico | ZA | South Africa |
| DE | Germany | КМ | Comoros | PS | Palestinian Territory | ZM | Zambia |
| DJ | Djibouti | KN | Saint Kitts and Nevis | PT | Portugal | СОМ | US Commercial |





| Code | Country | Code | Country | Code | Country | Code | Country |
|------|--------------------|------|----------------|------|--------------------|------|-------------------------|
| DK | Denmark | KR | Korea (South) | PW | Palau | EDU | US Educational |
| DM | Dominica | KW | Kuwait | PY | Paraguay | GOV | US Government |
| DO | Dominican Republic | KY | Cayman Islands | QA | Qatar | INT | International |
| DZ | Algeria | KZ | Kazakhstan | RE | Reunion | MIL | US Military |
| EC | Ecuador | LA | Laos | RO | Romania | NET | Network |
| EE | Estonia | LC | Saint Lucia | RS | Serbia | ORG | Non-Profit Organization |
| EG | Egypt | LI | Liechtenstein | RU | Russian Federation | ARPA | Old style Arpanet |
| EH | Western Sahara | LK | Sri Lanka | RW | Rwanda | | |

Table 65 – Country codes

When you have entered all the required details, press the Generate button. The certificate takes several minutes to generate. When the certificate has been generated, you are informed that it has been successfully generated and installed. The web server on the router restarts and you are logged out of the router. Click OK to be taken back to the login screen.

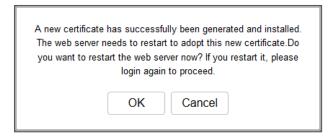


Figure 191 – New certificate successfully generated message

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SSH key management

Secure Shell (SSH) is UNIX-based command interface and network protocol used to gain secure access to a remote computer, execute commands on a remote machine or to transfer files between machines. It was designed as a replacement for Telnet and other insecure remote shell protocols which send information, including passwords, as plain text.

SSH uses RSA public key cryptography for both connection and authentication. Two common ways of using SSH are:

- Use automatically generated public-private key pairs to encrypt the network connection and then use password authentication to
- Use a manually generated public-private key pair to perform the authentication and allow users or programs to log in without using a password.

To access the SSH key management page, click on the System menu then the Administration menu on the left and then click on SSH key management.

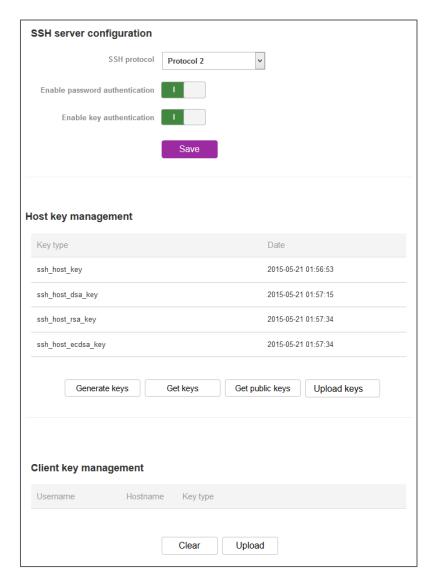


Figure 192 – SSH Server Configuration

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SSH Server Configuration

To configure the SSH server settings:

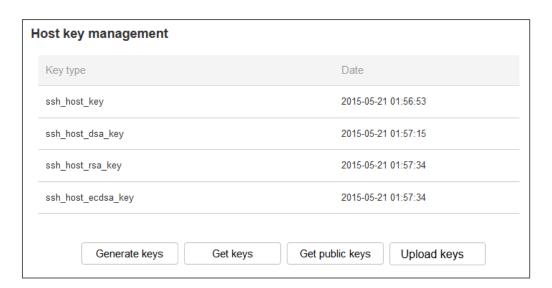
- Use the SSH Protocol drop down list to select the protocol that you want to use. Protocol 2 is more recent and is considered more secure.
- Select the types of authentication you want to use by clicking the Enable password authentication and Enable key authentication toggle keys on or off. Note that you may have both authentication methods on but you may not turn them both off.
- Click the Save button to confirm your settings. 3

Host key management

SSH keys provide a means of identification using public key cryptography and challenge response authentication. This means that a secure connection can be established without transmitting a password, thereby greatly reducing the threat of someone eavesdropping and guessing the correct credentials.

SSH Keys always come in pairs with one being a public key and the other a private key. The public key may be shared with any server to which you want to connect. When a connection request is made, the server uses the public key to encrypt a challenge (a coded message) to which the correct response must be given. Only the private key can decrypt this challenge and produce the correct response. For this reason, the private key should not be shared with those who you do not wish to give authorization.

The Host key management section displays the current public keys on the router and their date and timestamp. These public keys are provided in different formats, including DSA, RSA and ECDSA. Each format has advantages and disadvantages in terms of signature generation speed, validation speed and encryption/decryption speed. There are also compatibility concerns to consider with older clients when using ECDSA, for example.



Generating new keys

The complete set of keys can be re-generated by selecting the Generate keys button. This key generation process takes approximately 30 seconds to complete.

Downloading keys

The Get keys button allows you to download the complete set of public and private keys while the Get public keys button will download only the set of public keys.

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Uploading your own key files

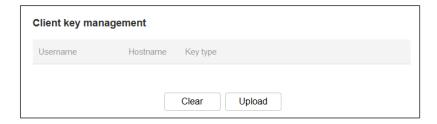
You can generate your own SSH keys and upload them to the router. To generate keys on a Linux-based machine, use the following commands:

```
mkdir keys
cd keys
ssh-keygen -t rsa1 -f ssh host key -N ""
ssh-keygen -t dsa -f ssh_host_dsa_key -N ""
ssh-keygen -t rsa -f ssh_host_rsa_key -N ""
ssh-keygen -t ecdsa -f ssh_host_ecdsa_key -N ""
zip -e -P "PASSWORDHERE" -j keys.zip *
```

Click the Upload keys button then locate the generated keys to upload them to the router.

Client key management

The Client Key Management section is used for uploading the public key file of clients. To upload a client public key, click the Upload button, browse to the file and click Open.



When the file is uploaded, it is examined for validity. If the key file is not a valid public key, it will not be uploaded.

LED operation mode

The eight LED indicators may be turned off after a timeout period for aesthetic or power saving reasons. To access the LED Operation Mode page, click the System menu, then Administration on the left and finally select LED Operation Mode.

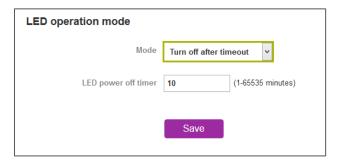


Figure 193 – LED Operation Mode

The Mode drop down list sets the operation mode of the LEDs on the front panel of the router. To set the lights to operate at all times, set this to Always on. To set the lights to turn off after a specified period, select Turn off after timeout. When configured to turn off after timeout, use the LED power off timer field to specify the time in minutes to wait before turning off the LED indicators. The LED Power Off Timer must be an integer between 1 and 65535.

The wait period begins from the time the Save button is clicked. When the wait period expires, the LEDs will turn off. If the router is rebooted, the LED power off timer is reset. The router will boot up and wait for the configured time before turning off again.

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Site settings

The Site settings feature allows you to add a name that appears on the Status page in the System information section. This can be useful for identifying the particular device you are using when you have a fleet of them in various locations.

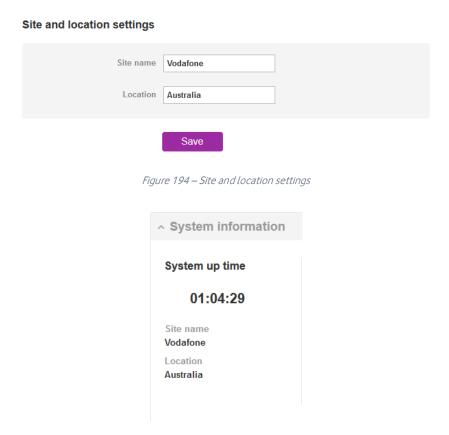


Figure 195 – System information section displaying Site name and Location.

Hardware reset settings

To prevent unauthorised reset via the physical reset button, go to System -> Administration -> Hardware reset settings and select Disable reset button:



Figure 196 – Hardware reset settings.



Warning – Before disabling the reset button, be sure that you remember your root account password. If you disable the reset button and you forget your root account password, you will effectively be locked out of your device. Disabling the reset button prevents you from rebooting the router, accessing the recovery partition and factory resetting the device, therefore preventing you from resetting the root account password.

A notification can be sent each time this button setting changes. To configure notification settings, go to Services -> Event notification -> Notification configuration and configure a notification type and destination for event 21.

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USB-OTG

The USB port can be enabled or disabled on the USB OTG configuration page (System -> USB OTG). By default the port is enabled.

When the port is enabled, the USB-OTG page displays the current status of the USB port, i.e. whether it is in Device mode or Host mode.

By default, Automatic mode is set to ON, allowing the router to intelligently choose the correct mode. If you wish to manually override this selection, turn off Automatic mode and manually select either Host or Device mode.

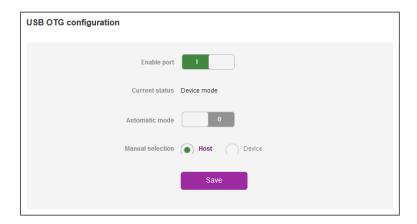


Figure 197 – USB-OTG configuration

A notification can be sent each time a change to these settings is saved. To configure notification settings, go to Services -> Event notification -> Notification configuration and select a notification type and destination for event 23.

Storage

The Storage page provides configuration options with relation to USB and SD storage devices. To access the Storage page, click the System menu item, then select the Storage menu item on the left.

Storage device list

The Storage devices list displays any connected storage devices and summarises the type, file system, size, used and available space on each device. Additionally, an eject button is provided to unmount the storage device so you can safely remove it.

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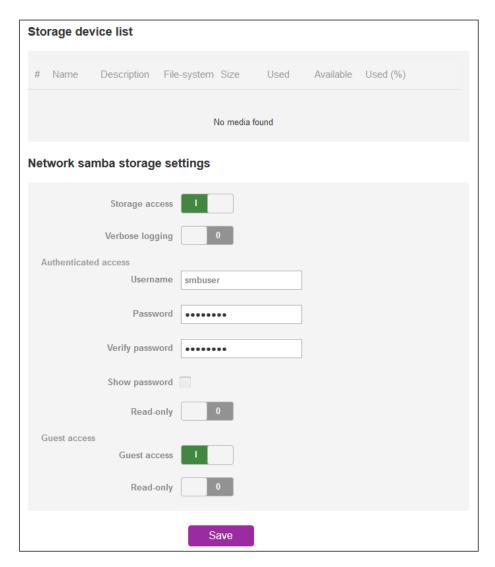


Figure 198 – Storage





Network Samba storage settings

Storage devices connected to the router can be shared using the Samba protocol. The table below describes the configuration options for the Network Samba storage settings.

| ltem | Definition |
|----------------------|--|
| Storage access | Turns the Samba sharing function on or off. |
| Verbose logging | When turned on, this provides additional logging data in the system log. |
| | This should generally only be used when debugging to avoid generating |
| | excessively long logs. |
| Authenticated access | |
| Username | The username to be used for authenticated access to the storage device. |
| | This is configured as 'smbuser' and cannot be changed. |
| Password | The password to be used for authenticated access to the storage device. |
| Verify password | The password to be used for authenticated access to the storage device. |
| Show password | Displays the passwords in the authenticated access fields. |
| Read-only | When turned on, this provides read-only access to the files on the |
| | connected storage device(s). When read-only access for authenticated |
| | accounts is turned on, the guest access read-only option is hidden and |
| | guests are permitted read-only access also. |
| Guest access | |
| Guest access | Enables or disables guest access to the storage device. |
| Read-only | When turned on, this provides read-only access to the files on the |
| | connected storage device(s) for guest users. If the authenticated |
| | account has Read-only enabled then this option is not available and |
| | read-only access is automatically granted to guest users. |

Table 66 – Network Samba storage settings

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Reboot

The reboot option in the System section performs a soft reboot of the router. This can be useful if you have made configuration changes you want to implement.

To reboot the router:

- 1 Click the System menu item from the top menu bar.
- 2 Click the Reboot button from the menu on the left side of the screen.



Figure 199 – Reboot menu option

The router displays a warning that you are about to perform a reboot. If you wish to proceed, click the Reboot button then click OK on the confirmation window which appears.

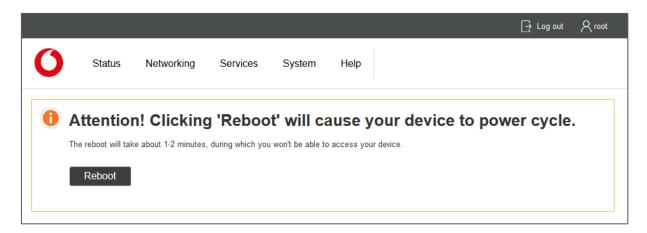


Figure 200 – Reboot confirmation



Note - It can take up to 2 minutes for the router to reboot.

Logging out

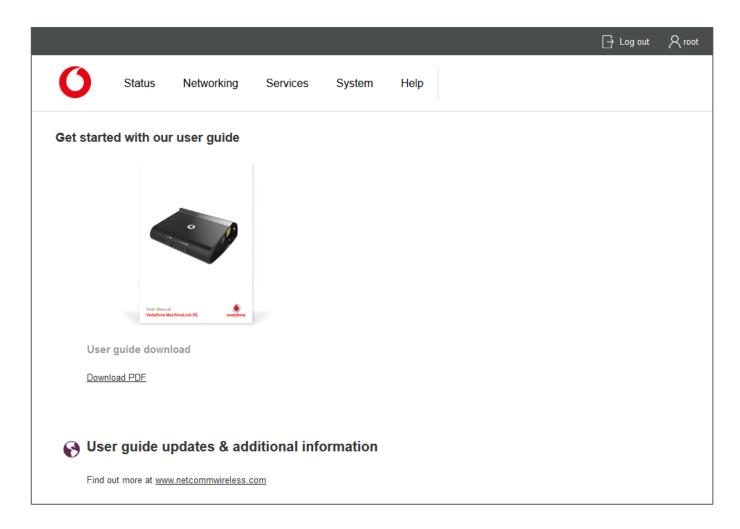
Log out





Help

The Help page displays a link to this document. The document is stored locally on the device as a PDF so that it is available even when the device does not have internet access.







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Appendix B: Default Settings

The following tables list the default settings for the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router.

| LAN (management) | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Static IP Address | 192.168.1.1 | | | |
| Subnet Mask | 255.255.255.0 | | | |
| Default Gateway | 192.168.1.1 | | | |

Table 67 – LAN Management Default Settings

Default root and admin passwords are printed on the label on the bottom of the router and on the back of the Quick Start Guide which came in the box with your device.

Restoring factory default settings

Restoring factory defaults will reset the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to its factory default configuration. You may encounter a situation where you need to restore the factory defaults on your Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router such as:

- You have lost your username and password and are unable to login to the web configuration page;
- You are asked to perform a factory reset by support staff.

There are two methods you can use to restore factory default settings on your Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router:

- Using the web-based user interface
- Using the reset button on the interface panel of the router (if the button is enabled)

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Using the web-based user interface

To restore your router to its factory default settings, please follow these steps:

- Open a browser window and navigate to the IP address of the router (default address is https://192.168.1.1). Login to the router using root as the User Name and admin as the password.
- Click the System item from the top menu bar, then System configuration on the left menu and then click Settings backup and
- 3 Under the Restore factory defaults section, click the Restore defaults button. The router asks you to confirm that you wish to restore factory defaults. Click OK to continue. The router sets all settings to default. Click OK again to reboot the router.
- 4 When the Power light returns to a steady red, the reset is complete. The default settings are now restored.

Using the reset button on the interface panel of the router

If the reset button is enabled, use a pen to depress the Reset button on the device for 15-20 seconds. The router will restore the factory default settings and reboot.

When you have reset your Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router to its default settings you will be able to access the device's configuration web interface using https://192.168.1.1 with username user or root and password admin.

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Appendix C: Recovery mode

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router features two independent operating systems, each with its own file systems. These two systems are referred to as 'Main' and 'Recovery'. It is always possible to use one in order to restore the other in the event that one system becomes damaged or corrupted (such as during a firmware upgrade failure). The recovery console provides limited functionality and is typically used to restore the main firmware image in the case of a problem.

Accessing recovery mode

Both systems have web interfaces that can be used to manipulate the other inactive system. The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router starts up by default in the Main system mode, however the router may be triggered to start in recovery mode if desired.

To start the router in recovery mode:

- If the reset button is enabled, press and hold the physical reset button on the interface panel of the router for 5 to 15 seconds. When the LEDs on the front panel change to amber and countdown in a sequence, release the reset button. The router then boots into recovery mode.
- In your browser, navigate to http://192.168.1.1. The router's recovery mode is hardcoded to use this address regardless of the IP address that was configured in the main system. The router's recovery console is displayed.

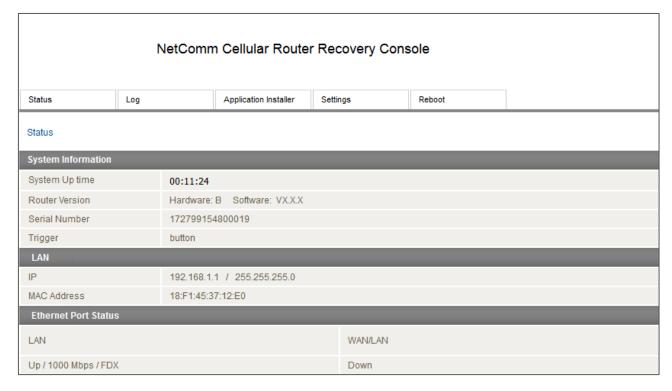


Figure 201 - Recovery console

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Status

The status page provides basic information such as the system up time, hardware and software router versions, the router's serial number, the method used to trigger the recovery mode, the IP and MAC address of the router and the status of the Ethernet port.

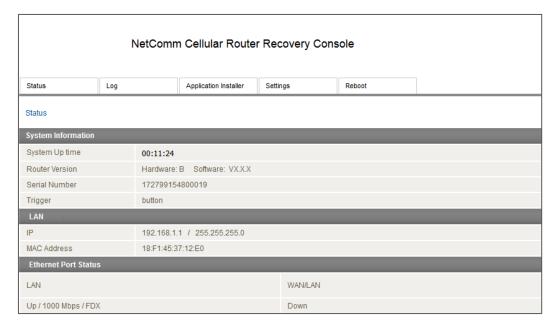


Figure 202 – Recovery mode – Status





Log

The log page displays the system log which is useful in troubleshooting problems which may have led to the router booting up in recovery mode. The only functionality provided here is the ability to clear the system log, filter by log level and downloading of the log file.

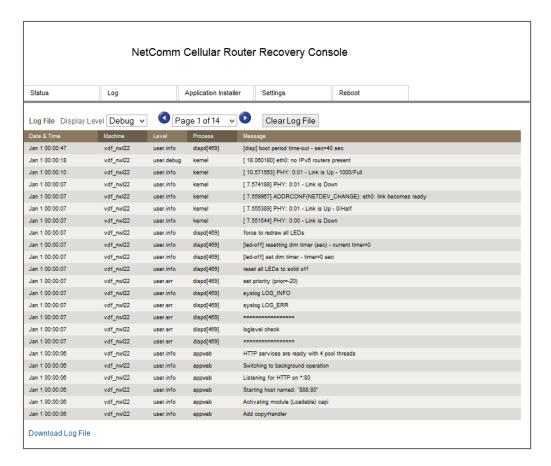


Figure 203 – Recovery mode – Log

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Application installer

The Application installer is designed to upload and install main firmware images, upload recovery firmware images, custom applications and HTTPS certificates. Use the Browse button to select a file to be uploaded to the router. When it has been selected, press the Upload button. The file is sent to the router and when the transfer is complete, the file appears in the Uploaded files list. From the Uploaded files list, you are able to either Install or Delete a file.



Note: The Application Installer page may exhibit incorrect behaviour on Google Chrome™ and Mozilla Firefox when the web interface was previously rendered via HTTPS and has switched to HTTP. This is usually the case when you have rebooted from the Main image into Recovery mode. To work around this issue, clear the router cookies and refresh the page.

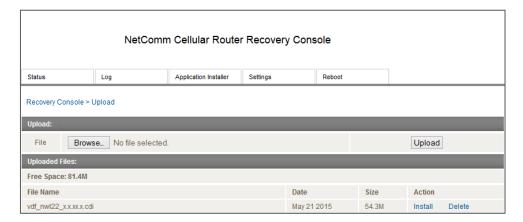


Figure 204 - Recovery mode - Application Installer

Settings

The settings page provides the option of restoring the router to factory default settings. Click the Restore button to set the router back to the original factory settings.

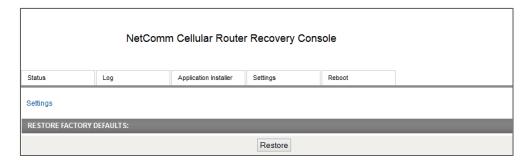


Figure 205 – Recovery mode – Settings

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Reboot

The reboot page allows you to reboot the router when you have finished using recovery mode. When rebooting the router from recovery mode, the router boots into the main firmware image unless there is some fault preventing it from doing so, in which case the recovery console will be loaded.

Click the Reboot button to reboot the router to the main firmware image.



Figure 206 – Recovery mode – Reboot

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Appendix D: HTTPS - Uploading a selfsigned certificate

If you have your own self-signed certificate or one purchased elsewhere and signed by a Certificate Authority, you can upload it to the Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite router using the Upload page.



Note - Your key and certificate files must be named server.key and server.crt respectively otherwise they will not work.

To upload your certificate:

Click on the System item from the top menu bar. From the side menu bar, select System Configuration and then Upload. The file upload screen is displayed.



Figure 207 – Upload page

2 Click the Choose a File button and locate your server certificate file and click Open.



Figure 208 - Browse for server.crt

3 Click the Upload button to begin uploading it to the router. The file appears in the list of files stored on the router.

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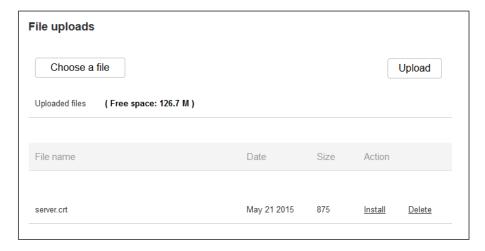


Figure 209 – Server certificate file uploaded

- 4 Repeat steps 2 and 3 for the server key file.
- 5 Click the Install link next to the server.crt file then click OK on the prompt that is displayed. The certificate file is installed. Repeat this for the key file. When each file is installed it is removed from the list of stored files.

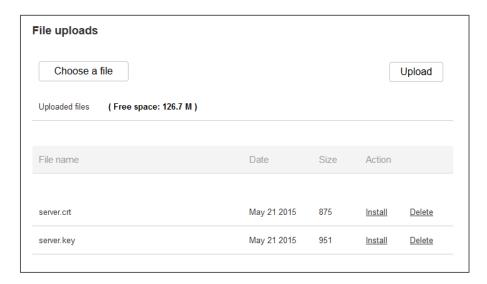


Figure 210 – Installing the server.crt file

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Appendix E: RJ45 connectors

The RJ45 connectors provide an interface for a data connection and for device input power using the pin layout shown below.



Pin 8 Pin 1

Figure 211 -The RJ-45 connector

| Pin | Colour | Signal (10/100) | Signal (1000) |
|-----|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1 | White/Orange stripe | Rx + DC + | +BI_DA |
| 2 | Orange Solid | Rx – DC + | -BI_DA |
| 3 | White/Green stripe | Tx + DC - | +BI_DB |
| 4 | Blue solid | unused | +BI_DC |
| 5 | White/Blue stripe | unused | -BI_DC |
| 6 | Green solid | Tx – DC - | -BI_DB |
| 7 | White/Brown stripe | unused | +BI_DD |
| 8 | Brown solid | unused | -BI_DD |

Table 68 – RJ-45 connector pin outs

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Appendix F: Serial port wiring



Figure 212 – DE9 connector (Pin side view)

The NTC-220 Series router has a serial interface and acts as the data communications equipment (DCE). The wiring tables below indicate the DCE and DTE devices as well as the signal direction.

Shielding cable can optionally be soldered to the chassis and connected to ground.

| DTE Device (Computer) | | | Cianal Divertion | DCE Device (NTC-220 Router) | | |
|-----------------------|------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------|-----|
| PIN | Name | Description | Signal Direction | Description | NAME | PIN |
| 1 | DCD | Data carrier detect | | Data carrier detect | DCD | 1 |
| 2 | RXD | Receive Data | | Receive Data | RXD | 2 |
| 3 | TXD | Transmit Data | | Transmit Data | TXD | 3 |
| 4 | DTR | Data Terminal Ready | | Data Terminal Ready | DTR | 4 |
| 5 | GND | Ground | | Ground | GND | 5 |
| 6 | DSR | Data Set Ready | | Data Set Ready | DSR | 6 |
| 7 | RTS | Request to Send | | Request to Send | RTS | 7 |
| 8 | CTS | Clear to Send | | Clear to Send | CTS | 8 |
| 9 | RI | Ring Indicator | | Ring Indicator | RI | 9 |
| - | FGND | Shield (Soldered to D9 metal shield) | | Shield (Soldered to D9 metal shield) | FGND | - |

Table 69 - RS-232 Wiring

| rs-485 Half Duplex Wiring | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------|------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| PIN | Signal | Name | Description | | | |
| 1 | _ | Α | Differential pair A | | | |
| 2 | + | В | Differential pair B | | | |
| 5 | | GND | Ground | | | |

Table 70 – RS-485 Half Duplex Wiring

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| RS-485 (RS-422) Full Duplex Wiring | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| PIN | Signal | Name | Description | | |
| 1 | _ | RXA | Receive (Differential pair A) | | |
| 2 | + | RXB | Receive (Differential pair B) | | |
| 3 | + | TXB | Transmit (Differential pair B) | | |
| 4 | _ | TXA | Transmit (Differential pair A) | | |
| 5 | | GND | Ground | | |

Table 71 – RS-485 (RS-422) Full Duplex Wiring





Appendix G: Obtaining a list of RDB variables



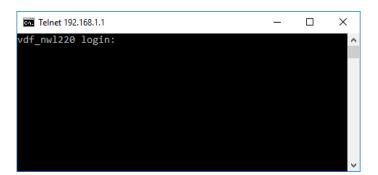
Note - Modifying the RDB can cause your device to malfunction if you are not aware of the specific functions of each variable. Please take care whenever making changes to any RDB variable. These instructions are provided for your information only. Neither NetComm Wireless nor Vodafone shall be liable for any loss that arises from the misuse of this information.

The RDB is a database of variables that contain settings on the router. You can retrieve (get) and set the values of these variables through the command-line or via SMS Diagnostics. To access a full list of the RDB variables, follow these steps:

- 1 Log in to the web user interface as described in the Advanced configuration section of this guide.
- Click the System menu at the top of the screen, then select the Administration menu on the left. Finally, select the Administration settings menu item.
- Click the Enable Telnet toggle key so that it is in the ON position.



- 4 Under the Telnet/SSH account section, enter a telnet password and then re-enter it in the Confirm password field.
- 5 Click the Save button at the bottom of the screen.
- 6 Open a terminal client such as PuTTY and telnet to the router using its IP address.



- 7 At the login prompt, type root and press Enter.
- 8 At the password prompt, enter the password that you configured in step 4.

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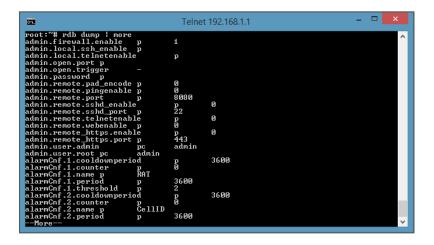
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At the root prompt, enter the command rdb dump $\mbox{\sc I}$ more.

This will display a list of every rdb variable on the router one page at a time:



Note – Omitting the | more parameter will dump a complete list without pagination. For easier access, some terminal clients such as PuTTY have the ability to log all telnet output to a text file.

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Appendix H: Using USB devices

The Vodafone MachineLink 4G Lite Series router features a Micro USB 2.0 OTG port capable of supplying 0.5A to connected devices. The Micro USB port supports both USB storage devices as well as certain USB accessories, including USB-to-Ethernet adapters and USB-to-Serial cables.

Accessing USB storage devices

When a USB storage device is inserted, the router automatically mounts the storage. To access storage devices:

Windows

- Open Windows Explorer.
- In the address bar, type in the network address of the router (\my.router or \\192.168.1.1 by default), and press Enter. The storage devices are labelled Disk A, Disk B or Disk C.

Mac OS

- In Mac OS, open a Finder window.
- 2 Select Go > Connect to Server.
- 3 Enter the server address smb://my.router or smb://192.168.1.1
- 4 Select the volumes you want to mount. Storage devices are labelled Disk A, Disk B or Disk C.

Linux / Smartphones

You can use any Samba client on Linux and Smartphones to access the connected storage devices by navigating to "my.router" or "192.168.1.1" in your chosen Samba client.

Host and Device mode

The USB port automatically detects whether to run in host or device mode. When in host mode, the router automatically mounts USB storage, USB-to-serial and USB-to-Ethernet devices. When in device mode, the router supports Ethernet and serial over USB. It is also possible to configure the USB Ethernet port as a WAN port.

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Appendix I: Inputs/Outputs

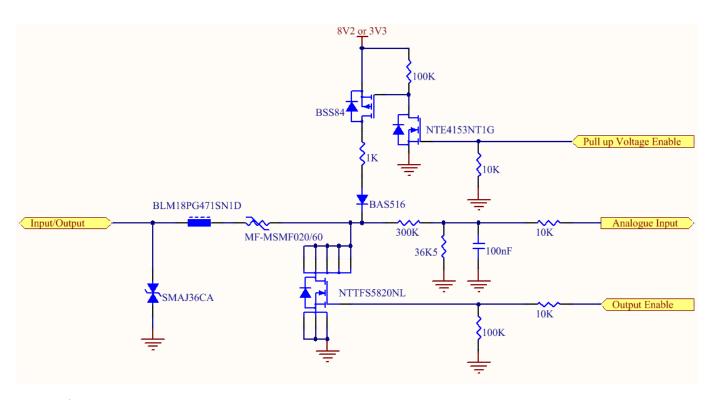
Overview

The MachineLink 4G Lite is equipped with a 6-way terminal block connector providing 3 identical multipurpose inputs and outputs as well as a dedicated ignition input. These inputs and outputs may be independently configured for various functions, including:

- NAMUR (EN 60947-5-6 / IEC 60947-5-6) compatible sensor input
- Proximity sensor input for use with contact closure (open/closed) type of sensors (PIR sensors, door/window sensors for security applications) with the input tamper detection possible (four states detected: open, closed, short and break) by the use of external resistors
- Analogue OV to 30V input
- Digital input (the I/O voltage measured by the Analogue input and the software making a decision about the input state) with the threshold levels configurable in software
- Open collector output.

Hardware Interface

The interface of the 3 multipurpose inputs/outputs are based on the circuit diagram below



The Input/Output label is the physical connection to the outside world. There are protection devices and resistor dividers to condition the signal prior to it going into the processor. The three labels to the right are the interface to the processor. Output Enable activates the Transistor which provides an open collector (ground) output and can sink 200mA at 230C. It is protected by a resettable fuse and transient protection diode. If used with the pull up resistor, which can be activated by the Pull up Voltage Enable pin, then you can have a High or

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Low output rather than open drain. The resistor can be pulled up to 3V3 for Cmos compatible output or 8.2V by software. The Analogue Input pin can read values from 0V to 30V. It is divided by a resistor network to read appropriate levels in the processor. Depending on the sensor type used, the pull up resistor can be switched on or off. If using the NAMUR sensor configuration, the pull up will be activated to 8V2 by default.

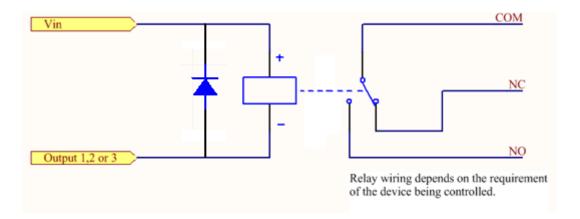
Wiring Examples



Important – NetComm Wireless and Vodafone do not offer any further advice on the external wiring requirements or wiring to particular sensors, and will not be responsible for any damage to the unit or any other device used in conjunction with it. Using outputs to control high voltage equipment can be dangerous. The integrator must be a qualified electrician if dealing with mains voltages controlled by this unit.

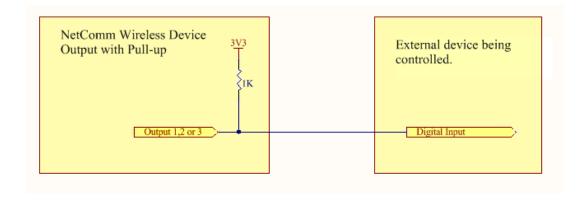
Open Collector Output driving a relay

Any output can be configured to control a relay. This is an example where the transistor will supply the ground terminal of the solenoid. External voltage is supplied to the other side of the solenoid.



Logic level Output

An output can be used with the pull up resistor to provide a logic level output which would be suitable to control an external digital device.



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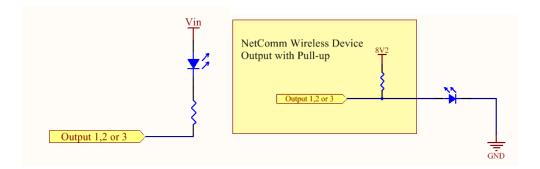
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LED Output

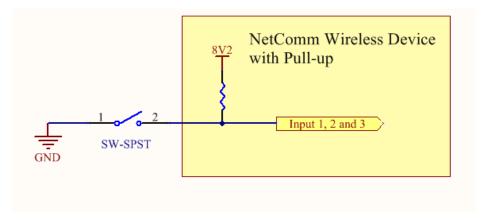
An LED can be controlled by simply providing an open collector ground to an externally powered LED Resistor value and Voltage will need to suit the LED type used. Alternatively, an LED can be powered using 8V2 via 1K resistor. The suitability of the LED will need to be investigated.



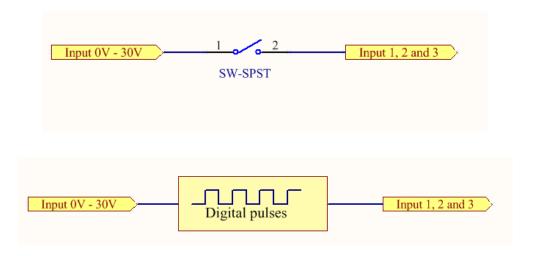
Digital inputs

There are several ways to connect a digital input. A digital input can be anything from a simple switch to a digital waveform or pulses. The unit will read the voltage in as an analogue input and the software will decode it in a certain way depending on your configuration.

Below is a contact closure type input, which is detecting an Earth. Pull up is activated for this to work.



The following input detects an input going high. The turn on/off threshold can be set in the software.



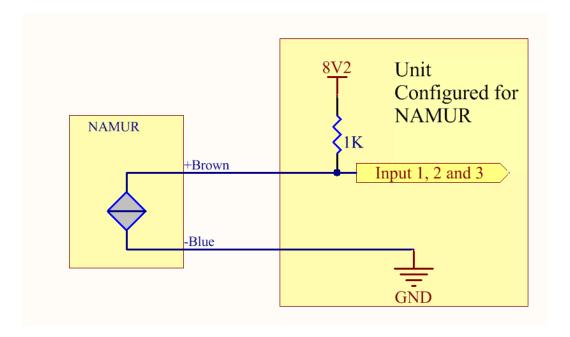
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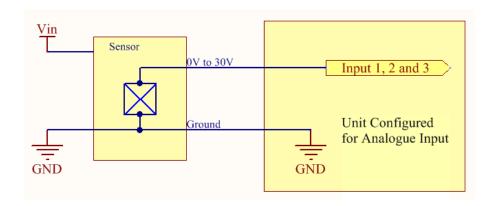
NAMUR Sensor

A NAMUR sensor is a range of sensors which conform to the EN 60947-5-6 / IEC 60947-5-6 standards. They basically have two states which are reflected by the amount of current running through a sense resistor.



Analogue Sensor with Voltage output

There are various analogue sensors that connect directly to the unit which can provide a voltage output. These would require an external power source which may or may not be the same as the unit itself. The voltage range they provide can be between 0V and 30V. Some common sensor output ranges include 0V to 10V. These would work on the unit, The pull up resistor is not activated in this case.



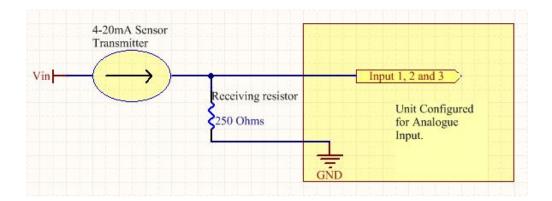
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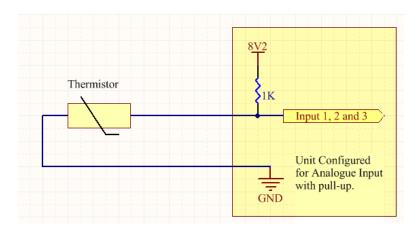
Analogue Sensor with 4 to 20mA output

Another common type of sensor type is the 4-20mA current loop sensor. It provides a known current through a fixed resistor, usually 250 ohms thus producing a voltage of 0v to 5V at the input. The sensor would require an external power source which may or may not be the same as the unit itself. It will also require an external resistor. The internal pull up resistor is not activated.



Analogue Sensor with Thermistor

Some sensors work by changing resistance due to a change, such as temperature, light etc. These may be wired up to an external or internal power source and the resistance can be read into the analogue signal. This will require some software calibration like scaling or offset to map the voltage received to the sensor resistor value. An example below shows the internal pull-up voltage and 1K resistor activated. The voltage received depends on the combination of resistors and the value of the resistance of the sensor itself.



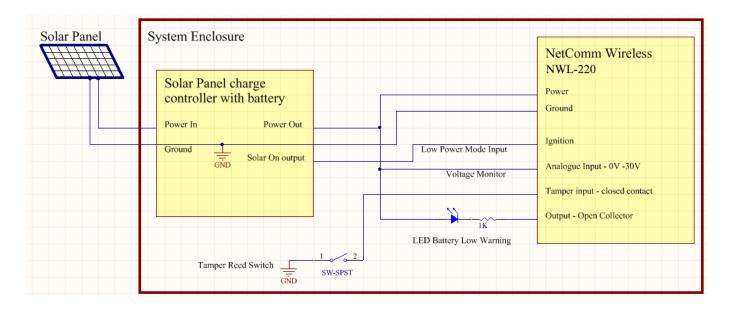
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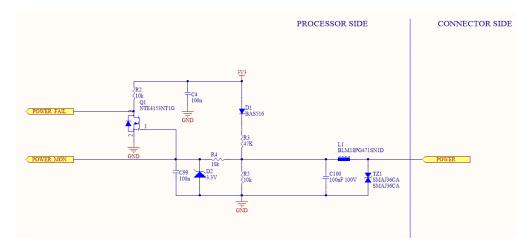


System Example –Solar powered Router with battery backup

The previous examples of wiring can be used to come up with a system. The following test case is an example of how the I/O's can be used to enhance a simple router setup.



Power detection (Ignition) input



The Power detection or Ignition input will detect the presence of three states from the connector side (outside world). It will detect three states, those being High, Low and Unconnected (floating).

The detection uses both analogue and digital inputs to the microprocessor.

This is the "LOW" state:

If input voltage at POWER port is less than 0.5V the transistor Q1 is shut, POWER FAIL is asserted high advising micro that no Backup Power is present on POWER port.

This is the "Floating" state:

If voltage at POWER port is 0.5-3V POWER FAIL signal de-asserts but POWER MON signal can be measured by ADC of micro and advise the system that there is little or no connection to the unit.

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This is the "HIGH" state:

If voltage at POWER port is higher than 3.3V (which normally is an indication of presence of decent power source), the POWER FAIL is still de-asserted, the POWER MON will measure from 3.3V up to whatever voltage is detected. The maximum detection voltage is 30V and clamps to anything above 36V.

The states can be adjusted in software to fine tune the transition points between the states.

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Safety and product care

Electrical safety

Accessories

Only use approved accessories.

Do not connect with incompatible products or accessories.

Connection to a car

Seek professional advice when connecting a device interface to the vehicle electrical system.

Distraction

Operating machinery

Full attention must be given to operating the machinery in order to reduce the risk of an accident.

Driving

Full attention must be given to driving at all times in order to reduce the risk of an accident. Using the device in a vehicle can cause distraction and can lead to an accident. You must comply with local laws and regulations restricting the use of mobile communication devices while driving.

Product handling

You alone are responsible for how you use your device and any consequences of its use.

You must always switch off your device wherever the use of a mobile phone is prohibited. Do not use the device without the clip-on covers attached, and do not remove or change the covers while using the device. Use of your device is subject to safety measures designed to protect users and their environment.

Always treat your device and its accessories with care and keep it in a clean and dust-free place.

Do not expose your device or its accessories to open flames or lit tobacco products.

Do not expose your device or its accessories to liquid, moisture or high humidity.

Do not drop, throw or try to bend your device or its accessories.

Do not use harsh chemicals, cleaning solvents, or aerosols to clean the device or its accessories.

Do not paint your device or its accessories.

Do not attempt to disassemble your device or its accessories, only authorised personnel must do so.





Do not expose your device or its accessories to extreme temperatures. Ensure that the device is installed in an area where the temperature is within the supported operating temperature range:

- Class A: -30°C to +70°C
- Class B: -40°C to +85°C (with possible performance deviation)

Do not use your device in an enclosed environment or where heat dissipation is poor. Prolonged use in such space may cause excessive heat and raise ambient temperature, which will lead to automatic shutdown of your device or the disconnection of the mobile network connection for your safety. To use your device normally again after such shutdown, cool it in a well-ventilated place before turning it on.

Please check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.

Do not operate the device where ventilation is restricted

Installation and configuration should be performed by trained personnel only.

Do not use or install this product near water to avoid fire or shock hazard. Avoid exposing the equipment to rain or damp areas.

Arrange power and Ethernet cables in a manner such that they are not likely to be stepped on or have items placed on them.

Ensure that the voltage and rated current of the power source match the requirements of the device. Do not connect the device to an inappropriate power source.

Small children

Do not leave your device and its accessories within the reach of small children or allow them to play with it.

They could hurt themselves or others, or could accidentally damage the device.

Your device contains small parts with sharp edges that may cause an injury or which could become detached and create a choking hazard.

Demagnetisation

To avoid the risk of demagnetisation, do not allow electronic devices or magnetic media close to your device for a long time.

Avoid other magnetic sources as these may cause the internal magnetometer or other sensors to malfunction and provide incorrect data.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Do not touch the SIM card's metal connectors.

Air Bags

Do not place the device in the area near or over an air bag or in the air bag deployment area

Mount the device safely before driving your vehicle.

Emergency & other situations requiring continuous connectivity

This device, like any wireless device, operates using radio signals, which cannot guarantee connection in all conditions. Therefore, you must never rely solely on any wireless device for emergency communications or otherwise use the device in situations where the interruption of data connectivity could lead to death, personal injury, property damage, data loss, or other loss.

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Device heating

Your device may become warm during normal use.

Faulty and Damaged Products

Do not attempt to disassemble the device or its accessory.

Only qualified personnel should service or repair the device or its accessory.

If your device or its accessory has been submerged in water or other liquid, punctured, or subjected to a severe fall, do not use it until you have taken it to be checked at an authorised service centre

Interference

Care must be taken when using the device in close proximity to personal medical devices, such as pacemakers and hearing aids.

Pacemakers

Pacemaker manufacturers recommend that a minimum separation of 15cm be maintained between a device and a pacemaker to avoid potential interference with the pacemaker.

Hearing aids

People with hearing aids or other cochlear implants may experience interfering noises when using wireless devices or when one is nearby.

The level of interference will depend on the type of hearing device and the distance from the interference source, increasing the separation between them may reduce the interference. You may also consult your hearing aid manufacturer to discuss alternatives.

Medical devices

Please consult your doctor and the device manufacturer to determine if operation of your device may interfere with the operation of your medical device.

Hospitals

Switch off your wireless device when requested to do so in hospitals, clinics or health care facilities. These requests are designed to prevent possible interference with sensitive medical equipment.

Aircraft

Switch off your wireless device whenever you are instructed to do so by airport or airline staff.

Consult the airline staff about the use of wireless devices on board the aircraft, if your device offers a 'flight mode' this must be enabled prior to boarding an aircraft.

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Interference in cars

Please note that because of possible interference to electronic equipment, some vehicle manufacturers forbid the use of devices in their vehicles unless an external antenna is included in the installation.

Explosive environments

Petrol stations and explosive atmospheres

In locations with potentially explosive atmospheres, obey all posted signs to turn off wireless devices such as your device or other radio equipment.

Areas with potentially explosive atmospheres include fuelling areas, below decks on boats, fuel or chemical transfer or storage facilities, areas where the air contains chemicals or particles, such as grain, dust, or metal powders.

Blasting caps and areas

Turn off your device or wireless device when in a blasting area or in areas posted turn off "two-way radios" or "electronic devices" to avoid interfering with blasting operations.

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